THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.

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Library

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL,

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Clubs and Packages.—Weekly—4 copies for $7; 8 copies for $13; 12 copies for $18; 20 copies for $30.

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One square, 10 lines, first insertion $1 00
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Two squares, 20 lines, first insertion 1 50
" " each additional insertion 75
Three squares, 30 lines, first insertion 2 00
" " each additional insertion 1 00
Four squares, 40 lines, first insertion 2 50
" " each additional insertion 1 25
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" " each additional insertion 1 50
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LOUISVILLE JOURNAL,

THIRD STREET, BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND GREEN.

PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE. PROPRIETORS.

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Daily Journal $10—if mailed $8 if paid in advance, or [illegible] 6 months; Country Daily $6; Tri-Weekly $5; [illegible] any period less than one year 50 cents a month; Weekly $2. Evening Bulletin $6; if mailed, $6.

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ADVERTISING—IN DAILY JOURNAL.
1 square (10 lines or less) first insertion $1 00
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IN WEEKLY JOURNAL.
Each square, first insertion $1 00
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☞ For full particulars as to terms of yearly advertising, &c., see first column on first page.

Orders for Job Work received at this office.

LOUISVILLE.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 23, 1859.

☞ The convention of the Opposition of Kentucky met yesterday pursuant to appointment, and, after a magnificent day's-work, adjourned to 9 o'clock this morning. The very late hour at which we write of course precludes anything further than the briefest allusion to its action, yet we must at all hazards dwell for an instant on a single feature of the proceedings which will be found in rounded fullness elsewhere in our paper to-day.

The convention's nomination of Joshua F. Bell for the office of Governor is all things considered unquestionably the highest and most significant compliment ever paid to a citizen in Kentucky, not excepting the idolized and immortal Clay.

The convention, in the first place, was immense in numbers, and complete in representation, consisting of not less than two thousand delegates, in fair proportion from every section of the State. It was a perfect and grand embodiment of the idea of a convention.

In the second place, the convention was unequaled in point of character and of intellect. In this respect we confess it surpassed any popular body of equal size that we ever beheld. It was superlative. No other State in the Union, no other part of the world, not Kentucky herself, could possibly exceed it. It was strictly a convention of statesmen. A capable observer could easily have selected from the assemblage a council of three hundred or of six hundred men fit in all respects to govern an empire. In ability and in dignity the convention was not only an honor to Kentucky but an ornament to the republic.

In the third place, everybody knows that Mr. Bell, so far from seeking the nomination, receded from it sincerely and by might and main. Indeed, so earnest, frequent, and emphatic had Mr. B.'s disclaimers been that the representative of one delegation asked and for a moment insisted on some assurance that he would accept the honor if the convention thrust it upon him.

The convention itself however promptly supplied this assurance; for, finally, after that sort of exciting murmur which indicates the summoning of a cherished and unconquerable resolve, the nomination was conferred upon him by acclamation, and the joyous, triumphant acclaim surmounted by cheers upon cheers, the whole vast and distinguished assembly joining vehemently in the deafening applause.

It was a glorious and exulting moment for the convention and a proud one for Joshua F. Bell. Rarely in the walks of civil life does such a moment come to the most fortunate of the gifted and the great. It was a proud moment for him, but, proud as it was, a still prouder one awaits him next August, when he will plant the radiant standard which the conservatives of Kentucky now place in his hand in triumph on the capitol of the State which his eloquence will have redeemed and disenthralled.

Of the remaining names on the ticket adopted by the convention, we have at present time and space to say only a word. The entire ticket is a strong and splendid one. There is nothing weak or dim about it.

Alfred Allen, of Breckinridge, the nominee for the Lieutenant-Governorship, is one of the most whole-souled and high-souled men in the world, a happy and effective speaker, and a perfectly resistless electioneerer. He is invincible on the stump and off of it. No Democrat who comes in contact with Alfred Allen need steel his heart; Allen will steal it for him.

James Harlan is a lawyer of national repute and a statesman without stain or blemish. The Union does not hold a sounder or a truer man. Like the unimpeached and unimpeachable nominee for the Auditorship and for the Presidency of the Board of Internal Improvements, he is the present incumbent of the office for which the convention has designated him, and, together with his brother incumbents, richly deserves and will certainly receive the honor of a re-election.

John B. Herndon, of Mason, is well known throughout a large section of the State, and will be equally well-known in the rest of it before the present canvass ends. He can't be well-known without being triumphant. He is one of that peculiar sort of candidates whom to know is to vote for and elect.

William F. Evans, of Barren, the candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, is a cultivated and enlightened man, an early, consistent, and unwavering friend of our Common School System, and a most energetic and approved administrator of public trusts. He is distinguished especially for fidelity and purity of character, qualities as rare in aspirants for office as they are precious wherever found.

Dougherty R. White, of Clay, the nominee for the office of Treasurer, is able, honest, and intelligent. His integrity is altogether spotless.

The ticket, as a glance will suffice to show, is powerful in itself. It is not less powerful in the entire and cordial harmony with which it was presented and adopted. Every nomination was unanimous on the first ballot. The Convention eclipsed all other conventions ever held in Kentucky almost as greatly in the fine disinterested enthusiastic spirit of unity which pervaded it as in its size, talents and respectability. But we cannot extend these running comments further.

The Address and Platform put forth by the convention will be found in another part of this morning's Journal. They are both impregnable, and were adopted with the thrilling unanimity which marked the entire proceedings of the convention. We shall refer to them at length hereafter.

THE PRESIDENT AND CUBA.—A Washington letter-writer relates the following:

I have good reason to believe that while the President reports to Congress that he has no official correspondence tending to show the possibility of acquiring Cuba by purchase, he is privately endeavoring to have it understood that he has private information to the effect that there is very good reason to anticipate the successful negotiation of a treaty to that end.

The story circulating is that the President has in his possession the names of quite a number of members of the Spanish Cortes—some of them gentlemen of great influence—who favor the sale of Cuba as a wise measure of Spanish policy, and are quite desirous that the subject should be discussed in the United States, with a view to having arrangements presented which shall give them a basis to stand upon in breaking ground in behalf of the sale.

How the President became possessed of such information at this, provided it be reliable, it is difficult to conceive. Probably there is nothing of it, more than the speculations of our accomplished and astute Minister at Madrid—the Hon. Augustus Caesar Dodge.

We learn from the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, that, when Mr. Buchanan was American Minister at the Court of St. James, he received from some Spanish resident at London a document relating to the acquisition of Cuba by the United States. This paper was handed by him to an American gentleman who was conversant with the Spanish language for translation. It was found to be a proposition on the part of the Spanish emissary or plotter to set on foot an intrigue with the Carlists in Spain, with a view of bringing that despicable faction into power. In consideration of the assistance which the United States might offer this project, it was assumed by the writer that the new Ministry thus brought in would consent to the cession of Cuba. A few million dollars spent in Spain and Cuba, in helping the already debauched Carlists were to be repaid by the much coveted prize of the "Pearl of the Antilles." This absurd proposition, which appeared to strike the venerable Minister quite favorably, has probably continued to revolve in his mind ever since it first found a lodgment there, and his request for thirty millions to negotiate was doubtless founded upon this cherished scheme of corrupting Spanish officials and bringing about a change of Ministry in Her Catholic Majesty's Government. That it is as absurd as it is corrupt and shameless, we need not say.

Some seem eager to take Cuba by force; but why be in a hurry? Cuba will come here of soon enough, if we let her alone. We needed Louisiana more than we now need Cuba. We might have gone to war for it, but we waited, and it came at a cheap rate, without war. We needed Florida, and might have gone to war for that, but patience made the acquisition without war. We had a war about Texas, after waiting a long time; but the war was the fault of ours. The time will come when Cuba will fall to the United States. It will be our own fault if it does not. Let manifest destiny alone: it will do its work well, and its steps cannot be hastened.—*Democrat.*

There is a pretty fair sprinkling of truth in this. But, oh, how it contrasts with what the same writer said of Cuba during the Taylor and Fillmore Administrations! *Then* he was for having the island taken at once by force. He complained, that, under its existing government, it was a stench in the nostrils of the United States. He insisted that Spain, if permitted to retain it even for a year, should not be allowed to leave it right under our noses but required to scull it away into some distant part of the Atlantic or Pacific.

☞ The late fight between two Indiana Senators, Heffren and Gooding, upon the floor of the Indiana Senate chamber, was a very contemptible affair. It seems they had been contemplating the fight for several weeks and preparing for it. If they hadn't been a couple of cowards, they would have come together on the street or in some back-yard, instead of seeking their encounter in the midst of a crowded hall, where they knew they could not fail to create a terrible turmoil and get themselves separated before the occurrence of any serious damage.

☞ The N. Y. Journal of Commerce, an Administration organ, thinks the present condition of the public treasury exceedingly encouraging to good morals. It congratulates the nation that official stealing is for a time at an end, there being nothing more to steal. We guess however that, even if they can't steal out of the treasury, they will do a large stealing business outside of it, and that, if they can find nothing anywhere to steal, the Eighth Commandment will be the only one of the ten that they will keep.

☞ The New Orleans papers complain that the bars at the mouth of the Mississippi are becoming a more formidable obstruction than ever. We guess New Orleans will have to let them down.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 23, 1859, 1 A. M.

See Reading Matter on First Page.

☞ See fourth page for delinquent tax list.

FATAL TERMINATION OF THE ACCIDENT AT LEBANON.—The young lady at Lebanon whose sad case we mentioned in our last issue, we are pained to learn, died yesterday morning at one o'clock. The youth, beauty, and high social position of Miss Shuck adds a peculiar sadness to this distressing accident. Just at the moment when she was to take the arm of him who was to be her guide and kind protector through life, the hand of death intervened and made her the bride of the tomb.

The particulars are as follows: The wedding was to have taken place at 11 o'clock on Monday morning and the happy company to have started to this city on the evening train. Just a few moments before the time for the ceremony, Mr. Thomas, the bridegroom, swung open the door of the chamber where he was alone with the bride, and the wind made by the movement blew her veil into the fireplace. Of course she was instantly enveloped in the flames. Mr. Thomas was so bewildered that he could render little or no assistance. The screams of the sufferer brought her father, sister, and several other persons to the top of the stairs, where she had gone in her excitement. Water and other means were used to extinguish the fire, but before it could be done she was dreadfully burned. After her wounds were dressed the ceremony was performed—but alas, the wedding and funeral were near together. She lingered in great suffering until Wednesday morning at one o'clock.

Her mother and sister are perfectly prostrated, and it is feared they may die. The whole community is in gloom.

Mr. John Shuck, the father of the deceased, is one of the most prominent lawyers in the central portion of the State. Mr. Thomas is also a young lawyer of fine promise. His agony of mind is intense.

☞ There was a very respectable attendance at the Masonic Temple on Monday night, to witness Dr. Stone's astonishing exhibitions of the mesmeric phenomena, and the announcement that he would repeat his experiments one night more was received by the audience with marked satisfaction. Our readers will not have occasion to regret it they go to Masonic Temple, to-morrow night. The Doctor's class meets to-night we understand. A large number have already applied for instructions in this strange science.

PICCOLOMINI.—On Friday next, the 25th inst., the most beautiful and one of the most eminent of living vocalists makes her *debut* in this city. We can fancy the fluttering which the announcement has already caused in the hearts of our numerous readers. Beauty, fashion, elegance, will alike combine to greet her, and we may safely predict a degree of excitement unparalleled since the visit of Jenny Lind. In Italy, France, England, Ireland, and Scotland, her career has been a complete succession of triumphs. Her great art is her extreme naturalness, or, as pointed out by the brilliant *feuilletoniste* of La Constitutionel, who pronounces the distinguishing characteristic of M'lle. Piccolomini to be "soul, soul, soul!" from which he infers: "Thence her real success; thence her real power, and thence the incontestable influence she exercises over the public."

It is unnecessary to remind our readers that the sale of seats commences this (Wednesday) morning at D. P. Faulds & Co.'s music store, Main street.

THE HOME CONCERT.—We are assured by those informed that the success of the concert to be given for the benefit of St. John's Church by amateurs of this city is now beyond a matter of doubt, as many of our most delightful vocalists and performers have volunteered to aid in a cause so worthy of assistance, and many who otherwise could not be induced to appear have most cordially consented to do so. When the ladies' hearts and voices are enlisted in anything there cannot be a failure. Thursday, March 3d, has been selected as the evening for the concert at Masonic Temple.

☞ Prof. Brittan, who astonished his audience on Saturday night last by the presentation of new psychological wonders, at the Masonic Temple, will give another public seance at that place to-night. The Professor's experiments were new to Louisville audience and startling as revelations of mental power. He dispatched his thoughts to his subjects *without speech* and sometimes without physical contact; and with a glass of magnetic water caused a lady to sleep so soundly that neither the thunder storm that was raging outside nor the repeated discharges from a revolver—held directly over her head—disturbed a single nerve in her body. This will probably be the last lecture on the subject this week. The Professor has his private rooms at the National, where he may be consulted during the day. See advertisement in another column.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS.—*Tuesday, February 22.*—Robert Harrison, f. m. c., attempting to commit a rape on Kate Kertick. Committed to answer.

Sarah Ryan, Henry Tree, Elizabeth Catlin, David Martin, Mary Quinn, Lucy Hamilton (f. w. c.), James Whalan, and Charles Miller, drunk and disorderly conduct. Catlin gave bail. Martin was discharged, Miller's own bond was taken, and all others were sent to the workhouse in default of giving bail.

Two peace warrants, Lena Devan vs. Kate Younger, were dismissed at defendant's costs.

☞ Mr. Spencer requests us to say that in addition to his sale of harness, hardware, dry goods and other articles advertised for to-day, he will also sell a lot of shoes, pocket-cutlery, grind-stone rollers and cranks.

☞ Capt. Watkins' company fired thirteen guns yesterday morning, and thirty-three at noon, in honor of the birth-day of Washington, and fourteen tremendous ones at half-past four, P. M., in honor of the ticket nominated by the Opposition Convention.

WEATHER REPORT.
FEBRUARY 22, 1859.

BAROMETER.			THERMOMETER.			
7 A. M.	3 P. M.	9 P. M.	7 A. M.	3 P. M.	9 P. M.	Mean
29.69	29.66	29.66	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

WIND.			DEW POINT.	REL. HUMIDITY.
7 A. M.	3 P. M.	9 P. M.	3 P. M.	3 P. M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

REMARKS.—Sky nearly overcast throughout the day.

RIVER AND STEAMBOAT MATTERS.

Contrary to expectations the river still continued to rise yesterday, at the rate of half an inch per hour. At Pittsburg it is falling rapidly, but the flatboats from above report the Kanawha, Big Sandy, Sciota, and Muskingum still rising rapidly.

The weather yesterday was beautiful. Boats encountered much difficulty in finding a landing. The J. B. Ford came in from Wheeling. We saw the Captain out prospecting where to find a place to discharge his freight.

The Pacific came in about 1 o'clock, and found a first rate landing at the foot of Eighth street, where she is discharging and receiving her freight. The H. Bridges and Tishomingo found landing near Tenth street.

The John Raine and Woodford left for New Orleans last evening. The latter only arrived night before last, but owing to her difficulty of landing she left almost light.

The Pacific for New Orleans.—This magnificent steamer will leave for New Orleans this evening from the foot of Eighth street. Her accommodations are of the first order. Capt. McGill and the clerks, Messrs. Halliday and Carroll, are gentlemen with whom it is a pleasure to travel. They devote every attention to passengers and see them well provided for. We are indebted to them for the usual favors.

The good steamer Antelope, Captain Brown, Mr. Sage clerk, will leave for New Orleans at noon to-day.

The Southerner for Memphis.—This steamer is so great a favorite with travelers that the mere announcement will suffice to secure all the travel to points for which she is destined. Capt. Triplett, a courteous officer, commands, and Messrs. Archer and McMichael, both very popular, are the clerks. We thank them for late papers forwarded by rail from Cairo.

H. Bridges.—This steamer, notwithstanding fogs, storms, and the heavy rise, is making her trips with great punctuality. She will leave from the foot of Tenth street this evening for Bowling Green.

The Tishomingo.—Capt. Stran has resigned the command of this steamer and Capt. Hamilton succeeds him. The T. will leave for Henderson at the usual hour this evening. Her clerk, Mr. Bushnell, has our thanks for the manifest.

Ho, for the East.—The nonpareil Jacob Strader, Capt. Dittman, is the Cincinnati mailboat to-day. She is the very perfection of a steamboat and Dr. Darning and Messrs. Topping and Gaugh are model clerks.

☞ Mr. George L. Myles requests us to say to holders of Hardin county bonds, who prefer having the coupons paid to them in this city instead of in New York, where they are payable, that he will be in this city about the 20th of March. They can be left with Mr. William F. Card, No. 421 Main street, where Mr. Myles will call for that purpose.

The most serious interruption, though happily unattended by permanent injury to rolling stock or permanent way, has been to the traffic of the Ohio & Mississippi and Indianapolis & Cincinnati roads—the latter having the joint use of the track of the former between Lawrenceburg and this city, which is the portion interfered with by the flood.

The steamer Superior was chartered on yesterday by the Ohio & Mississippi Co. to run between Cincinnati, Lawrenceburg, and Aurora, so that there will hereafter be entire regularity in the arrivals and departures of freight and passengers on the Indianapolis and the St. Louis roads.

The trestle-work and embankment of the O & M have sustained no injury that cannot be repaired in less than a week's time after the waters have subsided.

LATER FROM YUCATAN.—*War of Races continued. Abolition of the Duties on Corn.*—From the steamship Mexico, at Havana from Sisal, via Vera Cruz, we have several days later advices from Yucatan, than those brought by the Tennessee to the 20th ult., from Merida. The refusal of the Indians to accept the proffered amnesty is confirmed. The whole of the Department of Tizimin had been invaded by them anew, and the white race threatened in turn with extermination.

The Government has, therefore, resolved to prosecute the war to the end. A proclamation has been issued to that effect. The people have been called to arms, where organizations exist; and elsewhere, as on the frontiers, ever liable to be overrun, arms have been distributed to the inhabitants. The war is threatened now to be one of extermination to the whole Indian race.

This strange and inhuman war will, of course, as the first result, put an end to agricultural pursuits throughout this unhappy peninsula, and it is probable that it is because the Governor has, by a special decree, dated January the 21st abolished "all duties whatever, municipal as well as national, on foreign corn imported into the State by the port of Sisal, for the space of four months, counting from the date of the decree."

Also, "all vessels, national as well as foreign, bringing corn into the State, shall be free of tonnage dues (for the time specified), provided they have, at the least, 150 tons of corn, of 19 quintals each (1,900lbs.) on board."

☞ We have received from a distinguished member of Congress this telegraphic despatch: "The Crittenden and Seward Coalition, stated by Teddy, to the Courier, is false." We certainly knew that it was false when we read it, but did not think it worth contradicting.

[Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Commercial.]

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 21.

The Indian war has recommenced in North California. Gen. Kibbe with 14 men was attacked near Humboldt river by 150 Indian warriors. The latter were repulsed with the loss of 20 killed and 13 squaws and children made prisoners.

Of the volunteers under Kibbe, 2 were wounded: John Houck in the head and body and Samuel Everlander in both thighs.

A second engagement followed a day afterwards, in which Calvin Guan was dangerously wounded and the Indians again routed. Chu Pen Tem, their most noted chief, was among the killed. Over 100 Indian prisoners from the Humboldt country had been marched to Lnontown by Capt. Messick.

Charles Reed, a survivor of the Central American disaster, was burned to death in his cabin in Grass Valley.

Capt. Russell, who was shot by Gilman at the ball at the Sansome Hotel, was dead.

Col. Swords has reported the expenses of the Quartermaster's debt for the late Oregon war at $240,000.

A heavy shock of an earthquake had been experienced in Northern California.

The steamship Pacific bound for the North, struck a sunken rock and put back to San Francisco leaking.

Fred McGowan had been arrested at Fort Yale, by a force landed by the British war steamer Plumper. Gen. Harney had concurred with the Legislature of Washington Territory in recommending the establishment of a route from Fort Walla Walla to the Missouri river.

The people of Mariposa were disposed to pay Colonel Fremont a reasonable price for titles.

Joseph Walker, a Mountaineer, had come into Los Angelus and reported that fifteen men had been cut off on the Colorado, by the Mohave Indians; they are believed to have been a party of men from Albuquerque. The Gila miners are doing well, although the cost of living is untenasonably high. A party of fifty or sixty men is forming to go on a prospecting tour to the White Mountains. Two men, named George and Buchanan, killed each other at Fort Yuma.

LOUISVILLE DENTAL DEPOT.
Family Drug and Prescription Store,
Mozart Hall, corner Fourth and Jefferson
S. F. DAWES, Proprietor.
jan 13daw1amif

FOR SALE.
BEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL at the lowest market price, also BLACK BOTTOM COAL at much lower rates by
J. N. KELLOGG, Agent,
b24 dalf Next corner Third and Main sts.

CAUTION!
Read Carefully.
THE GENUINE HIGHLY CONCENTRATED BŒRHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS IS PUT UP IN HALF PINT BOTTLES ONLY AND RETAILED AT ONE DOLLAR FOR SINGLE BOTTLES. THE GREAT DEMAND FOR THIS TRULY CELEBRATED MEDICINE HAS INDUCED MANY IMITATIONS WHICH THE PUBLIC SHOULD GUARD AGAINST PURCHASING.
ASK FOR
BŒRHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS,
MANUFACTURED BY
BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO.,
Of Pittsburg, Pa.,
And see that their name is on the label of every bottle.
BENJAMIN PAGE, JR., & CO.,
Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists, Pittsburg, Pa.
WILSON & STARBIRD,
apr2 deod&weowly Wholesale Agents, Louisville.

RUPTURE.
MARSH'S NEW PATENT.
The only Truss that will perfect a permanent cure—will cure a large portion of all reducible Hernia or Rupture, when rightly applied and directions followed. We have the privilege of referring to Professors Valentine Mott and Willard Parker, of New York, and Professor R. D. Mussy, Geo. B. Blackman, J. P. Judkins, Dr. W. H. Mussey, and other surgeons of Cincinnati. We also have the privilege of referring to many persons residing in Cincinnati, as well as in New York, who have been cured by the use of this Truss.
Trusses and Shoulder Braces on hand or made to order.
MARSH & CO., New York.

SHOULDER BRACES.
MARSH'S new style, which are perfectly elastic, giving free action to the muscles, and will not cut under the arms.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS,
Which are worn with much comfort, having shape and pressure graduated to suit the case.
A new style of Suspensory Bandage, for treatment of Varicocele, Hydrocele, &c. Instruments for treatment of Bow Legs, Club Feet, Curvature of Spine, and all other physical deformities.
All kinds of Supporters and Trusses on hand and for sale by S. F. DAWES, under Mozart Hall.
[illegible] deod&wif

SEEDS.
500 BUSHELS prime Clover;
1,000 bushels do Timothy;
1,000 do Blue Grass;
1,000 do Orchard Grass;
300 do Redtop or Herds Grass;
200 do Millet;
200 do Hungarian Grass
100 do Hemp;
300 do Top Onions;
1,000 pound White Dutch Clover;
200 do Lucerne;
5,000 do best Peruvian Guano;
100,000 papers fresh Garden Seed
For sale by [illegible] PITKIN & BROTHERS.

Advertisement Extraordinary
IN DE FACTO.
THE subscriber has received, in addition to his already large and complete assortment of the following articles, to which he would invite the attention of the public, and especially the Ladies:
LUBIN'S GENUINE EXTRACTS
OF
JOCKEY CLUB, FRANGIPANNI,
PATCHOULY, JESSAMINE QUICK,
VERBENA, NEW MOWN HAY,
JESSAMINE, MUSK,
JENNY LIND, MILLE FLEURS,
[illegible] ORIENTAL DROPS
GARDEN FLOWERS.
Also, Louis Roney Soap, Glycerine ditto, Hunter's Glycerine, Le Transparent in Bars, Crystaline Wash Balls, Louis' old Brown Windsor, Jules Hauel's Barber, and Burnett's Cocoaine or Cocoa Nut oil for the Hair, &c. S. B. Burnett's Jackson's PECTORAL SYRUP for Coughs, Colds, &c., a most excellent remedy. Price 25 cents. Just received and for sale by
W. H. YOUNG,
f 23 dl Southeast corner of Sixth and Chestnut sts.

For Rent.
THE DWELLING HOUSE now occupied by the subscriber, on Second street, between Chestnut and Broadway. Will be rented for balance of unexpired lease. Also, Furniture for sale.
WM. M. WARD,
At Ward & Lary's,
f 22 dl Main st., between First and Second.

Wanted to Hire,
I WISH to hire for the balance of the year a middle-aged NEGRO WOMAN, without any incumbrance, to go into the country to cook and wash for a small family. Inquire at the Capitol Restaurant, corner of Third and Green streets. f 23 d3

NOTICE.
AN election will be held by the stockholders of the Louisville Savings Institution on Saturday, March 5, 1859, at its office, to elect nine Director, to serve as such for the ensuing twelve months. J. H. RHOELE, Treasurer.
Courier copy f 23 d

Farm for Sale
WISHING to remove West, I will sell my Farm, consisting of 400 acres, situated in Anderson county, Ky., eight miles northwest of Lawrenceburg, and two miles from the turnpike. There is a good hewed log dwelling with all necessary out-buildings, and good barn, with sheds sufficient for feeding 50 mules, a good orchard of choice fruit, a stream of water running through the place, and several springs that never fail, between 200 and 300 acres in cultivation and well set in grass. Any person wishing to purchase a good stock farm cannot do better perhaps, in the State. Price $15 per acre. Address DANIEL D. WILSON,
123 d2&w3* Rough and Ready, Anderson Co., Ky.

Wanted,
A NEGRO BOY or MAN—competent Dining-room servant. Apply to
J. P. THOMPSON,
f 21 d4 No. 76 Fourth street.

NOTICE.
I HAVE this day associated with me Mr. Israel B. Alford in the Liquor business.
R. A. SHRADER,
Late of the firm of R. A. Shrader & Co.
The firm will hereafter be conducted at the old stand, 607 Market street, north side, between Brook and Floyd, under the name and style of Shrader & Alford.
R. A. SHRADER.
Feb. 16, 1859. f 21 dd I. B. ALFORD.

SHRADER & ALFORD,
Liquor Merchants,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Whisky, Brandy, Wines, &c., &c.,
No. 607 Market st., above Brook, north side,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
In store and for sale—
210 bbls old Copper Whisky;
75 do do Bourbon do;
100 do do Monongahela Whisky
100 do do Common do
20 do old Apple Brandy 4 years old;
50 qr casks imported do.
50 bbls Domestic do
5 pipes Holland Gin,
10 qr casks imported Port Wine;
10 bbls Madeira Wine;
12 do Ginger do
Also a general assortment of Liquors, Wines, Cigars, Tobacco, &c. f 21 dl

Kanawha Salt.
5,000 BBLS of that "Extra" Salt, in prime cooperage, in store and for sale by
BARKSLEY CARTER,
f 23 j&bdlm Kanawha Salt Agent, Third street.

COLLIS ORMSBY,
506 Main street.
Hardware and Cutlery.
WE are now in receipt of our heavy Spring Stock of Hardware and Cutlery—a better assortment cannot be found in the West—to which we call the attention of Merchants and Builders consisting in part as follows:
5,000 gross Gimblet Screws;
200 dozen Locks;
500 do Hinges;
200 gross Table Cutlery;
50 dozen Pocket Knives;
500 do Butchers' Files and Rasps
200 do Axes, various brands;
20 casks Trace and Log Chains;
10 do American Hoes
3 do Armitage & Wright Anvils;
50 dozen Brass and Tapped Candlesticks;
20 dozen Platform and Counter Scales;
100 Railroad Wheelbarrows.
COLLIS ORMSBY,
f 23 Opposite the National Hotel.

RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.—
100 Railroad Barrows;
50 dozen Railroad Shovels;
5 do do Crowbars;
5 do do Picks;
10 do do Sledges and Hammers;
For sale low by COLLIS ORMSBY,
f 23 506 Main street.

BLACKSMITHS.—
50 Armitage & Wright's Anvils;
20 warranted Bellows;
20 do Solid Box Vises;
Sledges, Hand Hammers, Stocks and Dies, Farriers' Knives, Rasps, and Files. All for sale low by
f 23 COLLIS ORMSBY.

BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS.—Mortice and Tenon Machines, Hatchets and Hand Axes, Adzes, Planes, Squares, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Latches, Saws, Files, Bench Screws, Clamps, Brads and Finish Nails, of superior quality, and for sale low by
f 23 COLLIS ORMSBY.

CIRCULAR SAWS AND MANDRILLS.—Disston's superior Circular Saws with Mandrill—for sale by
f 23 COLLIS ORMSBY

CLOVER SEED.—75 bags prime Clover Seed;
60 bbls do do do;
In store and for sale by JNO. F. HOWARD,
f 24 Main, between Third and Fourth streets.

STARCH.—100 boxes Wood's Starch on consignment and for sale by GARDNER & CO.,
f 23 Main street.

MOLASSES.—50 bbls prime Plantation;
50 hf bbls do do;
Landing from steamer Woodford and for sale by
f 24 JNO. R. ALLEN.

SUGAR.—100 hhds prime Sugar landing from steamer Woodford and for sale by
f 24 JNO. R. ALLEN

STRANGERS visiting the city will find an excellent stock of Ready made Clothing for men's and youths' wear always at J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,
f 23 Corner Fourth and Main sts.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
PEORIA MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PEORIA, ILLINOIS.
FEBRUARY 1, 1859.

Amount of its Capital Stock	$300,000
paid up	100,000

THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE

Cash on hand and in the hands of agents	$29,005 90
Real Estate unencumbered	8,314 00
Bonds owned by the Company drawing 10 per cent	22,700 00
Loans secured by mortgage of real estate, worth double the amount loaned thereon, drawing 12 per cent interest	113,043 71
All other securities, consisting of discounted bills, notes, drafts, and acceptances maturing daily having from eight to ninety days from date to run drawing 12 per cent interest	178,291 63
Total assets	$352,556 24

LIABILITIES.

Amount due or not due to Banks or other creditors	$3,500
Losses adjusted and due	none
Losses adjusted and not due	none
Losses unadjusted	none
Losses in suspense and waiting further proof	2,800
All other claims against the company	none

ISAAC UNDERHILL, President.
CHAS. HOLLAND, Secretary.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I CALL attention to the notice of the Peoria Insurance Company from the Chicago Daily Press and Tribune, which notice was voluntary on the part of the editors, who know what they say to be true. Such evidence must put to blush the petty malice aimed at the Peoria Insurance Company by some malicious slanderers of our city. The Company has a paid capital of $300,000, and a surplus of $52,000. This surely is a sufficient guarantee to all who will insure. Its business is very large and reliable. Reference to the only loss in Louisville for the last 12 months in the card of Wm. Musselman. I hereby invite those who want insurance to give me a call. The agency is not under the control of the underwriters of this city, but free and untrammeled. Risks taken on my own judgment, and if any loss occurs it will be paid promptly. Marine policies issued and ten per cent premium retained on all insurance, to be settled by note every six months.

JOHN B. McILVAINE,
Agent of the Peoria Fire and Marine Ins. Co.
At the office of J. B. McIlvaine & Son, No. 432 Main st., one door below Seventh.
Louisville, February 21, 1859.

A CARD.

OUR tobacco factory was very near being destroyed by fire on the night of the 7th of January, on Main, near Ninth street. The roof being partially burned, our boxes under press were removed to the street, and were partially damaged by the water and rough handling of the boxes. Mr. J. B. McIlvane, the agent of the Peoria Insurance Company, came very promptly and ordered the roof to be repaired, &c. Arbitrators were mutually chosen, the damages satisfactorily arranged, and he has this day paid the damages in full, allowing claims for labor to protecting the house from the flames, and for removing the stock out and back into the house. And with promptitude on the part of the agent and on the part of the company in paying losses, I hope to see the Peoria office succeed to a good share of business in our city. WILLIAM MUSSELMAN.
Louisville, January 29, 1859.

[From the Chicago Daily Free Press and Tribune, Feb. 12th, 1859.]

THE PEORIA MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. It is with pride and pleasure that we ask the attention of our readers to the statement of this company on our columns this morning. It is the first detailed exhibit of the condition of any home company that we have ever seen, and compares most favorably with the statements of the best Eastern companies. Such an array of assets amounting in all to $352,556 24, shows most conclusively that we have a company in our own State as sound and as well managed as any other, no matter where located. As it regards the promptness and liberality in the settlement of its losses, no company has a better reputation. The Peoria Company is doing business in most of the Western and Southern States, including Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana, Missouri, and Kentucky, where it is obliged to file an annual statement of its condition and to comply with the same laws that are required of all Eastern companies. The fact that the company can comply with the laws of those States, which are regarded as very onerous by many companies, shows that it has the necessary capital, and as available assets as any other company, being subjected to the same provisions.

The Officers and Directors of this company are men of tried experience and unblemished integrity, and the success of the company proves that they have the requisite ability to manage the affairs of such an institution. One peculiar feature in this company, which places its stability and permanence beyond a doubt, is, that by provision of its charter, if by any means the capital of $300,000 should become impaired a single dollar, and should any policy be issued thereafter, the Directors render themselves personally liable for any loss that may occur. As the Directors would not care to incur such a personal liability, and even if they did, as their aggregate wealth is quite large, the policy holders have an extra protection and safety by this provision of the Charter, which exists but in few if in any other Company. Under the excellent supervision of J. Augustus Wright, its efficient and enterprising agent in this city, the company has done a large and very prosperous business the past season, and we trust and believe it will be still increased from year to year. We are decidedly in favor of patronizing our own companies when we know them to be sound and well managed like the "Peoria." We have had insurance in the Peoria Company for several years, so that we practice what we preach, and we cordially commend it to our friends and fellow-citizens generally. feb23 d

DR. JOHN SHELBY'S
Fine Blooded Stock—Horses, Jacks, Jennets, Hogs, and Cattle, for Sale.
As the agent of Dr. Shelby, I will offer at public sale, on Saturday, the 2d day of April next, all his thorough-bred Stallions, Mares, Jacks, Jennets, Hogs, and Cattle, that are now at Fatherland, his farm, near Nashville. It is useless to give the pedigrees of this stock in an advertisement, but I can safely say that they will compare with any stock in the United States. I will mention, moreover, that amongst the rest, the four year old Stallion, Mark Young, a half-brother to STARKS, and a yearling filly, his half sister, will be offered. The sale will take place on the farm, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.
TERMS—All sums under $50, cash; all under $100, four months; all over $100 and under $250 twelve months and all over $250, one and two years' credit. Notes endorsed and payable in bank without interest.
Those who may wish to see and examine the stock, &c., can apply to Mr. P. McMURPHY on the Farm, or to me at the office of the Nashville Gas Light Company.
☞ Any of the above mentioned stock can be purchased at private sale. [illegible] WASHINGTON BARROW.
Louisville Journal will insert the above one month and send the account to this office for payment.
Nash. Bay. Banner.

For Sale.
A FIRST-RATE House Servant for sale. She is a mulatto twenty-two years old. She is capable of Cooking, Washing, Ironing, Weaving, and understands a business as to keeping a house in order. She was raised and trained in a house. She can be seen on Wednesday, the 23d inst., at the Exchange Hotel.
f 22 d2* R. P. SMITH.

CARRIAGE HARNESS.
AN elegant assortment of Carriage Harness just finished, of best materials for sale low at
f 22 dim C. PROAL'S, 61 Third st.

HACKMEN, LOOK HERE!
SEVERAL sets of showy Hack Harness of durable material for sale cheap.
f 22 dim C. PROAL, 61 Third st.

STRANGERS.
VISITING the city will find the latest and best assortment of SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, and TRUNKS in the West at
C. PROAL'S
f 22 dim 61 Third street.

SECOND-HAND HARNESS
A FEW sets of second hand Coach and Buggy Harness for sale cheap at C. PROAL'S
f 22 dim 61 Third street.

Examination of Applicants.
AN Examination of Applicants for Teachers' Certificates will be held at the Female High School on Friday and Saturday (25th and 26th of February), at 9 A. M.
Applicants must enter their names with the secretary on Thursday at his residence, corner of First and Walnut streets. JOHN P. SMITH,
f 22 d4 tt Sup't of Public Schools.

W. P. & L. R. SHRYOCK,
Commission Merchants,
52 Commercial St., bet. Pine and Olive Sts.,
St. Louis, Mo.
f 22

J. LANGWORTHY, M. D.,
OCCULIST AND AURIST.
Office on Fifth street, between Jefferson and Green streets,
AT THE EYE AND LUNG INFIRMARY,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
HE performs all operations on the EYE and EAR, and treats all Diseases of the LUNGS and THROAT by the new mode of INHALATION.
f 22 d&w1*

WESTERN
WHOLESALE SEED & AGRICULTURAL
WAREHOUSE
G. W. BASHAW,
DEALER IN CHOICE
FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS,
Fruit and Ornamental Trees,
Shrubs, Plants, and Vines,
CORN AND WHEAT MILLS,
Power and Hand Corn Shellers,
Reapers, Mowers, Threshers, Wagons,
Agricultural and Horticultural Implements,
AND MACHINES OF ALL SORTS;
Plaster, Cement, White Sand, and Lime;
Railroad Barrows and Implements generally, &c.
At the old stand of Miller, Wingate, & Co.,
No. 516 Main st., opposite Bank of Louisville,
f 21 d&w2 LOUISVILLE, KY.

Millet and Hungarian Grass Seeds.
THESE valuable Grasses as substitutes for Oats are well worthy the attention of Farmers. For sale by
G. W. BASHAW,
At the old Stand of Miller, Wingate, & Co.,
f 22 d3&w2 516 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

Landreth's Garden Seeds.
THESE reliable and well known Garden Seeds by the paper or pound or boxes of 100 and 200 papers, for sale by G. W. BASHAW
f 22 d3&w2 516 Main st., between Third and Fourth

Feld Seeds.
PRIME Clover, Timothy and Orchard Grass; Blue-grass, Herds-grass, and Hemp Seed; in quantities to suit purchasers by G. W. BASHAW,
f 22 d&w2 516 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

Harvesters.
THOSE who want a Reaper and Mower for the approaching season are invited to examine the Improved Kentucky Harvester at
G. W. BASHAW'S,
f 22 d&w2 516 Main st. between Third and Fourth

Brinley's Patent Plow.
THE genuine Brinley Plows at factory price with discount to dealers for sale by
G. W. BASHAW,
f 21 d3&w2 516 Main st., between Third and Fourth

Onion Sets.
300 BUSHELS prime Onion Sets in store and for sale by G. W. BASHAW,
f 22 d&w2 No. 516 Main, opposite Bank of Louisville

BRYANT, HARRIS, & BARBEE,
JOBBERS OF
Domestic & Variety Goods,
423 Main street.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
WE are now receiving our NEW SPRING STOCK, which comprises a great variety of desirable Goods, and to which we invite the attention of buyers.
feb21 d&w2m B., H., & B.

150 CASES NEW STYLE PRINTS received and for sale BRYANT, HARRIS, & BARBEE,
feb21 d&w2m 423 Main street.

1,000 DOZEN HOSIERY received and for sale.
BRYANT, HARRIS, & BARBEE,
feb21 d&w2m 423 Main street.

25 CASES CASSIMERES AND PANT STUFFS received and for sale.
feb21 d&w2m BRYANT, HARRIS, & BARBEE.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.—Orders taken for the Winchester's celebrated Shoulder-seam Shirt, decidedly the best fitting Shirt ever introduced. A perfect fit and satisfaction guarantied at
J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,
Corner of Main and Fourth streets,
f 23 Opposite the National Hotel.

MOLASSES.—214 bbls prime Plantation Molasses landing per steamboat Pacific and for sale by
f 23 ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.

SUGAR.—84 hhds good fair and prime received per Woodford and Republic and for sale by
f 23 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

MOLASSES.—700 bbls prime received per Pacific and Republic and for sale by
f 23 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

REFINED SUGARS.—200 bbls assorted Crushed and Candy Sugar received per steamer Lehigh and for sale by H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.,
f 23 Wall street

GOLDEN SIRUP.—20 bbls, 50 kegs, } choice St. Louis
Received per Lehigh and for sale by
f 23 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR.—200 hhds prime landing from steamer Pacific and for sale by
f 24 RAWSON, GOOD, & TODD.

MOLASSES.—161 of bbls prime Plantation landing from steamer Pacific and for sale by
f 23 RAWSON, GOOD, & TODD.

MOLASSES.—123 packages, bbls and halves, received per John Raine and for sale by
f 23 MOORE, MURRAY, & HADEN.

COLMAN'S LONDON MUSTARD.
THE attention of dealers and consumers is particularly invited to the superior quality and low price of the above mustard, manufactured by J. & J. Colman, London, now the most extensive factors of mustard in Great Britain.
Four different qualities are manufactured, which are packed in kegs, canisters, tin foil, and bottles, and each package is warranted full weight. The tin foil and canisters are peculiarly adapted for the South, as they effectually exclude dampness and air, thus preserving the flavor in all its strength.
Imported and for sale, at wholesale, in New York, by
GARDNER G. YVELIN, 217 Fulton street
J. HORSEYSSON, 84 Maiden Lane;
H. E. BLOSSOM, 133 Front street.
121 d&wem

THE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
Broadway,
COR. FRANKLIN ST., NEW YORK.
OFFERS inducements to MERCHANTS and TOURISTS visiting New York, unsurpassed by any Hotel in the Metropolis. The following are among the advantages which it possesses, and which will be appreciated by all travelers:
1st. A central location, convenient to places of business as well as places of amusement.
2d. Scrupulously clean, well furnished, and well ventilated sleeping apartments.
3d. Large and superbly furnished sitting rooms, with a magnificent Ladies' Parlor, commanding an extensive view of Broadway.
4th. Being conducted on the European plan, visitors can live in the best style, with the greatest economy.
5th. It is connected with
Taylor's Celebrated Saloons,
where visitors can have their meals, or, if they desire, they will be furnished in their own rooms.
Still. The reputation of the Saloons and Hotel is acknowledged by epicures to be vastly superior to that of any other hotel in the city.
With all these advantages, the cost of living in the INTERNATIONAL is much below that of any other first class Hotel. [illegible] A. FREEMAN, Proprietor.

RIVERSIDE NURSERIES.
THE stock of Fruit and Ornamental trees in these nurseries is very full this Spring and embraces all the most approved varieties of Apple, Pear, Peach, &c., &c.
Orders left at any of the seed stores in Louisville, or directed to me through the Post Office, will be promptly attended to. Catalogues to be had by application to seed stores or to me. ORMSBY HITE.
1eb21 d2*

TO DRUGGISTS AND MERCHANTS.
CAUTION!
ONE Baldwin I. Judson, under a disguised name of "H. LAKE JUDSON," and one George W. Comstock, both of that noted concern styled COMSTOCK & BROTHER of New York, are pretending that each in turn is the owner of the accounts, receipts, and assets of A. J. White & Co. for Morse's Indian Root Pills; and Judson further alleges that he is the successor of the firm and claims to have possession of all Receipts and Books. Now this caution is published that the customers of A. J. White & Co. may not be imposed upon by these parties, and be induced to pay either of them for they *have not the possession of the Books and Receipts* and cannot settle them. This very G. W. Comstock is now under an indictment for stealing some $3,000 worth of property.
All letters relating to Morse's Indian Root Pills, or to the accounts thereof, will be addressed to
A. J. WHITE, 10 Cortland street,
Box 1[illegible], P. O., New York.
☞ To PRINTERS.—Parties who are advertising for us will please take notice that no more circulars issued over the name of A. J. White & Co., for they are issued by these fraudulent parties as above named. [illegible]

Seed Oats for Sale.
500 BUSHELS KENTUCKY SEED OATS, raised by C. B. Lewis, Esq., Scott county, Ky. The above is a superior quality of old Black Oats, and will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers. Inquire at the Freight Office of Louisville and Frankfort Railroad Depot, Louisville, where the Oats can be seen. [illegible]

WORK MULES FOR SALE
I HAVE for sale 3 young, kind gentle, and well-broke MULES. They are natural pacers and an excellent riding animal. All work well and line in harness. Will be sold low by applying immediately to
f 23 d1t C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

TWO COWS with young Calves, and a lot of fine Saddle and Grazing Pigs for sale. Apply to me in person or by letter.
[illegible] GIBSON MALLORY.

PEARSON & KING, UNDERTAKERS,
AT THE OLD STAND OF CALDEY & PEARSON,
Corner of Third and Jefferson Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
AGENTS for Fisk's Metallic and Crane's Casket Burial Cases. A large assortment always on hand. Also all kinds of Wood Coffins of every style and finish, and have two new Glass Hearses and a large number of Carriages, and are prepared to attend to calls in the city or country promptly. 119 dim

1859. 1859.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD
Of Missouri
OPENS its entire length for the transportation of passengers and freight, affording the shortest, quickest, and cheapest route to Western Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, and the NEW GOLD MINES.
On and after Feb 14, 1859, trains leave Hannibal for St. Joseph daily at 7 o'clock A. M., or upon arrival of H. & S. J. R. R. packets from St. Louis, arriving in St. Joseph at 7 o'clock P. M. same day, connecting with R. R. line of first class Packets, which leave immediately on arrival of trains for Nebraska City, Omaha, Council Bluffs, Atchison, Weston, and Leavenworth City.
THE H. & ST. JOE. R. R. LINE OF PACKETS is composed of the most elegant and comfortable steamers on the Mississippi river, and run expressly in connection with trains, leave St. Louis every day at 5 o'clock P. M. for Hannibal (stopping only at Alton), taking passengers to H. & S. J. R. R. and T. H. A. J. S. L. R. R.'s by which passengers from St. Louis arrive in St. Joe. in 24 hours, from Louisville in thirty-six hours; also from Quincy a close connection is made by a line steamer with trains on Chicago and Quincy and Toledo and Quincy Railroads. Fare lower than any other route. Baggage checked through and handled free. No extra charge for meals and staterooms on packets. Emigrants desiring to take their own stock may depend on going through by fast freight trains. Freight taken at lowest river rates.
Passengers are respectfully requested to consider this an unquestionably short, cheap and well provided route, with all its advantages over all others, and to buy their tickets through THROUGH TICKETS to St. Joseph by rail can be purchased at the offices of Louisville and railroad offices. For further information and all contracts, apply to
[illegible] General Agent, St. Louis.
P. B. GROAT, General Ticket Agent, Hannibal.
JOSIAH HUNT, Superintendent. [illegible]

$5,000 REWARD.
GEORGE MILLS, Clerk in the Branch of the Louisville Bank of [illegible], at Jackson, was [illegible] on the night of the 1st inst., and Eighteen Thousand Eight Hundred Dollars in Louisville [illegible] Notes, and Five Thousand Dollars in Gold stolen. One thousand dollars will be paid for the recovery of the money and apprehension of the thief, and [illegible] for [illegible].
[illegible] I. KIRKMAN, President.
☞ Louisville Journal copy two weeks.—*Nash. Banner.*

Marshal's Sale.
P. Chamberlin's Adm'r, against } In Chancery, No. 11,8[illegible].
P. Chamberlin's Heirs &c. }
BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, on or about Monday, Feb. 28, 1859, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 12, 18, and 24 months, so much of the stock in the Louisville and Portland Canal Company as may be necessary to raise the sum of Fourteen Thousand Six Hundred and Fourteen dollars ($14,614) of the Stock in the [illegible] mentioned, to wit: Fourteen hundred and eighty five shares of Louisville and Portland Canal Stock, and One Hundred and [illegible] shares of Stock in the Shawnee Coal Company.
The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid.
W. C. D. WHIPS, M. L. C. C.
JAS. G. BALEE, } Deputies.
THO. A. MORGAN, }
f23 dtd

Marshal's Sale.
John H. Cochran's Adm'r, against } In Chancery, No. 13,9[illegible].
John H. Cochran's Heirs &c.
BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, on Monday, February 28, 1859, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 12, 18, and 24 months, the following described valuable property:
A Lot in the city of Louisville, fronting on the east side of Third street between Main and Water streets, having a front on Third street of 25 feet 2 inches and extending back, of same width, 188 feet to an alley, being the same deeded to Jno. H. Cochran by Jno. Hulme and wife by deed dated April 15, 1850.
A Lot adjoining the above of same width and depth, conveyed to said Cochran by P. S. Klatner by deed dated Dec. 21, 1851.
The following described Lots and Houses, being part of ground conveyed to said Cochran by Thos. P. Smith, trustee in chancery, by deed dated Jan. 4, 1850 being part of square No. 2 in Bullitt's addition to Louisville, each of said Lots having a front of 20 feet on Delaware street, viz: House and Lot No. 1, being at the southwest corner of Delaware and Twelfth streets extended Houses and Lots Nos. 4, 6, 9, and 11—all of said Houses are in the same block.
A Lot of Ground at the southeast corner of Broadway and Twelfth streets fronting 210 feet on Broadway and extending back on south 200 feet to a 20 foot alley, conveyed to said Cochran by Thos. C. Shouse and wife and W. Davis. This will be subdivided into 30 feet lots.
A Lot of Ground, having a front of 50 feet on south side of Chestnut street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, and extending back of south 300 feet. Also, a Lot of same size fronting on Magazine street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets and extending north same width 300 feet. The last two lots were conveyed to said Cochran by Ro. N. Miller and Shelton Morris.
The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.
W. C. D. WHIPS, M. L. C. C.
JAS. G. BALEE, } Deputies.
THO. A. MORGAN, }
f23 dtd

LOUISVILLE
PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY.
Established for the relief of the misguided and unfortunate victims of false pleasure who having that by indulgence has imbibed the seeds of a certain loathsome disease, or, from an ill timed sense of shame, deterred from applying to a physician whose knowledge and experience can alone help and him in distress.
YOUTH & MANHOOD
DR. GATES CAN BE consulted at his office—the one formerly occupied by Doctor King—where he would call the attention of all those afflicted with diseases of a private or confidential nature to the new method of treatment as practiced in the English and French hospitals. Having for several years made the class of diseases a specialty, with the knowledge he has of them warrants him in saying that there is no form of symptom which they assume that is without a quick and permanent cure.
YOUNG MEN, also, by indulging in solitary habits, have contracted that mind-harrowing and body destroying disease, seminal weakness, which leads to the most alarming and fatal consequences, should apply immediately, either in person or by letter, and scientific mode of which prevent failure affecting a quick and radical cure.
MIDDLE-AGED and OLD MEN, who, by excessive indulgence in their passions have produced a debility in advance of their years, can consult Dr. Gates with the fullest assurance of being again restored to that state of health which they would have enjoyed had they never committed such excess.
Persons contemplating marriage and having any doubt as to their physical ability to enter into that solemn contract, should apply at once to Dr. Gates, who will remove all obstacles to prevent a long and happy life.
There are persons who indulge in the fond yet irrational belief that nature is capable of resuming a sound and healthy state of her lost powers. To such I can only say that the time which is wasted in this delay is precious and irretrievable, and can only tend to perpetuate the horrors of helpless infertility and render impotency permanent.
TO THE LADIES.—Dr. Gates is agent for M. La Croix's French Preventive Powders, by which those who from any cause, deem it necessary to avoid conception, can do so without in any manner endangering their health or constitution. Also agent for Madame Caprell's Female Monthly Pills, a safe and effectual remedy for Irregularities, Obstructions, &c.; price $1. CAUTION: These Pills should not be taken during Pregnancy, as they are sure to produce miscarriage. The Pills and Powders sent by mail to any part of the country.
Persons at a distance may be cured at home by addressing a letter, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicine forwarded free from damage or curiosity to any part of the country with full directions for use.
Letters asking advice must contain $1, or no notice will be taken of them, for less time is too much occupied to answer letters of mere curiosity. All orders for Pills or Powders must contain a postage stamp.
Consultation may be held from 8 to 9 p. m. on Sundays from 9 to 12 a. m., at his office, northeast corner of Third and Market streets. Private entrance on Third street, Louisville, Ky.
☞ Secrecy inviolable! Don't forget the name and number. All letters should be addressed to
H. GATES, M. D.,
[illegible] Louisville, Ky.

THOMAS P. STOVALL & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
AUGUSTA, GEO.,
GIVE THE STRICTEST ATTENTION TO ALL Consignments of Bacon, Lard, Bagging, Rope, and all Western Produce.
Sales or Purchases made on favorable terms, with the usual Advances on all Consignments.
Large assortments of YARNS, OSNABURGS, SHIRTINGS, and SHEETINGS kept constantly on hand from the MONTOUR COTTON MILLS.
REFERENCES.
Messrs. Chas. Dobbell & Co., } Louisville.
Bell & Murdock }
N. Longworth, } Cincinnati.
S. W. Pike, }
feb17 dtm

R. O. HUNDLEY,
(SUCCESSOR TO C. T. LANGHORNE),
Salt Agent,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY,
Commission & Forwarding Merchant,
AND DEALER IN
Groceries and Produce of all kinds,
CORNER OF MAIN AND DEPOT STS.,
LEBANON, KY.
All orders will receive prompt attention. feb17 dreodam*

Copartnership.
I HAVE associated with me in the Wholesale Hat business T. R. Matthews, late of Greensville, Ky. The business in all its branches will be hereafter conducted under the firm of BAINBRIDGE & MATTHEWS.
[illegible] L. T. BAINBRIDGE.

AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.
Lewis Baker, Sole Lessee; George Matias, Acting Manager; John T. Loston, Stage Director.
☞ *Prices of Admission.*—Dress Circle and Parquette 50 cents; Second Tier 25 cents; Third Tier 15 cents; Private Boxes $5; Colored Boxes 25 cents; Colored Gallery 15 cents.
☞ Box Office open daily from 10 A. M. till 1 P. M. and from 3 to 5 P. M., where seats may be secured one day in advance of W. F. G. Shanks, Treasurer.
☞ Doors open at 7. Overture to commence at 7½ o'clock.

MR. NEAFIE.
THIS EVENING (Wednesday) Feb. 23, will be presented the new and thrilling play of HAROLD—Harolde, Mr. Neafie; Valmonde, Mr. Keeble. To conclude with the favorite farce of the TRUTH IN THE ROUGH—John Buttercup, M. Scallan.

THURSDAY NIGHT, FEBRUARY 24!
AT
MASONIC TEMPLE.
POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT
OF
DR. G. W. STONE'S
WONDERFUL AND AMUSING EXPERIMENTS upon persons in a perfectly wakeful state.
☞ Doors open at 7½. To commence at 8 o'clock.
☞ Admission 25 cents. f 23 d2&bt
N. B. Dr. Stone's class will meet in the SMALL HALL of MASONIC TEMPLE this (Wednesday) night, February 23, at 7½ o'clock.
Terms for complete instructions only $5. Also, private lessons will be given on application at the UNITED STATES HOTEL. f 23 d&bt

MOZART HALL!
GRAND CONCERT!!
MISS SOPHY WERNER Steinbrecher),
ASSISTED BY
THE ORPHEUS SOCIETY
AND SEVERAL AMATEURS,
WILL GIVE A GRAND CONCERT AT MOZART HALL in this city on TUESDAY EVENING, March 2, 1859.
☞ Tickets 50 Cents. f 22 dtd

Psychological Miracles
AT
MASONIC TEMPLE!
PROF. BRITTAN will deliver a public Lecture at the Masonic Temple on Wednesday night, February 23d, on the relations of Works of Genius to the Power of Mental Abstraction, Magnetic Impressibility, and the
Revelations of the Trance State!
After the Lecture a variety of curious and astounding Experiments will be presented, some of which no other person has ever produced before a Southern audience.
Admission twenty five cents. Lecture to commence at a quarter before 8 o'clock.
PROF. BRITTAN will organize two PRIVATE CLASSES this week for *Gentlemen* and for *Ladies*. Application should be made immediately by all who would secure admission to either.

For One Week
Clairvoyant Examinations of the Sick; Delineations of Private Character by holding an autograph, and Psycho-Electrical and Psychological Descriptions of persons (with directions to correct and to control the mental and to reproduce disease) will be made at Prof. Brittan's room at the Hotel during the day. Hours from 10 to 12 o'clock, A. M. and from 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M. feb21 d

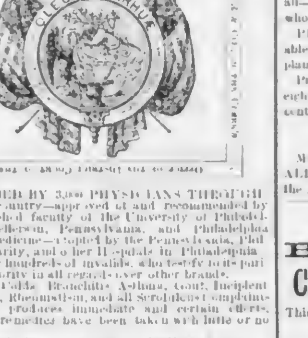
A GRAND CONCERT
WILL BE GIVEN
On THURSDAY EVENING, March 3,
AT
MASONIC TEMPLE,
FOR THE
BENEFIT OF ST. JOHN'S CHURCH;
on which occasion a most delightful programme of VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC will be presented.
121 [illegible]

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY—POSITIVELY
PICCOLOMINI.
THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY INFORMED THAT M'LLE PICCOLOMINI WILL GIVE TWO GRAND CONCERTS IN LOUISVILLE ON
Friday and Saturday, the 25th and 26th,
AT THE MASONIC TEMPLE.
Commencing at 8 o'clock, being positively the only performances she can give in this city. M'lle Piccolomini will be assisted by
M'LLE GHIONI,
Prima Donna from Her Majesty's Theater, London;
SIG. LORINI,
Prima Tenor, from the Covent Garden, London, and the Academy of Music, New York;
SIG. MAGGIOROTTI,
Principal Basso, also from the Queen's Theater;
MR. WOLLENHAUPT,
The Celebrated Violinist.
SIG. MUZIO .... Conductor

PROGRAMME.
1. Romanza, Il Nocciuni .... Sig. Maggiorotti.
2. Brindisi, La Traviata .... Verdi.
M'lle Piccolomini and Sig. Lorini.
3. Grace, Grace, Robert le Diable .... M'lle Ghioni.
4. Fantasia, Othello .... Mr. Wollenhaupt.
5. Duett, Nozze di Figaro .... Mozart.
M'lle Piccolomini and M'lle Ghioni.
5. Spirito Gentil, La Favorita .... Sig. Lorini.
PART II.
7. Largo al Factotum .... Sig. Maggiorotti.
8. Piccolomini Waltz .... Muzio.
M'lle Piccolomini
9. Serenade, Don Pasquale .... Sig. Lorini.
10. Fantasia, "The Swallows" .... Mr. Wollenhaupt.
11. Aria, La Zingara .... M'lle Ghioni.
12. Grand Duett, L'Elisir d'Amore.
M'lle Piccolomini and Sig Maggiorotti.
Price of reserved seats, $2. Admission in the evening at the door, $1, with the privilege of securing such seats as may not have been secured.
THE SALE OF SEATS FOR BOTH CONCERTS will commence on WEDNESDAY, February 23d, at 9 o'clock precisely, at the Music Store of D. P. Faulds & Co. feb21

DANCING AND CALISTHENICS!
MR. WASTELL, from Her Majesty's Theatre, London, and many years teacher at Willis', respectfully informs the inhabitants of Louisville that his Academy is now open at the Odd Fellows' Hall, on Jefferson street. Hours of Tuition on Friday from 3 to 6 and on Saturday from 9 to 1. Soiree Dansante from 7 to 10. Schools and Families attended. Private lessons at any hour of the day. Gentlemen's Class on Monday and Thursday evening from 8 to 10 at Mr. W.'s residence on East side between Green and Walnut [illegible]

THE TRUE & GENUINE.
Unsurpassed in Quality and Effects.
BEING THE
SWEETEST & BEST
PREPARED.



PRESCRIBED BY 3,000 PHYSICIANS THROUGHOUT the country—approved of and recommended by the distinguished faculty of the University of Philadelphia—the Jefferson, Pennsylvania, and Philadelphia Schools of Medicine—adopted by the Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Charity, and other Hospitals in Philadelphia patronized by hundreds of individuals who testify to its purity and superiority in all regard over other brands.
In Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Gout, Incipient Consumption, Rheumatism, and all Scrofulous complaints it oftentimes produces immediate and certain effects, when other remedies have been taken with little or no benefit.
Prepared only by JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
154 N. Third street, Philadelphia.
☞ Sold by all Druggists in this city. feb1 dlstm

W. S. & C. H. THOMSON'S
New Skirts for 1859.
THE INDESTRUCTIBLE
DOUBLE EXTENSION SKIRT
WITH PATENT EYELET FASTENING.
MADE WITHOUT SEWING.
Universally pronounced the most perfect Skirt ever made.
THE GOSSAMER EXPANSION,
The lightest and most graceful Skirt ever produced.
THE PICCOLOMINI!
By means of clasps—this beautiful and economical garment can be taken to pieces, washed, and put together again at pleasure.
All the above have Thomsons' celebrated patent Watch Spring Bustle, and are stamped with our name and trade mark (the crown).
For sale by the principal retailers everywhere.
W. S. & C. H. THOMSON,
feb1 dlsm 233 Broadway, New York.

TO BOOK KEEPERS
TRIAL BALANCE BOOKS! Arranged for six months new style and finish.
Call and see them at 74 Fifth street.
JAS. WALLWORK,
jan25 d3mis Bookseller and Stationer

BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS, JOURNALS, DAY Books, Records, Memorandums, Diaries, &c., plain and fancy Stationery, School Books, &c. at 74 Fifth st.
JAS. WALLWORK,
jan27 d3mis Bookseller and Stationer.

C. H. WIRGMAN
Commission Merchant,
301 MAIN STREET, BELOW EIGHTH,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
KEEPS A SUPPLY, FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES, OF
LICORICE.
Sandford's and other brands of first quality SPANISH MASS.
TOBACCO.
Choice and Medium VIRGINIA BRIGHT POUNDS and other grades.
CIGARS.
An assortment of HAVANA, GERMAN, and DOMESTIC, and orders filled in New York at lowest Eastern prices through my Agency for an exclusive CIGAR HOUSE.

N. B.
Advances Made on Consignments to
H. & C. H. WIRGMAN,
LEAF TOBACCO FACTORS,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
New York.
jan21 dtt

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
(LATE OF KENTUCKY),
Attorney at Law,
ST. LOUIS.
OFFICE
On Chestnut street, north side, between Second and Third jan21 d3mis

J. H. COLSTON & CO.,
Commission Merchants
AND AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
WESTERN PRODUCE,
No. 40 Wall st.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SALE of Hay, Grain, Dried Fruits, Potatoes, Apples, Butter, Cheese, Flour, Bacon, Lard, &c.
Consignments solicited.
feb2 dtt

H. B. HOWARD
HAS on hand and for sale a supply of FRESH GARDEN SEEDS in quantities to suit. A good assortment of FARM IMPLEMENTS, also a variety of FARM IMPLEMENTS, Cast Steel Plows for breaking and Mowing Machine and Thresher down to the Garden Hoe, Fruit Trees, White Lime, Plaster Paris, Cement, &c. Coleman's Premium Farm Mill in operation.
Reaper and Seed Warehouse, 371 and 373 Main street, near Louisville Hotel. jan 5 dcod&w3m

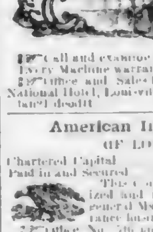
GARDEN SEEDS.
50,000 PAPERS fresh and genuine in quantities to suit purchasers.
feb21 d&w H. P. HOWARD Main street

CLOVER SEED—125 bbls prime Seed in store and for sale at my Reaper and Seed Warehouse, Nos. 371 and 373 Main street, near the Louisville Hotel.
121 d2&w3 H. B. HOWARD.

OATS—1,000 bushels prime old Oats, growth of 1857, for sale H. B. HOWARD,
121 d2&w3 371 and 373 Main street.

POTATOES—200 bbls White Neshannock Potatoes in store and for sale.
121 d&w1 H. B. HOWARD,
371 and 373 Main street.

GEO. B. SLOAT & CO.'S
PREMIUM
SEWING MACHINES!
Prices $50, $60, and $65



THE two best and most successful Sewing Machines ever yet offered to the public are Sloat and Co.'s New Elliptical Lock Stitch and Improved Shuttle Machine. In speed, simplicity, or adaptation to the purposes of Family Sewing, we challenge the world to produce anything to equal them. They contain all the REAL improvements that have ever been invented and successfully applied to Sewing Machines thus making them of more general utility and real practical worth as applied to the purpose of Family sewing, than anything ever yet produced.
☞ Call and examine for yourselves.
Every Machine warranted and satisfaction guarantied.
☞ Office and Sales Room, 63 Fourth street, under the National Hotel, Louisville, Ky.
[illegible] S. E. BLAKE, Agent.

American Insurance Company,
OF LOUISVILLE, KY.
Chartered Capital .... $[illegible]
Paid in and Secured .... $[illegible]
This Company is now organized and ready to engage in a general Marine and Fire Insurance business on liberal terms.
☞ Office No. 516 south side Main street, opposite the Bank of Louisville over the Agricultural Store of G. W. Bashaw. J. K. BELL, President
HENRY DENT, Secretary
DIRECTORS:
Jesse K. Bell, Wm. H. Stokes,
C. L. Hoffman, John B. Bibb,
Marshall Halbert, Sam'l Casey,
Ed. Bell, Wm. F. Ford.
Will Watkins. [illegible]

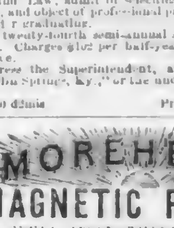
CARD WRITING, &c.
WEDDING, Visiting and Reception Cards Written. Also Handkerchiefs, Napkins, and Linens Marked at short notice.
☞ Cards and Envelopes of all styles for sale at DRYSDALE'S old stand, No. 110 Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson. [illegible] D. L. MILLER.

SANDFORD DUNCAN. THOS. J. DUNCAN. E. DICKEY.

SANDFORD DUNCAN & CO.
SANDFORD DUNCAN has this day associated with him Thomas J. Duncan, late of Princeton and Elbe to Zer Dickey and will continue the WHOLESALE
FANCY DRY GOODS
business under the above firm at the former location, No. 474 Main street. With the facilities at their command they hope to be able to sell inducements unsurpassed in any market.
January 1, 1859. [illegible]

Meyer's Miraculous Vermin Destroyer,
FOR the Destruction of RATS, MICE, MOLES, BUGS, ROACHES, FLEAS, MOSQUITOES, MOTHS, GARDEN INSECTS, ANTS, &c.
The chemical preparations known under the above title for the last 22 years throughout Europe, where they have met with a triumphant success have acquired for their Inventor and Manufacturer a world-wide celebrity, attested by the Emperors of Russia, France, Austria, the Queen of England, the Kings of Belgium, Holland, Naples, Bavaria, Saxony, &c.; and in America their efficiency has been endorsed by the Directors of Public Institutions and the approval of numerous private citizens, that they are the only Remedies in the world sure to exterminate all kinds of vermin.
MEYER'S MIRACULOUS PREPARATIONS destroy the unwelcome intruder without mercy, and never fail. His Art has brought death to millions of them in the world, and from this day the watchword of all housekeepers, merchants, ship-owners, and husbandmen will be "NO MORE VERMIN."
Depot of the Inventor and Proprietor,
JOSEPH MEYER, PRACTICAL CHEMIST,
612 Broadway, New York.
General Agent for the United States, FREDERICK V. RUSHTON, Druggist, 417 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold by Edward Miller, & Stewart and Cary & Talbot.
dec20 dtmis

THE KENTUCKY
MILITARY INSTITUTE,



DIRECTED by a Board of Visitors appointed by the State, is under the superintendence of Colonel E. W. MORGAN, a distinguished graduate of West Point, and a practical Engineer, aided by an able Faculty.
The course of study is that taught in the best Colleges, with extended in Mathematics, Mechanics, Machinery, Construction, Agricultural Chemistry and Mining Geology, also in English Literature, Historical Reading, and Modern Languages, accompanied by daily and regulated exercise.
Schools of Architecture, Engineering, Commerce, Medicine, and Law, admit of selecting studies to suit time, means, and object of professional preparation, both before and after graduation.
The twenty-fourth semi-annual session opens February 1, 1859. Charges $102 per half-yearly session payable in advance.
Address the Superintendent, at "Military Institute Franklin Springs, Ky.," or the undersigned
P. DUDLEY,
dec20 d2mis President of the Board

MOREHEAD'S
MAGNETIC PLASTER
THE GREAT STRENGTHENER AND PAIN DESTROYER.
THE best and cheapest Household Remedy in the world. Simple and pleasant in its application, certain and effectual in its results. A beautiful scientific external curative applicable to the relief of Pain at any time in any place in any part of the human system, and under all circumstances. If you put this Plaster anywhere if Pain there, the Plaster will stick there until the Pain has ebbed. The Plaster magnetizes the Pain away, and
PAIN CANNOT EXIST WHERE THIS PLASTER IS APPLIED.
Rheumatism, Lameness, Stiffness, Weakness, Debility, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Coughs and Colds, Pains and Aches of every kind, down even to Corns, are IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED, and, with a little patience, PERMANENTLY CURED, by the magical influence of the MAGNETIC PLASTER. It is the simplest, surest, safest, pleasantest, and cheapest remedy in existence. Its application is universal—equally to the strong man, the delicate woman, and the feeble infant. To each and all it will prove a Balm and a Blessing. Its use is agreeable, and without annoyance or trouble. Its price is within reach of all—rich or poor; all may have it, and all should have it who are sick, and suffering in any way.
PLANTERS should be always supplied with this invaluable PLASTER. It will be the Good Physician on any plantation, ready at all times, and at instant notice.
Put up in air-tight tin boxes. Each box will make six to eight plasters, and any child can spread them. Price 25 cents a box, with full and plain directions.
D. C. MOREHEAD, M. D.,
Inventor and Proprietor, 19 Walker st., New York.
MOREHEAD'S MAGNETIC PLASTER IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS in every City, Town, and Village of the United States. [illegible] d&wly

MRS. A. NAUTS'
BOYS' & GIRLS'
Clothing Establishment.
Third street, east side, between Walnut and Guthrie sts., one door north of Sehon Chapel,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
SHE has constantly on hand a supply of the best Materials for making Children's Clothing. Also, a fine assortment of Trimmings. d24 dtm

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
World's Hair Restorer & Zylobalsamum
FOR SALE AT
MRS. A. NAUTS'
BOYS' AND GIRLS' CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT,
East side of Third street between Walnut and Guthrie streets, one door north of Sehon Chapel,
d21 dtm LOUISVILLE, KY.

F. S. CLEAVER'S
PRIZE MEDAL
HONEY SOAP,
THE only genuine, will be found the best toilet Soap in use, possessing a free and creamy lather, a lasting and delicate perfume, and warranted not to injure the skin. Beware of counterfeits.
F. S. Cleaver's Musk and extra-scented Brown Windsor and Glycerine Soaps. Also, Saponaceous Tooth Powder for the teeth and gums, to be had at all respectable Drug Grocery, and Fancy Stores in the United States. Manufactory in London. Wholesale Depot, 61 and 63 Dey street, New York. J. C. ROYSTON,
d7 d3mis Agent.

DECK OIL or Bright Varnish for Steamboat Decks constantly on hand and for sale by
WM. SKENE & CO.,
f 2 [illegible] Bullitt street.

WE HAVE ENLARGED OUR FACILITIES FOR the Manufacture of the above brand of White Lead and are now prepared to supply the trade promptly. This Lead has been largely used in this and other markets and has been universally approved as a very superior article.
It is put up in kegs of 25, 50, 100, 200, and 500 pounds each—quality warranted and price as low as the best brands of the Western manufacturers.
LINDENBERGER & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
510 Main street, between Third and Fourth,
feb1 dtm&wcow LOUISVILLE, KY.

Fire Insurance!
G. W. BARCLAY, Agent for the MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York city, No. 61 Wall street, having a paid up Cash Capital of $200,000, with a large Surplus, is now prepared to Insure Buildings, Merchandise, Household Furniture, and other insurable property on favorable terms. Country risks taken. Agency Office, No. 500 north side of Main st., between Third and Fourth, at the Store of Collis Ormsby.
feb15 dtt

IVORYTYPES! IVORYTYPES!!
THIS exquisite and entirely new style of pictures, which cannot be surpassed in beauty of finish and lifelike appearance, is now executed by the subscriber at his studio, at U. R. Evart's, No. 541 Main street. The Ladies and Gentlemen of Louisville and vicinity are respectfully invited to call and examine his pictures. He will be pleased to explain the advantages which these pictures possess over others. Portraits in oil or copies from Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes; also, miniatures on Ivory.
ALBERT FAHRENBERG, Artist,
feb12 dims No. 541 Main st., over U. R. Evarts.

T. L. CRITTENDEN. E. H. CRITTENDEN
CRITTENDEN & CO.,
Provision & Commission
MERCHANTS,
WALL STREET,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
PARTICULAR attention given to filling Planters' Orders for Pork, Bacon, Lard, Bagging, Rope, Jeans, Linseys, &c. jan26 dis

WHITE LEAD,
ONCE MORE!

IN REFERENCE TO MESSRS. LINDENBERGER & CO.'S ADVERTISEMENT, WE HAVE ONLY TO SAY that it was not our object to disparage the quality of their White Lead; but it was, first, to correct an impression that had gone abroad that they were manufacturers of that article, and consequently able to compete with manufacturers in the sale of it; and also to inform the public that we make Lead of the same quality and propose to supply the trade at a price as low as MESSRS. LINDENBERGER & CO. can lay down their article here from any Eastern manufacturer.

feb22 d&w2m

WATERS & FOX.

LINDENBERGER & CO.,
PREMIUM PURE
FALLS CITY WHITE LEAD.

FROM an advertisement of Waters & Fox which appears in this paper the public will see their attempt to disparage the quality and injure the reputation of our article. We will not enter into any argument with Waters & Fox as to the merits of the two articles. In this city and elsewhere where our article is known, its reputation will not suffer from such attack; but justice to ourselves demands that we take some notice of their advertisement through the same medium that they have chosen, that we may not be misrepresented abroad. We can imagine no other reason that could induce Waters & Fox to make such a notice of our Lead except the fact that it has been so largely used in this city in preference to theirs, notwithstanding their frequent denunciations of it as being impure and of little value. In opposition to their assertions, we feel compelled to publish the opinion of some of our city painters, both journeymen and contractors.

We have the separate written certificates of A. BACON, T. C. WILEY, JOSEPH WILBURN, F. N. PORTER, and BATES & MARCUS, contracting painters in this city, who say they have used largely of our Lead, and do not hesitate to pronounce it superior to any Lead in this market.

We have the certificates of WM. FORKHALL, ARTHUR WIGMORE, WM. LODER, M. DOHERTY, HENRY LEVER, WM. McNEIL, JOSEPH F. BOYLE, JOSEPH HAMILTON, J. P. SPRINGER, J. Q. FOLER, JOHN ROHNER, HENRY HENN, and PETER KOST, journeymen painters in this city, who say it is a better article than they can make with it a better job than with any Lead in this market.

We have other certificates which speak of it in the highest terms and the most favorable opinion of it has been expressed by nearly all the house painters here and by many in other cities where we have sold our Lead.

As this is to be our last and only published notice of the opinions of [illegible] of Waters & Fox in regard to our Lead, we will now state for the information of the public that we have in the past [illegible] fifteen months furnished our Lead for the painting of the steamers ALVIN ADAMS, JOHN RAINE and [illegible] DIANA, E. L. WARD, DIE VERNON, HIGHFLYER, MOSES McLELLAN, W. A. EAVES, [illegible] IMPERIAL, CROSS TETE, STARLIGHT, PEERLESS, R. K. CARROLL, RED ROVER, COMET, ALINE, [illegible], PHILA., PLATTE VALLEY, METEOR, J. W. SOMBART, HESPERION, and [illegible] all of which has given the greatest satisfaction to the painters and owners of said steamboats.

We presume the public do not care where we manufacture our Lead. We have ample facilities to produce it largely, and shall continue to supply the best quality of it at the lowest prices the best brands of the Western manufacturers.

All orders addressed to us will have prompt attention.

Lindenberger & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
510 Main Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

feb1 d&w&wcot

LOUISVILLE WHITE LEAD AND LINSEED OIL WORKS

WATERS & FOX — WHITE LEAD — PURE — LOUISVILLE KY.
WATERS & FOX — SUPERIOR — WHITE LEAD. — LOUISVILLE KY.
CLINTON — PURE — WHITE LEAD WORKS

HAVING LATELY MADE SOME IMPROVEMENTS IN THE MANUFACTURE OF OUR WHITE LEAD we now offer to the trade our several brands of that article, which we warrant to be equal in quality to any made either East or West.

As we have every facility for obtaining our supplies of the raw material, and to manufacturing the same, we are prepared to offer our articles on as good terms as any other manufacturer in the West.

WE HAVE NOW ON HAND AND FOR SALE:

5,000 kegs White Lead;	10 tons Zinc White in oil;
400 bbls Linseed Oil;	50 bbls French Zinc, dry;
10 " Boiled do;	100 " American Zinc, dry;
25 " Putty;	10 tons Bar Lead.

WATERS & FOX.

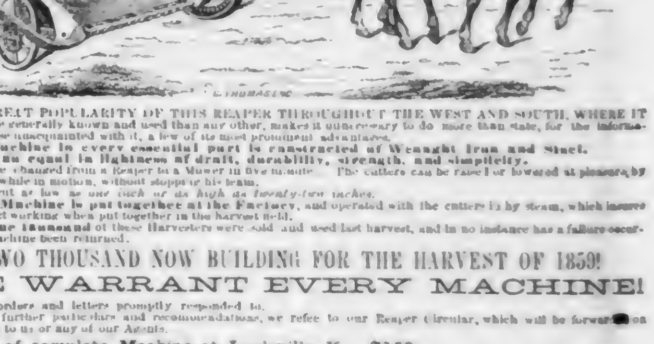
☞ Our attention has been called to an article of White Lead which is represented as being made in this city and is branded *Premium Pure Falls City*. As we are the only Manufacturers of Lead in the city, we will say that the said Lead is *not made here*. But those wanting that quality of Lead we can supply with an article equal in every respect to the above brand of Lead at a price 20 per cent. below that of the *so-called* manufacturers of that article. W. & F.

feb15 d&w2m

SANDFORD DUNCAN. THOS. J. DUNCAN. E. DICKEY.

SANDFORD DUNCAN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
Silks, Fancy Dress Goods, White Goods, Embroideries,
Mantillas, Shawls, Varieties, &c.,
474 Main Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
ARE NOW RECEIVING A VERY LARGE AND DESIRABLE STOCK, SUITABLE FOR THE
SPRING TRADE,
TO WHICH THEY INVITE THE ATTENTION OF BUYERS VISITING THIS MARKET feb17 d&wsmis

THE
KENTUCKY HARVESTER,
A
COMBINED REAPER AND MOWER.



THE GREAT POPULARITY OF THIS REAPER THROUGHOUT THE WEST AND SOUTH, WHERE IT is more generally known and used than any other, makes it unnecessary to do more than state, for the information of those unacquainted with it, a few of its most prominent advantages.

This Machine in every essential part is constructed of Wrought Iron and Steel.

It has no equal in lightness of draft, durability, strength, and simplicity.

It can be changed from a Reaper to a Mower in five minutes. The cutters can be raised or lowered at pleasure by the driver while in motion, without stopping his team.

It will cut as low as *one inch or as high as twenty-two inches.*

Every Machine is put together at the Factory, and operated with the cutters in by steam, which insures their perfect working when put together in the harvest field.

Over one thousand of these Harvesters were sold and used last harvest, and in no instance has a failure occurred or a machine been returned.

TWO THOUSAND NOW BUILDING FOR THE HARVEST OF 1859!
WE WARRANT EVERY MACHINE!

☞ All orders and letters promptly responded to.
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Also, a fine lot of ground and immediately opposite the above, 50 feet front and 180 feet deep, a splendid building lot.
A bargain can be had in each of the above pieces of property if application be made immediately. Apply to C. L. GREEN,
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No More Pain. No More Sickness. No More Rheumatism or Stiffness of the Joints, Lumbago, Headaches, Toothaches, or Suffering from other Bodily Infirmities.
THE RAPID AND COMPLETE EFFICACY OF
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in instantly stopping the most excruciating Pains and Aches, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, &c., renders it important that every family keep a supply of it in the house.
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Has cured Rheumatism in four hours, Neuralgia in one hour, Cramp in ten minutes, Diarrhœa in fifteen minutes, Toothache in one minute, Spasms in five minutes, Sick Headache in ten minutes, Chills and Fever in fifteen minutes, Chilblains in fifteen minutes, Influenza in six hours, Sore Throat in ten minutes, Burns in twenty minutes, Frost Bites, Ague Cheek, Paralysis, Lameness, and in all cases of Bruises, Wounds, Strains, and Sprains, the moment it is applied to the injured parts, all pain and uneasiness ceases. Look out for Counterfeits and Imitations—purchase only Radway's Ready Relief. Price 25 cents, 50 cents, and $1 per bottle.

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Radway's Regulating Pills.
Dr. Radway & Co. have recently discovered a method for extracting from roots, herbs, plants, and gums a nutritious extract of such wonderful nourishing power—which they have combined with Radway's Regulating Pills—that six of these Pills will supply the blood with the same amount of nutrition as one quartern of bread; so that, while the system is undergoing a thorough physicking and purging, it is daily becoming strengthened.
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RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS
Regulate each and every organ of the system and correct all derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Stomach, Heart, and Kidneys. They cure Costiveness, Heartburn, Biliousness, Dropsy, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headache, Congestion, &c. They are entirely vegetable and harmless as natural as the breast can take them with safety, and persons who are subject to Fits of Apoplexy, Epileptic, Heart Disease, &c., should always keep a box on hand.
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PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD,
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IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public.

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These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the causes of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Bilious attacks are cured, and, what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents nightmare.

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One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve Sick Headache.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while

One dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus and a preventive of Cholera.

Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes the food digest well.

One dose, often repeated, cures Chronic Diarrhœa in its worst form, while Summer and Bowel Complaints yield almost to the first dose.

A few bottles will cure Dropsy by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive of Fever & Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Bilious type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

Mix water in the mouth with the Invigorator and swallow both together.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
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CHINESE HEMP SEED.—100 bushels raised by Gibson Mallory and for sale by
f 22 J. D. BONDURANT, Sixth street.

OPPOSITION STATE CONVENTION.

LOUISVILLE, Tuesday, Feb. 22, 1859.

The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M., by Judge Bullock, upon whose motion John B. Huston of Clark county was selected as temporary chairman and Blanton Duncan, as secretary.

On taking the chair Mr. Huston said he had no intention to make a speech beyond thanking the convention for the unexpected honor extended to him. They were here for business, and he hoped there would be more doing than talking.

Upon motion of Hamilton Pope, a committee consisting of one from each Congressional district of the State was named by the chairman to report officers for the permanent organization of the convention, as follows:

1. John McGoodwin, 6. Green Adams.
2. Benj. Berry, 7. Hamilton Pope,
3. J. W. Ritter, 8. Geo. S. Shanklin,
4. Jos. S. Bledsoe, 9. Wm. S. Downey,
5. Joseph Odell. 10. John W. Menzies.

The roll of counties was called over, and delegations were found in attendance from eighty-four counties.

The Chairman stated that the hall was found insufficient to accommodate the delegates, as hundreds who had a right on the floor were on the stairways and in the streets, unable to obtain admittance. He hoped those who were acquainted with the facilities of the city would make arrangements for some larger apartment, or else he should have to suggest an adjournment to the Court House square.

Judge Bullock assured the Convention that the Louisville delegation would do everything in their power to procure sufficient accommodations and for that purpose he hoped, when an adjournment was made, it would be to meet again at the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute—the largest in the city and ample he thought for all purposes.

Gen. Leslie Combs came forward and said at this informal state of the proceeding he had a subject much at heart, which was not political. He desired to call attention to the claims of the old soldiers and the Homestead Bill before Congress, and referred them to a brief but eloquent speech, showing that the House of Representatives had passed a bill which the Senate defeated. He desired an expression of sympathy from the large assemblage present, to show that those who fought our battles were not forgotten. He therefore offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That while we take counsel together to preserve inviolate our free institutions, handed down to us by our heroic ancestors, it is our duty to remember those with gratitude, who staked their lives for us in the war of 1812—emphatically styled the second war of Independence—and we therefore commend the few surviving old veterans and the widows of those who are dead, to the favorable consideration of Congress.

The committee on permanent organization reported the following officers, who were unanimously endorsed:

President—R. P. Letcher.

Vice-Presidents—F. K. Hunley, Col. R. W. Henry, George C. Rogers, William B. Allen, H. Redman of Lane(?), James H. Embry, Hon. W. I. Bullock, Dr. Stephen Gano, Hon. Samuel I. Williams, and Hon. Alton B. Kinkaid.

Secretaries—A. G. Hodges, D. C. Wickliffe, Samuel Davis, C. G. Smith.

On motion of Mr. Wickliffe, B. Duncan was added to the list of secretaries.

The venerable Chairman, on taking his seat, made a brief address, in which he referred to the cheering sight of so vast an assemblage before him. He had never in all his public experience seen its equal. It was glorious, it was refreshing, it was glorifying to see such a body of men all struggling to serve and save their country. The zeal which had brought them together was significant that the people knew the dangers which imperiled them, and were preparing a remedy. He had never in his old age felt so happy as on the present occasion. Defeat and disaster had not subdued the opponents of Democracy—the spirit of our forefathers animated them, who, though whipped one day, conquered the next, and fought on, Providence guiding them because they were right, and were eventually victorious. He drew a vivid picture of the administration of Mr. Buchanan, its imbecility, prodigality, and recklessness, and concluded by a stirring appeal to the olden memories of Kentucky, the triumphs of other days, and the great principles which, though crushed out for a time, were not forgotten, but lived in the hearts of every true patriot. He wished that he could call back his own vigor in the campaign of 1840, that he might do his duty in the coming canvass and strike one more blow for the integrity of the Union, one and forever, now and inseparable.

On motion of Garrett Davis, a committee of twelve, one for each electoral vote of the State, was selected to draft resolutions to be submitted to the meeting. The chair appointed the following gentlemen:

Garrett Davis, of Bourbon, } Senatorial.
Alfred Allen, of Breckinridge, }

1. Q. Q. Quigley, of McCracken.
2. James S. Jackson, of Christian.
3. John W. Ritter, of Barren.
4. W. C. Anderson, of Boyle.
5. Philip B. Thompson, of Mercer.
6. Green Adams, of Knox.
7. S. S. Nicholas, of Jefferson.
8. George Robertson, of Fayette.
9. W. H. Wadsworth, of Mason.
10. John W. Menzies, of Kenton.

At the suggestion of Garrett Davis it was requested that all resolutions and suggestions relative to them in the possession of any member of the Convention should be referred to the above committee.

Mr. Wickliffe moved the appointment of a committee of twelve, to report the names of candidates for State offices to the action of the convention, which was adopted, but reconsidered on motion of Thomas Todd, of Shelby, who thought it had not received proper consideration. He was for open nominations from the body of the convention, and did not think the machinery of a committee would suit the people.

Gibson Mallory warmly seconded the reconsideration, for he saw danger in the matter. He wanted to hear the wishes of every section of the State, he wanted the name of every favorite of every section presented to the body and then we could select the strongest and with them go before the country.

Mr. Wickliffe disclaimed any intention to abridge the liberty of choice—the action of the proposed committee was not final but subject to the approval of the delegates, and if it did not offer names acceptable to the convention others could be substituted. He had no partialities to gratify and did not even care to be on the committee should it be selected.

After some further debate the motion was reconsidered, and then laid on the table.

Mr. Brown, of Shelby, moved that the Convention proceed to make nominations.

Judge Bullock thought the delegates were not at present in a condition to go into nomination. The committee on resolutions had retired to perform their duties and would not report until after the dinner recess. He thought the intermediate time might be profitably employed in consultation among the different delegations, who had not yet had the opportunity of conferring together. They had come up from all parts of the State, and it was proper that a full and informal interchange of opinions should be made, after which all would be prepared to act definitely and wisely.

Mr. Brown acknowledged the force of the arguments of Judge Bullock, and withdrew his motion.

John B. Huston proposed as a basis of representation, upon which the delegations should vote, the Fillmore electoral vote, one for every 100 votes cast, and for every fraction of 50, and every county to have at least one vote.

William B. Kincaid said the rule would be imperfect in its operation for a convention of the united opposition to Democracy. The constituency here represented was not confined to Whigs or Americans, but embraced even some who had voted for Mr. Buchanan. He, therefore, suggested as a basis the representative strength of the counties in the Legislature.

This gave rise to some conversational debate between the movers of the two suggestions, which was shared also by Robert Mallory, Mr. McGoodwin, and others, when Mr. Kinney, of Henderson, in a very neat and stirring speech, proposed as a substitute that the basis should be the entire Presidential vote, so that the whole people shall have a voice in this convention. This was seconded by Judge Bullock in some forcible remarks, in which he was warmly applauded, and the substitute of Mr. Kinney was then adopted.

On motion of Mr. Finnell, the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at 2 o'clock, and on motion of James Harlan, the following was adopted:

Resolved, That a State Central Committee, to consist of five members, be appointed by the Chair, to hold its sessions at Frankfort. It shall be the duty of said committee to distribute documents, correspond with County Committees, and prepare plans for the organization of the opponents of the present Democratic party, and fill any vacancy that may occur in the ticket selected by this Convention.

Propositions to locate the Committee at Louisville and Danville were voted down.

A committee was appointed to call upon the Committee on Resolutions and ascertain when they would be ready to report. During their absence, Gen'l Leslie Combs and Wm. B. Finley, addressed the Convention.

It having been reported that the Committee on Resolutions were not prepared to report, Judge Bullock moved to proceed to the nomination, which was agreed to.

John W. Finnell nominated as a candidate for Governor JOSHUA F. BELL, of Boyle, which was adopted by unanimous acclamation. Previous to the announcement, Mr. Finnell, in reply to a question whether Mr. Bell would accept if nominated, stated that he knew him as a true and loyal citizen and a friend of his country and of the Constitution, and as such he cannot, he dare not refuse such an endorsement as we propose to give him.

Mr. Rankin stated that he had conversed with Mr. Bell on yesterday, and that, although there were family reasons which had heretofore induced him to decline the race, still the voice of this convention could not be without its effect. Mr. Bell is as modest as he is eloquent, and he could not say he would accept a nomination before it had been tendered.

Mr. Preston, of Clark, said he could endorse all that was said of Mr. Bell; he knew no stretch of eulogy or rhetoric to which he would not assent in his praise, but he wanted to know his position. Clark county was for Bell if he would accept, but not for him if he would not accept. It had been stated that letters from Mr. Bell were in the possession of members of the convention. There had been a unanimity of feeling in reference to his nomination throughout the entire State, he of course was aware of the fact, and his friends here must know his intentions.

Mr. Harlan said the gentleman representing Mr. Bell's county, and probably knowing his views, was absent as a member of the Committee on Resolutions, and had no voice or agency in these proceedings.

Mr. Finnell repeated that he could undertake to say that Mr. Bell would not refuse. He was a true and loyal Old-line Whig, and whatever office you impose upon him he will execute. His acceptance depends only on the unanimity of the vote by which he is nominated.

The question was then put, and Mr. Bell was declared the nominee for Governor.

Messrs. Letcher, W. F. Bullock, James Harlan, Garrett Davis, and John W. Finnell were appointed a committee to inform Mr. Bell of his nomination.

The following gentlemen were then placed in nomination for the office of Lieutenant Governor:

Alfred H. Allen, of Breckinridge;
George T. Edwards, of Logan;
Leslie Combs, of Fayette;
John S. Williams, of Clark;
W. C. Bullock, of Shelby;
John S. Macfarland, of Daviess.
—— Bristow, of Clark.

Messrs. Bristow, Combs, and Williams declined. Messrs. Edwards, Bullock, and Macfarland were withdrawn, and Alfred H. Allen unanimously nominated for Lieutenant Governor.

The following nominations were made for Attorney General:

James Harlan, of Franklin;
John B. Huston, of Clark;
W. R. Kinney, of Henderson.

Mr. Huston declared his unwillingness to run, and Mr. Kinney was withdrawn, whereupon the nomination of James Harlan, as Attorney General, was made unanimous.

Mr. Harlan being called upon, addressed the convention. He said he had occupied the office for 8 or 10 years, part of the time under the glorious old constitution of 1799. It was one of great labor and little compensation, and was not a position to be eagerly sought, but his principle was to always do whatever his political friends required of him, and he, therefore, accepted this nomination. He knew something of the Democratic party, and had had some experience in looking into its concerns. Twenty years ago, as Chairman of a Congressional Committee, he had made investigations in the city of New York, and discovered one Democratic office holder, Samuel Swartwout to be a defaulter to the amount of $1,250,000, and another, William M. Price, to the amount of $80,000. Then, there was Boyd, a Receiver of the Land Office in Mississippi, who took some $100,000, and when Levi Woodbury, then Secretary of the Treasury, sent an agent down there to endeavor to collect or save some of it, the agent wrote back to the Administration, advising it to keep Boyd in office, for if a new man was put in his place, he would steal as much more. The Democratic party had inaugurated a system of plunder which had brought the treasury to bankruptcy. If we expect to beat our adversaries next August we must be thoroughly organized, they have the money and will spend it lavishly. He believed the masses of all political parties were honest, but the leaders of the Democratic party were as corrupt a set of fellows as ever had possession of a government.

Thomas S. Page, of Frankfort, was then unanimously re-nominated for Auditor of Public Accounts, by acclamation.

For Register of the Land Office, the following gentlemen were placed in nomination:

Egbert Fish, of Rockcastle;
John B. Herndon, of Mason;
John B. Metcalfe(?), of McCracken;
Richard Sharpe, of Franklin;
George R. McKee, of Pulaski;
Miles C. Nesbitt, of Jefferson.

All the other candidates having declined, or been withdrawn, John B. Herndon was unanimously nominated as Register of the Land Office.

Alfred H. Allen was called upon and said he had been greatly surprised to find himself placed in nomination as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor, but he regarded it as a sacred duty to accept any position to which he was designated by his friends; that man was a traitor who did not answer the call made upon him. Though disinclined to the toil and turmoil of political life, he accepted the office with pride if not with pleasure, and he promised to devote towards the achievement of a most desirable victory the use of all his zealous though humble efforts.

John B. Herndon also spoke briefly, thanking the Convention for his nomination, which he appreciated as coming from a body strong in numbers and talents, and invincible in its integrity of purpose.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction, the following nominations were made:

Quintus M. Tyler, of Trigg;
D. P. Henderson, of Jefferson;
Wm. F. Evans, of Barren;
John B. Matthews, of Fayette;
A. C. Henry, of Kenton;
E. A. Brown, of Christian.

One ballot was taken without effecting a choice, Mr. Evans having 175 votes and Mr. Henderson 386. Before a second ballot was ordered all the gentlemen declined or were withdrawn in favor of William F. Evans, who was declared unanimously nominated.

For President of the Board of Internal Improvements the following gentlemen were placed in nomination:

J. B. Sprowl, of Butler;
D. R. Haggard of Cumberland;
Leslie Combs, of Fayette.

After some interchange of opinion between delegates, Messrs. Combs and Sprowl were withdrawn, and D. R. Haggard was re-nominated to the office he has filled with such ability and fidelity.

For Treasurer the following nominations were made:

William H. Allen, of Green;
Dicky(?) White, of Clay;
Matt Adams, of Knox;
Phil Lee, of Bullitt.

One ballot was had, and, Dicky(?) White having received a majority of votes, his nomination was made unanimous.

Resolutions were offered and adopted expressive of the thanks of the Convention and the people of the State generally to Andrew McKinley and John D. Matthews for the ability and fidelity with which they have respectively performed the duties of Register of the Land Office and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The Committee on Resolutions not being yet prepared to report, an adjournment was made till half past 8 o'clock this evening.

NIGHT SESSION.

Upon the reassembling of the Convention at half past 8 o'clock, Garrett Davis, from the Committee on Resolutions, stated that the duty delegated to them had been performed with perfect unity and harmony. There were some impediments at first; there was no difference of opinion on the question what was proper to present for this great Convention to adopt, no difference of opinion as to the great and enormous misdeeds of the general government, no difference of opinion on the points to be assaulted, but there was some discrepancy of opinion when seeking to embody them. When, in the midst of our struggle, it was reported to us what nominations you had made for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, hope and confidence inspired us, and a spirit of concession, a feeling of conscious victory, and a unity of purpose, brought us together as one man.

The address and series of resolutions of the committee were then read by Judge Nicholas, as follows:

ADDRESS AND RESOLUTIONS.

This convention of delegates, to organize a State opposition to the further rule of the self styled Democratic party and to propose such an opposition by all good men throughout the nation, will state some of their objections to that party:

1. It is essentially a Disunion Party.

It hugs to its embrace many avowed disunionists, whom it cannot control, have great influence over the party, who, by constant agitation of the slave question, for sinister purposes, are rapidly driving the whole nation into two great sectional parties, as the precursor of disunion.

The modern Democracy, at the time of its organization, found the nation comparatively free from sectional strife. The feeling of patriotism and loyalty to the Union prevailed throughout the nation. Disunionism existed no where, or, if harbored in the breasts of a few, it was carefully concealed. Now avowed disunionists may be found in every locality. Under the rule of this party, all real patriotism has died out in the breasts of large masses of our countrymen. Its later career has been signalized by nothing so much as angry sectional strife, engendering the bitterest sectional animosities. We have factions in the North and in the South openly denouncing the Union in the severest terms that hatred can invent, and avowing its destruction as their principal aim.

On the eve of the last Presidential election, the conduct, public speeches, and published letters of many of the leaders of the party left little room to doubt that there was an organized treasonable conspiracy to seize the government and break up the Union by armed force, if the election went against their party. One of the Governors published his intention, in that event, to march on Washington, seize the government by force, and to meet the opposition of sixty thousand Union-loving men in Virginia *by arming her slaves*. Another prominent leader, who is now enjoying a seat in the Senate with the full approval of the party, in a published letter declared that any resistance to the enterprise by the Union men of North Carolina should be crushed by "*the swift attention of vigilance committees*;" in other words, by murder and assassination. "The domestic neighborhood civil war," which the Governor of Virginia said he anticipated, was to be carried on by these Democratic conspirators against their Union loving fellow-citizens in the one State by the aid of armed slaves and in the other by organized bands of murderers and assassins. The unrebuked public avowal of such atrocious purposes sufficiently prove the disloyalty, not merely of the leaders themselves, but also of a large portion of their followers. It is not to be believed that these men would have formed such a conspiracy or avowed such purposes unless they felt assured that they would be sustained by their party in the South. Such belief is ample proof of the general diffusion of the disunion sentiment with the great body of the party at the South. The existence of this formidable conspiracy, though frequently charged, it is believed none of these men ever pretended to deny. These facts and the industrious circulation for years past, by leaders of the party, of pamphlets, speeches, and essays, directly advocating disunion as desirable for the South, abundantly sustain the charge that it is essentially a disunion party. But whilst calling for condemnation on its leaders, it is by no means intended to include the mass of their too confiding followers, and especially in Kentucky, who we fondly, proudly hope and believe are untainted with disunionism, and who will spurn any party domination leading them to that result.

2. It is a disorganizing, destructive party.

It has destroyed the conservative elements of nearly all our State constitutions, and gave evidence through the utterance of some of its most influential leaders of an intention to attack the Federal constitution in the same way, but for the disastrous check which the party recently received.

Through its party chief and other leaders it proclaims its execrable dogma that no majority of the people can give permanent protection to minorities or individuals against the unjust aggression of party majorities by means of their great governmental compacts, their written constitutions. In this land of constitutional liberty, in this nation of freemen who were taught by the great founders of the government, that constitutional liberty was the only liberty worth the having, the party proclaims through the official messages of its President this new dogma, destructive of the stability and value of all constitutions. It proclaims through him the doctrine of the *unrestrainable power of temporary party majorities*. To prove that they cannot be restrained to even a fair and reasonable mode prescribed by a constitution itself for its own alteration, President Buchanan says: "The will of the majority is supreme and irresistible. It can unmake constitutions at pleasure." He argues at length to prove that majorities cannot be confined to any particular mode, however reasonable, in altering, revoking, or remaking constitutions.

Another influential leader, one who might be selected as a specimen in exposition of the principles of modern Democracy, said in the Senate "The importance of State constitutions in this country has been greatly exaggerated. In their declaration of general principles, they but repeat the common law which our fathers brought with them, and which would be law without such repetition. The limitations in them cannot be modified by the people at their pleasure. Any provision which pretends to take away that power or delay its exercise, is impotent against a majority of the people." In other words, it is impotent against the power of any temporary party majority. In still other words, the dominant party in a legislature may, within a period of two months by the vote of a bare majority of the people obtain power to persecute the minority into exile or even hang them for their political or religious opinions. Though this does not verify the novel discovery of this Senator, that our bills of rights are "mere repetitions of the common law," yet it must be conceded that this new theory would render them as important to restrain legislative power as the common law, which here, and in England, only lives by legislative permission.

Thus the modern progressive Democracy, through its President and other leaders, openly avows this new creed treasonable to the cause of civil liberty, of which it has long been suspected, denying all sanctity or value to constitutions, and viewing them with disfavor, as unnecessary temporary restraints upon the *divine inalienable right of majorities*. This party finds no cause for veneration and respect in the fact that our constitutions are the great organic compacts and covenants of the people with each other, when alone they are acting in their real sovereign capacity; that they are the great measure of right between majorities and minorities; that they are the only restraints against despotic government that is upon the power of a party majority; and that they afford its only security to individuals or minorities in the enjoyment of private property, freedom of conscience, freedom of speech, freedom of the press, and all other privileges which are the *birth rights* of American freemen, and which are not the *mere concessions* of majorities. The citizen must be secure against persecution by the majority for his religious or political opinions, and secure in the enjoyment of his right of private property, or there is no civil liberty. He can be so secured but by inviolable written constitutions. This party teaches that our nation ever since its existence has been absurdly engaged in the repetition of futile efforts to secure civil liberty by means of inviolable constitutions, placed beyond the immediate reach of the heated vindictive passions of temporary majorities. For constitutional liberty we are invited to substitute the arbitrary government of the immaculate Democracy. The independence and equality of the States, the compromises of the Federal Constitution, with its protection to local rights and institutions, are to be subjected to the will of the majority either of the people or of the States, or of both. The only barrier against the consolidation of all power in the Federal Government is to be yielded up to this new dogma, the *unlimitable, irresistible, divine right of the majority*.

3. It is a double faced party, having one aspect for the North and another for the South.

Many of its Northern leaders earnestly advocate a strongly protective tariff, whilst many of its Southern leaders say that the adoption of another protective tariff will justify and cause a dissolution of the Union.

The Northern leaders advocate squatter sovereignty, whilst its Southern leaders hold it in abhorrence.

Its Northern Representatives, under Southern dictation, vote for a law saying Kansas shall not be admitted into the Union without a population of ninety-three thousand, and then, to secure their reelection, pledge themselves to vote for her admission regardless of the amount of population.

Many of its Northern leaders favor internal improvements and vote for the most costly improvements ever devised, while its Southern leaders deny the power to make improvements and the policy of such measures.

Its Northern leaders are opposed to the opening of the African slave trade, whilst many of those from the South are anxiously in its favor.

Many of its Northern leaders thought the Lecompton constitution a cheat and a swindle which it was dishonest and tyrannical to attempt to force upon Kansas, yet some of them, under the influence of peculiar party suasion, voted a bribe to the people to induce its adoption; whilst all the Southern leaders voted for the force bill and the bribe, yet some of them, at least one of them, and he the most independent and talented of the whole (Senator Hammond, of S. C.), has since confessed that even whilst so voting, he believed the constitution to have been an execrable fraud which the South itself ought to have kicked out of Congress.

4. It is a Party with no common Policy or fixed Principles.

Its members agree with each other as little in regard to fundamental principles of government as they do in regard to measures of national policy.

Old fashioned Federalists with President Buchanan and Chief Justice Taney at their head combine with Locofoco Democrats.

Nullifiers and strict construction State rights men unite with anti-nullifiers and the loosest latitudinarians.

Distributionists of the proceeds of the public lands mingle with opponents of that measure, and both unite in squandering the public domain for the benefit of unnaturalized foreigners and pet corporations.

Red Republicans, Socialists, and Agrarians fraternize with Southern nabobs, who advocate a property qualification for voters (and a slaveholding qualification for representatives) and who proclaim in the Senate the doctrine that "laboring men are everywhere the mud sills of society," and that "every man is a slave who depends upon the wages of his labor for a support."

Such are the discordant materials of the party that the President, with a proper regard to sections, cannot even organize a Cabinet that harmonizes either with him or each other on the most important subjects. We find him compelled to the humiliating toleration of a Secretary of the Treasury who denounces and exerts his official influence to thwart a favorite and most important measure which the President recommends to Congress. Others of his Cabinet also oppose him upon other measures. One of the chief organs of the party makes bitter complaint that it is broken into fragments, and that even those fragments are subdivided into cliques by different aspirants to the Presidency.

What Mr. Calhoun said of the party before it came under his guidance, its whole career proves to be true—"It has no cohesive principle but the power of public plunder."

5. It is a Sectional Party.

It has agitated the slavery question for party purposes, until it has driven nearly the whole North from its ranks. Whilst thus agitating for the purpose of consolidating the whole South under its party rule, it was reckless of that necessary consequence, the sectionalizing of the whole North with its superior strength into an opposing party; reckless of the evil effects of bringing the whole nation to an angry, sectional contest on the slave line, and utterly reckless of the consequent peril to the Union. It was guilty of the blunder of supposing that the consolidation of the South under its rule, would more than compensate all that it would lose in party strength at the North. It has not merely succeeded in sectionalizing itself, but also in sectionalizing a great opposing party at the North, which seems to have anti-slavery for the principal article of its creed.

Whilst there is not a foot of territory left upon which the opposing ideas of these parties on the slavery question can have any practical bearing, yet their abstractions are made the absorbing topic of political discussion, to the infinite injury of great national interests, and the driving of nearly the whole nation into one or the other of two sectional parties, a prolonged strife between which cannot but result in disunion. Whilst most Democrats started and have kept up the agitation of the slave question for a supposed party benefit, the disunion Democrats have co-operated with the Abolitionists in aiding the agitation, from their mutual hate of the Union.

Everything tends to prove that so long as the Democracy retains power, the Disunionists will allow the nation no peace on the slavery question. When Kansas no longer promises to keep it alive, they try to give it new vitality by advocating the opening of the African slave trade, a scheme which, as it has no chance of success, can be founded on no motive but that of agitating. They stimulate the agitation by encouraging the smuggling of cargoes of Africans. They audaciously insult the whole nation by giving impunity to the piratical felons who effected the smuggling. They incite their grand juries to a practical sort of nullification of the nation's law, and justify them for refusing to indict the persons engaged in this piratical traffic.

With the same view, they are manifesting mock zeal for the acquisition of Cuba, whilst they know that Spain through all departments of her government has solemnly declared that she will not sell, and when a pertinacious thrusting upon her of the offer to buy, can have no effect but to aggravate her against us, and indefinitely postpone the chance of peaceful acquisition. The scheme, if sincere, would be a gross blunder; as an electioneering trick, to furnish material for the next Presidential campaign, it is a most shallow artifice. Its surroundings have created a popular suspicion that the scheme to obtain thirty millions of secret service money covers up an undetected plan of public plunder for private or party benefit. Groundless as that suspicion may be, there can be no doubt that the principal motive with most of the party is the resuscitation of the slave question, with a view to our national elections. Impracticable as the scheme is, and so obviously calculated to injure the chance for peaceable acquisition, however desirable it may be, it must be urged from a motive paramount to the desire of acquiring Cuba, and reckless of all prejudice to that object. The motive can be found only in its desire to agitate the slave question, and for party advantage to play upon a supposed insatiable national greed for foreign territory.

6. It is a corrupt party.

It is not only corrupt itself, but has caused much corruption in most other parties. It introduced into the national government the spoils principle for distributing patronage; and the infectious example has diffused that system throughout the nation. It is unavoidably a corrupting system. Party allegiance is the test for all offices, from the highest to the lowest. All offices and employments, national, state, county, town, or corporation, are the immense spoil for which parties contend through the ballot box. The necessary natural consequence makes the ballot box has become thoroughly corrupt. Bribery, box-stuffing, illegal voting, forged certificates of naturalization, false returns, and all manner of frauds have become the regular accompaniments of every national election. For this corruption, the Democracy is more responsible than any other party, or all other parties. It has systematized and extended this corruption so far that it is somewhat doubtful whether the incensed nation can wage a successful resistance through the ballot box against its corrupt office holders. According to Democratic discipline, all holders of civil office, and all contractors have to pay a heavy tax on their salaries and earnings towards raising an enormous corruption fund for carrying elections. This fund wielded by more than a hundred thousand well drilled office holders, renders the party truly formidable.

Useless offices are multiplied, and extravagant compensation allowed to increase the power of the party. Witness the many custom-houses where the duties collected are not a fifth, and, in some instances, not a tenth of the expense of collection. The grossest frauds and speculations are winked at from supposed party-necessity. There is no vigilant, honest eye anywhere superintending the expenditure of the people's money.

The details of all this corruption cannot now be gone into, but by way of summary proof, take the indignant avowals of two distinguished Democratic leaders, made in the Senate, without contradiction or rebuke from any quarter. One of them, Senator Toombs, said, that, in his opinion, "ours is the most corrupt government in the world." The other, Senator Johnson, of Tennessee, said, that, if the people only knew the extent of the corruption, "they would come to Washington and pitch the whole concern in the Potomac." Such, was not the character of the government when it came into the hands of this party. All this corruption has grown up since then.

In a published letter, written by President Buchanan in 1852, in order to explain what he deemed the then exorbitant expenditure of the government, he said: "Money from the national treasury is continually demanded *to enrich contractors, speculators, and agents*, and the projects are gilded over with every allurement which can be imparted by ingenuity or talent." Let it be remembered that these contractors, speculators, and agents are Democrats, and that the gilding is done by talented leaders of the party, and his explanation becomes perfectly satisfactory why the expenditures have so enormously increased under Democratic rule, and especially during the last six years, under the administration of himself and President Pierce. No men have done more than these two Presidents and their Cabinets to fulfill Mr. Buchanan's prophecy, viz: "The corrupting power of money will be felt throughout the length and breadth of the land," and "the public money employed by artful and ambitious demagogues for their own aggrandizement." The corrupting power is already so felt and the public money so employed. Every one must concur with him that "genuine liberty must soon expire," under such a condition of our national affairs.

Some twenty years ago the Democracy found National and State banks a great power in the land not under the direct influence or control of the party. To remove this inconvenience it broke down the national bank and instituted the notorious pet bank system with a Democratic promise to give the nation a "better currency." In a few years the banks all exploded and the system with them, giving, as the result of that Democratic experiment, the worst currency ever known, and the most wide-spread commercial disaster and ruin ever witnessed. The national loss to traders, manufacturers, and business men of all classes was moderately computed by the hundred of millions.

The Democracy then told the nation that it must take care of itself in the matter of its currency. That the Democracy would render it no aid but that of a good example. It proclaimed its intention to cut the government entirely loose from all connection with the nation's business currency, make it a purely hard money government, which was effectively to restrain undue expansions and in every event enable the government to transact its own great business in hard money and in that alone.

Uninfluenced by the example no State adopted the experiment, but all made more banks, which, uninfluenced by the panacea, expanded more than they had ever done, and there occurred one of those suspensions which seem to be part of the law of the existence of State banks. After the lapse of a few months, the banks resumed specie payments and the nation and the State governments have ever since enjoyed a redeemable currency equal to specie, whilst the Federal government has been compelled to resort to a paper circulation of inconvertible treasury notes, which the Secretary of the Treasury tells us must be kept up for two years longer.

This experiment having utterly failed to all its promised advantages, the Democracy promptly steps forward and offers the nation the benefit of still another experiment. It says through its organ, the President, that the States are too lenient towards their banks and hence their undue expansion; only place them under Democratic control, let them live in salutary fear of inexorable Federal rigor and there will be no more suspensions. Only give us a bankrupt law against banks and railroads and you have our assurance that all shall be well; the banks shall cease all undue expansions and railroads forbear improvidently to incur debts. But should these just expectations fail, should the banks and railroads fail so to act, then they are to have inexorable law, their property and that of their debtors, including the whole trading community, shall be brought under the scrutinizing hammer of Federal officials and thus "the equilibrium restored," that is the rapid adjustment of all debts at whatever sacrifice of property the experiment may require.

The nation has long been fully aware, as much as Mr. Buchanan or his Secretary of the Treasury can make them, that a periodical suspension is one of the unavoidable accompaniments of its State bank system. But great as that evil is, it is not comparable to the evil of making our banks and railroads dependent upon the smiles and frowns of Federal Democratic rulers for a lenient or vigorous enforcement of a bankrupt law. Nor does the evil compare with what would ensue from the honest, vigorous enforcement of such a law at a time of general suspension, in the unavoidable sacrifice of every trader's or business man's property. The nation needs no experiment to tell what would be the result of a sudden enforcement by law of all individual debts. Every one ought to know that an almost universal bankruptcy would be the result. That the Democracy would be sufficiently inexorable in such a crisis may well be allowed. Whilst the nation was writhing under the effects of the "better currency" experiment, the wail of woe which it sent up to Democratic headquarters, was curtly answered with memorable [illegible]: "All who trade on credit deserve to break." Put the power in the hands of the Democracy and it may be relied on to carry out this maxim. As little will the nation be inclined to confide to the inexorable Democracy the power of needlessly breaking up those very beneficial institutions, our railroads, by a sudden vigorous enforcement of their debts.

7. It is an Extravagant, Wasteful Party.

The conclusive proof of this lies in the fact that under its rule the annual expenditures have increased from less than twenty to more than eighty millions.

The single item of five millions spent in two Congressional terms for public printing and the waste of six hundred thousand dollars annually in collecting the revenue, as stated in the report of even a Democratic committee, supersede the necessity of any detailed exposure of extravagance.

In the published letter of President Buchanan, before referred to, he complained that in 1852 the annual expenditures "*have reached the enormous sum of fifty millions*," and predicts that, "unless arrested by the *strong arm of the Democracy*, may in the course of a few years reach a hundred millions." "I am convinced our expenditures ought to be considerably reduced below the present standard, not only without detriment, but with advantage to the government and the people." The "strong arm of the Democracy" has had control of the finances for the last six years, and instead of arresting waste and extravagance, they have been nearly doubled in amount. Such is the contrast between Democratic performance and its promise whilst seeking popular favor. Thus Mr. Buchanan, the most competent and reliable witness in such a case, proves the wasteful extravagance of the *home* Democracy.

The wasteful donation of public lands enabled the directors of a single railroad to use a million of dollars in bribing the passage of the scheme through Congress and the Wisconsin Legislature, as fully proved before a legislative committee. This is one instance out of many that might be adduced to prove how the national treasure and domain are squandered, as Mr. Buchanan says, "to enrich contractors, speculators, and agents."

This summary of only a part of the misrule shows the necessity of a combined effort of all opponents of the corrupt Democracy to rescue the Government from its evil grasp. The defeat of that party is a great national necessity, the indispensable prerequisite to any reform. That is the only mode by which power can be placed in the hands of honest men, who will

1. Prevent disunion and check disunion tendencies.
2. Give peace to the nation on the slavery question.
3. Give an honest, economical administration of the Government and stop spoliations of the treasury and national domain.
4. Not give jurisdiction to the Federal Government over State banks and railroads, by means of a bankrupt law, as recommended by our Democratic President and Secretary of the Treasury.
5. Not permit the substitution of direct taxation in lieu of duties on imports, to raise revenue for enormous national expenses, as recommended by a Democratic committee.
6. Not permit the transfer of the war making power to a President, nor allow him to make treaties without the supervising control of the Senate, nor trust him with an enormous secret service corruption fund, to be used either abroad or at home.
7. Not drag us, directly or indirectly, into a protracted war for the mere acquisition of Cuba or any other foreign territory.
8. Not permit the importation of foreign felons or paupers.
9. Not squander the national domain in donations to unnaturalized foreigners and pet corporations, but keep it as a sacred trust for all the States to whom it belongs.

In conclusion, deeming, as we do, the defeat of the Democratic Party, a great public necessity, for the reasons already stated, and many more, we would rejoice to see patriotic citizens throughout the Union abandoning those unprofitable disputes which have been the main instrument of perpetuating power in the hands of the unscrupulous Democracy, combined together for its overthrow. But co-operation, or union, by the Opposition of Kentucky, is, now and forever, utterly undesirable and impossible with any party or persons who seek by the action of the Federal Government, through any of its departments, to interfere with the institution of slavery, and we declare that we can have no affiliation whatever with disunionists or abolitionists. All others are invited to a cordial affiliation on terms of perfect equality.

☞The Citizen Guards, the National Blues, and the Marion(?) Rifles, three military companies, made a fine display yesterday afternoon through our principal streets, and at 4 o'clock were reviewed by his Honor the Mayor on the common at the South end of Fourth street. The day being so mild and so thoroughly spring-like, there were many hundreds of the "beauty and chivalry" of the city and State for spectators. The enthusiasm usually attending such exhibitions was obvious to all.

The drilling of these companies could not have been excelled by regulars. The precision with which they went through the many and difficult evolutions, their noble bearing, and their tasteful uniforms, won general commendation. Louisville may well be proud of her citizen soldiery.

The National Blues, while marching past the Louisville Hotel on the way to their armory, were invited by Mr. Philip Judge, one of the worthy hosts of that house, with that generosity so characteristic of him, to partake of supper, which invitation was gladly accepted.

LATER FROM NORTHERN MEXICO.—The United States mail steamship Arizona, from Brazos Santiago on the [illegible] inst. via Indianola the 11th, reached her wharf at an early hour yesterday afternoon. The Arizona brings nothing [illegible] over half a hundred [illegible]. The Flag of Brownsville has only the following:

"During the past week a grievous outrage had been committed by people of this bank of the river against the sovereignty of the other. One of the citizens of Mexico was forcibly seized, bound, and brought into this State for sale, in violation of the laws both of Texas and the nation. * * The man kidnapped was a [illegible] on this frontier as being free from infancy. The parties [illegible] were well known as men of no character, who are [illegible] robbed a church or graveyard, [illegible] and reward been offered. Indeed the leader of this outrage is under strong suspicion of being at the head of a gang of thieves who have committed numberless [illegible] on this frontier [illegible] into the powder magazine of Fort Brown and the stealing of horses from the garrison for sale in Monterey."

Of this "outrage" we have no further particulars, except that the negro was first offered for sale in the city of Brownsville and afterwards taken into the interior of the State.—*N. O. Pic.*

COMMERCIAL

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET,
LOUISVILLE, February 23, 1859.

The high water, the celebration of a national holiday, and the holding of a State Convention all added to the previous dullness of the market. Small sales of superfine and extra flour at $5 75@$6. Wheat $1 10@1 20. Nothing doing in corn or oats, most of the grain dealers having been driven out of their stores by the overflow of the river.

In groceries sales of 16 hhds sugar at 7a7½c for fair to prime, and small sales of molasses and coffee at previous prices.

Nothing of importance has transpired in provisions.

Sales 75 hhds tobacco—50 at $3 75 a $6, 11 at $4@$4 75 [illegible] at $5 10@$5 90, 9 at $6@$6 95, 11 at $7@$7 [illegible], and 2 at $9 90 and $10 25.

Sales 41 coils good homespun rope at 7c.

Sales of raw whisky at 25½c.

No change in the money market.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 22, P. M.

Flour dull at $6 for Howard street and Ohio. Wheat firm at $1 48 for white and $1 35@1 45 for red. Corn buoyant at 74@77c for white and yellow. Provisions quiet. Bacon sides are quoted at 9½c. Mess pork $17 50. Lard 11½c. Whisky dull at 29@29½c.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22, P. M.

Cotton dull: sales 500 bales. Flour buoyant, sales 15,500 bbls. Wheat firm; sales 23,000 bush red at $1 40@1 45; white $1 65@1 75; white Michigan wheat $1 50. Corn firm; sales 2,100 bush at 80@85c for white. Pork buoyant at $17 50@18 25 for mess, and $13 25 for prime. Lard firm at 11¾@12¼c. Bacon firm at 9¼@9¾c for sides and 6¾@7c for shoulders. Linseed oil quiet 60@61c. Hides steady; sales of 2,000 lbs western at 9¾c. Tobacco steady and slow of sale but prices unaltered. Wool quiet but very firm, awaiting the large auction sale at Boston on Thursday. Sugar heavy and declined ⅛c; sales at 6¼c. Coffee firm but quiet at 10¾@12c. Molasses heavy at 40c.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 22, P. M.

Sales of cotton to-day 5500 bales; Orleans middling 11⅞a12c; market firm; sales of 3 days 25,500 bales; receipts of 3 days 29,500. Sugar firm; sales 1500 hhds at 6¾@7¾c. 3400 hhds on plantations at 6¾a7¾c. Molasses—sales 2000 bbls at 33c. Flour steady; sales 4500 bbls at $5 50. Pork quiet; mess $18 25; shoulders declined ¼c; sales at 6c. Lard dull at 11¾c. Coffee firm; sales 10,000 bags. Freight on cotton to Liverpool ⅝.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 22, P. M.

Flour dull and unchanged; sales small and unimportant. Whisky unchanged and dull; small receipts owing to high water; sales of 700 bbls at 25½c. Provisions dull under news from New Orleans, and prices closed nominal. The only sales was 50 hhds bacon sides at 9¾c. Bulk meat was offered at 6¾@8¾c. Lard 11¾@12¾c for barrel and keg. Sugar and molasses firm, but not higher. Money matters unchanged.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday morning at the L[illegible] Hotel, in this city, by Rev. W. W. Hill, D. D., Mr. JAMES WITHERSPOON, of Frankfort, to Miss LIZZIE F. POWERS(?), daughter of the late Dr. James Potter(?), of Jefferson county, Ky.

WEBSTER'S NEW GALLERY,
Over Hegan & Escott's.
IS a perfect TEMPLE OF ART, with SPLENDID RECEPTION ROOM, an elegant LADIES' DRAWING ROOM, and TWO OPERATING ROOMS, with Sky-Lights and high Side-Lights and every other convenience and facility for producing the most perfect Pictures.
PHOTOGRAPHS, Plain and Colored;
HALLOTYPES;
SPHEREOTYPES;
AMBROTYPES, &c.
[illegible] WEBSTER & BRO.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE
By Thos. Anderson & Co.

ON THURSDAY, 24th February, 1859, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., when will be sold a very desirable stock of

ASSORTED DRY GOODS,

embracing a great variety of staple and fancy goods, consisting in part of Madder, Ruby, Amaranth, and Furniture Prints, American and French Lawns and Ginghams, Rich Challies, Ducals, Silk Poplins, Valencias, Alpacas, Plaids, French and English Merinoes, Printed and Plain Jaconets, Printed Sack Flannels, Figured Tibbets, Linen Checks, Coatings, Tweeds, Cottonades, Heavy Duck, Fine English Broadcloths, Towelling, Irish Linens, bleached and brown, Super Tapestried silk curtain Damask, silk, Linen, and Madras Handkerchiefs, a line of Zephyr Goods, Notions, Threads, &c.

UMBRELLAS.

An invoice of 25 dozen choice Umbrellas, assorted sizes and qualities.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

100 cases, consisting in part of Men's Oxford Ties, Congress Boots, Brogans, &c., Youths, and Boys Boots and Shoes, Women's and Children's Boots, Gaiters, &c.

Terms cash. THOS. ANDERSON & Co., Auc'rs.
feb22 d2

By C. C. Spencer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, AND SADDLERY FURNISHING GOODS, AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, Feb. 23, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at Auction Rooms, No. 520 Main street, peremptorily, for account of whom it may concern, a large variety of Goods, consisting in part of 20 dozen assorted Steelyards, Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Brass-bound Martingale Rings, Plated Shaft Tips, Buckles of every variety, Breeching and Harness Rings and Tucks, Cockeyes, Bradoon, Bits, Snaffle, Pelham, Mule, and Post Bits, together with a large variety of other Goods in the above line.

After which, will be sold a large variety of Linen and Fancy Bosom Shirts, Bleached Shirting, Millinery Goods, and Dress Trimmings.

☞The attention of Harnessmakers and Dealers and City and Country Buyers is particularly called to this sale, which is peremptory.

Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER,
f21 d3 Auctioneer.

SUGAR.—300 hhds strictly prime Sugar from Plantation landing per steamboat Woodford and for sale by
f22 AND'W BUCHANAN & CO.

COFFEE—244 bags strictly prime Coffee received per mailboat and for sale by
f22 MOORE, MURRAY, & HADEN.

SAGO CHEESE—30 extra Sago Cheese, a superior article, on consignment and for sale by
f22 GARDNER & CO.

☞For all kinds of lumber, dressed and undressed, sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, boxes, &c., call at Alexander, Ellis, & Co.'s planing mill, sash, door, and blind factory and lumber yard, on Fulton street just above Preston, fronting the river, or at their lumber yard, corner of Walnut and Preston street, or leave your orders at their warerooms on Main street, nearly opposite the Galt House, Louisville, Ky. jan31 tf

BUSINESS NOTICES.

HOOP SKIRTS.—The best tempered steel is found to be far superior to any other article for making hoop skirts, and John M. Robinson & Co., late Robinson & Bro., are still manufacturing in large quantities their celebrated *double extension patent bustle skirts*, using exclusively the very best tempered watch spring steel.

Many of the largest retailers will not buy any other than these popular skirts, and their customers pronounce them superior to any they have ever worn, the *hoops* being so very elastic and pliable that the skirt is never thrown out of shape.

All orders for any quantity of these popular skirts can be promptly filled, the assortment running from six to thirty *hoops*, including Misses' of all sizes. f23 d1m

HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE!
Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!
THE ORIGINAL AND BEST IN THE WORLD!
The only Harmless and Reliable Hair Dye Known!

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you wish to escape ridicule.

GRAY, RED, OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful and natural brown or black, without the least injury to hair or skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1839, and over 80,000 applications have been made to the hair of his patrons of his famous Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is WARRANTED not to injure in the least, however long it may be continued, and the ill effects of bad Dyes remedied; the hair invigorated for life by this splendid dye.

Made, sold or applied (in 9 private rooms) at the Wig Factory 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold in all cities and towns of the United States by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

NOTICE.—The genuine has the name and address upon a steel plate engraving on four sides of the box of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, 233 Broadway, New York, and sold by Wilson & Starbird, Louisville. feb16 d6m

WIGS—WIGS—WIGS!

BATCHELOR'S WIGS AND TOUPEES surpass all. They are elegant, light, easy and durable.

Fitting to a charm—no turning up behind—no shrinking off the head; indeed this is the only Establishment where these things are properly understood and made.

feb16 d6m 233 Broadway, New York.

CONSUMPTION OF THE BLOOD.—In this common and dangerous disease, the blood loses its vitality, ceases to nourish the system, and to stimulate the organs to healthy activity. The Protoxide of Iron, in the PERUVIAN SIRUP, supplies the deficient element, and the blood receives new life, with a consequent restoration of the bodily vigor, the return of appetite, the hue of health. Sold in Louisville by Cary and Talbott. f16 d12

LAMENTABLE SUICIDES.—We see thousands in our streets dying by inches, coughing themselves into the grave, when Mrs. M. N. Gardner's Indian Balsam of Liverwort and Hoarhound would quiet the cough and cure the disease preying upon them. It may be found at all the druggists.

For sale by Cary & Talbott, No. 453 Market street, between Third and Fourth.
f15 d12&w2

☞A choice and extensive stock of spring and summer Dry Goods, such as Black Silks, two Volant Robes, two Jupe do, Bayadere Chena Silks, Grenadine Robes (something new), Organdie and Barege Robes, Plaid Barege, Ducale Cloth, Valencia Lace Pompadores, Piccolomini Collars, Illusion Berthas, Jaconet, Swiss, and lace Sets, Percal Chintz and Cambric, Kid Gloves, Silk Gauntlets, Piccolomini and May Queen Skirts, Silk Mantles, Shawls, Stella and Barege do; a large assortment of Plaid Cottons, Farmers' Drillings, Osnaburgs, &c., all of which will be offered at the lowest market prices.

G. B. TABB
f19 j&b Corner of Fourth and Market.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, and all skin diseases indicate impure blood. The Ointment reaches and obliterates the poison in the veins, while the Pills remove all internal obstructions. f18 dc

THE MYSTERIES OF THE TOILET

Are often exposed in consequence of the inefficiency of (so-called) beautifying preparations; but all who use CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE know and feel their secret is secure.

NO MORTAL EYE

can discern the [illegible] and brown [illegible] of this dye from those imparted by the Creator.

No Destructive Ingredient,

nothing that can shrivel up or in any way injure the hair mingles with the Preservative Vegetable Elements of this wonderful preparation. Its effects are instantaneous and as permanent as to prove beyond doubt that it comes nearer to the natural coloring of the hair than any other dye in use. Sold everywhere and applied by all Hair Dressers.

CRISTADORO,
No. 6 Astor House, New York.
EDWARD WILDER 48 Main street, and Mrs. G. [illegible], 85 Fourth street, Agents. f15 daw1m

☞THE DRUGS commonly administered to Fever and Ague patients are generally ruinous to the system. Instead of curative and strengthening, yet the nostrums devised by self-sufficient old women are not much better. Something is needed which shall be the product of profound skill in the healing art, yet beyond the ordinary routine of the profession. This desideratum is supplied by the distinguished Dr. J. HOSTETTER, whose Bitters take rank among the most wonderful medicines ever devised. Its effects are speedy and certain. Even the most settled cases of the disease yield to the tonic properties of the Bitters.

☞For sale by Druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. f15 d1m

Important to Females.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The combinations of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, and disturbed sleep, which always arise from interruption of nature. They can be successfully used as a preventive. These Pills should never be taken during pregnancy, as they would be sure to cause miscarriage. Warranted purely vegetable and free from anything injurious to life or health. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Price $1.

RAYMOND & TYLER, Fourth st.,
Wholesale and Retail Agents for Louisville.

Sent by mail by enclosing $1 to Dr. Cornelius L. Cheeseman, Box 4,531 P. O., New York.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, 165 Chambers st.,
General Agent for the United States.

EXPERIENCE THE BEST TEST!
HEGEMAN, CLARK, & CO.'S
GENUINE COD LIVER OIL

Has been proved by twelve years' experience the best remedy for CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, &c., and is recommended by the most Eminent Physicians.

CAUTION.—Beware of preparations pretending to possess the properties of the oil in concentrated form, as many of them are worse than useless. The PURE OIL has been found to act better and have more speedy effect than any jelly or other preparation of it.

Sold by Druggists generally.

KENNEDY'S
MEDICAL DISCOVERY!
THAT
INFALLIBLE REMEDY
IN
SCROFULA
AND
All Diseases arising from an Impure State of the Blood,

Is still sold by the Agents in Louisville Wholesale and Retail. RAYMOND & TYLER,
71 Fourth street.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.
DR. J. DUPONCO'S
Golden Periodical Pills for Females.
INFALLIBLE

In correcting Irregularities and removing obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever cause, and always successful as a Preventive.

THESE pills are nothing new but have been used by the Doctor in his practice for many years both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies residing in this city as well as other cities, who have used them, to make the pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as a preventive to those ladies whose health will not permit an increase of family. The composition of these pills is made known to every agent selling them, and they will tell you that they are perfectly harmless to health, yet at the same time will do all they promise. There is not a lady living but what at "some period of her life" needs them, especially for that common yet debilitating complaint known as Leucorrhea, or Whites. Price $1 per box.

WILSON & STARBIRD,
General State Agents, 453 Main st., Louisville, Ky.

To whom all orders must be addressed. They will furnish show cards, circulars, and pills at proprietors' prices.

Sold also by Cary & Talbot, 453 Market street; Thomas Schorch, 18 Fifth street; J. W. Seaton, corner Seventh and Green streets; H. Tracy, south side Market street, between Fourth and Fifth; J. S. Jabine, corner Second and Chestnut; [illegible] & Dinwiddie, corner of Lafayette and Preston; J. Johnson, Jeffersonville; Scribner & [illegible], New Albany, Ind. Ladies, by enclosing $1 to either the above agents, can have the pills sent confidentially by mail.

N. B. Ask for Dr. Duponco's Golden Pills. See that the signature is upon the box. You will then get a pill you may depend upon. Remember, too, (as there are many in the market) that you get a pill of quality rather than quantity. What need of taking four pills when one will answer? oct dly

Harrison's Peristaltic Lozenges,
A TONIC AND LAXATIVE COMBINED,

Pleasant to the palate, operating without pain, and the most popular remedy for *Dyspepsia, Headache, Piles* and all other results of

HABITUAL COSTIVENESS.

They quicken the Liver and Blood, assist digestion and are the safest remedy for *Female Irregularities*, especially of the young.

For sale by CARY & TALBOTT, 453 Market street and by all druggists.

☞RED RIVER MUSKETOES. Charlie said he cleared the bar of every musketo except two, and thinking they could do but little harm, he went to sleep; but waking up in the night, he found himself completely "bit up." Thinking it strange that *two* musketoes could have drawn so much blood, he concluded to watch their motions, and soon discovered that they would light on him and draw their fill and then fly up on the bar and, thrusting their bodies through a mesh, the crowd outside would pitch in and draw them off. They were then ready to repeat the operation. Charlie recognized one of those same musketoes skulking behind the door at WEBSTER'S Gallery waiting to get a bite at some of those colored Photographs!

VALENTINES BELOW COST.—I am now closing out my stock of Valentines, comic at one cent apiece and sentimental at half price at
F. MADDEN'S BOOKSTORE,
[illegible] Third street.
Agent for Gleason's New Weekly Line-of-Battle Ship.

ON Saturday, the 26th of February, we will introduce the French Style of Dress Hat for 1859.
PRATHER & SMITH,
f21 j&b 455 Main street.

BY TELEGRAPH.

From the Evening Bulletin.

ARRIVAL OF THE QUAKER CITY.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 21.

The Tehuantepec company's steamship Quaker City, Capt. Shufeldt, from Minatitlan, arrived here to-day with San Francisco advices to the 19th inst. and 103 passengers.

The Pacific Mail Company's steamer John L. Stephens sailed from San Francisco on the 5th inst. with $1,500,000 in treasure, including $1,050,000 for New York, and 250 passengers, via Panama.

Business at San Francisco had revived and was brisk, while money was easy. Coffee had advanced, and rice sold at 20a20½c. Candles were quoted at 31c. Domestic liquors were advancing.

Heavy rains had fallen.

The mining prospects continued favorable.

The Oregon Indians in Southern California had become troublesome. Gen. Clark was about to proceed with 500 men to chastise them.

The California Legislature, by a vote of 50 to 1, had adopted a resolution requesting U. S. Senator Broderick to resign.

Later advices from Mexico had been received at Minatitlan. Gen. Miramon had reached Orizaba, en route for Vera Cruz. There was great apprehension regarding the result.

Gold had been discovered on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, near Chevala(?).

XXXVTH CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION.

Monday's Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

Senate.—During the morning hour the Vice President and Mr. Green, of Mo., presented memorials from citizens of St. Louis praying for an assay office to be located there. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Hunter, of Va., the army appropriation bill was read and referred to the Finance Committee.

The Military Committee reported adversely on the application of Messrs. James & M[illegible] to purchase their patent safety fuse.

Mr. Foot, of Vt., attempted to bring up the Cuba bill, as several gentlemen on the opposition side were desirous of expressing their views upon it. His motion was lost.

Mr. Hunter, of Va., wished the motion made by Mr. Simmons of R. I., to reconsider the vote by which the consular and diplomatic bill was passed, to be considered at once, so that the bill might be finally passed.

Mr. Slidell, of La., objected to Pugh's amendment which was on Saturday added to the bill, and showed that its effect would be to prevent the President from sending an envoy on special business as might become necessary in the case of Mexico and elsewhere.

Mr. Gwin of California moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table, as he considered the practice of moving to reconsider appropriation bills would be productive of serious embarrassment to the legitimate course of business.

The Vice President explained that Mr. Gwin's motion was in order, but that its effect would be to lay the motion on the table, liable to be called up at any time during the session, and would therefore virtually suspend the operation of the bill. Mr. Gwin therefore withdrew his motion.

Mr. Simmons went at length into the discussion of the question of exchanges.

The debate on exchanges was continued by the same Senators that participated in the debate on Saturday, principally Messrs. Simmons and Trumbull on one side, and Mr. Toombs on the other. Eventually, Mr. Simmons's amendment to limit the rate of exchange was stricken out, and the bill passed.

Mr. King of New York demanded the yeas and nays, which resulted in the following vote: Yeas 25, nays 25.

On motion of Mr. Slidell, the bill for the acquisition of Cuba was taken up.

Mr. Mason, of Virginia, offered an important amendment by way of a substitute, to the effect that Congress approves of the policy of the message of the President respecting the propriety and ultimate necessity of acquiring Cuba; that without any commitment as to future measures, should circumstances render such acquisition a necessity, at present Congress confines itself to the declaration that the United States is prepared to receive the island of Cuba whenever Spain will transfer it for a fair equivalent, and that the Government can never be neutral under any policy which would sever Cuba from Spain in favor of any other foreign power.

Mr. Collamer, of Vt., had the floor and denied that any expansion of territory is a necessity of national growth. It depends on how much we may have already. Nations have grown for centuries and increased in wealth and power without increasing their territory one inch. He considered the policy of attaining country by conquest or by unnecessary acquisition, as at variance with the whole frame work of our Government, especially such a country as does border on our own, and which would require a standing army to defend. This Cuban bill was based on the idea of an indiscriminate voracity in our people for land, an assumption which he did not consider well founded.

Mr. Collamer discussed elaborately the effect which the acquisition of Cuba would have with its low priced slaves, which could be transported to Charleston at one dollar per head, thus stimulating instead of extinguishing the slave trade. He concluded by a reply seriatim to the various arguments adduced by the supporters of the bill.

Mr. Mallory, of Florida, commenced a speech in favor of the acquisition, but, after he had proceeded some time, gave way for a motion to adjourn.

House.—The House proceeded to act on the amendments to the army appropriation bill as reported from the Committee of the Whole, on the state of the Union, by concurring in the amendments. The appropriations have been reduced as follows: Reduction for the erection of barracks, hire of quarters, &c., $100,000; for regular supplies of the quartermaster's department between 1,000 and 3,000 animals being dispensed with, $100,000; for transportation of the army, &c., $150,000; for the Springfield and Harper's Ferry armories $100,000; and for other objects $71,000. Total reduction $1,173,000, thus cutting down the appropriations for the army to about $11,050,000.

The House refused to strike out the appropriation of $118,000 for the arsenals. The army bill was then passed—yeas 116, nays 55(?).

Mr. Covode, of Pa., from the committee to investigate the accounts of Mr. Steadman, the late superintendent of public printing, stated that Harry Connelly, of Philadelphia, came here as a witness, but, refusing to remain, left for home yesterday afternoon. He offered a resolution which was adopted, directing the Speaker to issue his warrant to the sergeant-at-arms to take the body of Connelly wherever found and bring him before the bar of the House to answer for contempt of its authority.

The Speaker stated that the question to be on the motion Mr. Phillips made on last Monday to suspend the rules in order to enable him to introduce a bill providing for the payment of outstanding treasury notes, authorizing a loan of twenty one millions for six years at an interest not exceeding 6 per centum, and regulating and levying duties on imports and for other purposes.

Mr. Morrill, of Vt., intimated that he should, if the rules be suspended, like to offer his bill as a substitute.

Mr. Phillips, in reply to a question by Mr. Sickles, said his intention was not to move to put the bill on its passage, but to refer it to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. Houston, of Alabama, wished further reading of the bill to be dispensed with; it was the worst bill that had been introduced; he had already heard enough of it.

Mr. Florence, of Pennsylvania, said the House had better go on with the reading of the bill.

Mr. Kelsey, of New York, said that the reading of the bill was commenced at his instance, and he wanted to hear all of it.

The clerk then completed reading the bill.

The question taken on suspending the rules was decided in the negative—yeas 122, nays 91—two-thirds being necessary.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union on the post office appropriation bill.

Mr. Blair, of Missouri, offered an amendment authorizing the Butterfield Overland Mail Company to carry the overland mail by any route they may select. He wanted to compel the Postmaster General to execute the law as it stands. Two members of this House had informed him that the Postmaster General has a large body of land in Arkansas, and this was the reason why the mail was made to take that course; besides, personal political considerations all induced the movement in that direction with reference to the Pacific Railroad.

Mr. Reagan, of Texas, was opposed to the amendment. Contract was made after great consideration. Several Cabinet meetings have been held with arguments for and against several routes before them, and they were all considered, with a view to public interests. The practicability of the route selected has been successfully tested; depots, etc., have been established; and now it was proposed to disturb this satisfactory arrangement. Any one acquainted with the Postmaster General knew that he would not be controlled by any such selfish or personal interest in the discharge of his duties. He knew nothing about the Postmaster General owning lands in Arkansas; but if he did, the transmission of mails could not thereby be affected. The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, offered an amendment providing that advertisements of mail routes in each State and Territory shall be published in two newspapers only, of largest circulation, in each State or Territory.

Amendment adopted, with additional proviso that they shall not be selected in the same city or town.

Mr. Colfax, of Ind., offered an amendment, which was adopted, giving the contract for printing post office blanks to the lowest bidder.

Mr. Oliver, of N. Y., moved an amendment, which was adopted, giving the contract for wrapping paper to the lowest bidder.

Without coming to a conclusion on the bill, the committee rose and the House took a recess until evening for general debate.

Evening Session.—Mr. Abbott, of Me., condemned the extravagance of the Administration and the Dred Scott decision.

Mr. Lovejoy, of Ill., was opposed to the acquisition of Cuba. He spoke of the despotism of slavery in the South, and said that if free discussion and a free press were allowed there in twelve months there would be more Republican votes in the slave States than there are now Democratic votes in the North.

Mr. Montgomery, of Pa., was opposed to the tariff of 1857, and was in favor of its immediate repeal. He advocated protection and showed its general beneficial effects.

Mr. Jackson, of Ga., obtained permission to print his speech defending the estimates of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Lamar, of Miss. made a speech against specific duties.

At 10 o'clock about a dozen members were present, some of them waiting to deliver speeches.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

The Times's special Washington dispatch says: "As Mr. A. B. Martin, who has been exposing certain frauds on the part of United States Marshal Pine of Ills., was leaving his hotel to fill an engagement with Senator Davis, he was arrested by an officer on a search warrant issued upon the oath of John S. Little, who is at Washington to defend Pine, that Martin had in his possession valuable papers abstracted from the Marshal's office and belonging to the Government. Martin surrendered, when his pockets were searched. The officers then proceeded to Martin's room, accompanied by Little, where they read all of Martin's private correspondence, including letters from his wife. H. S. Fitch, son of Senator Fitch, was also present during the reading of Martin's correspondence. The object appeared to be to ascertain the names of parties engaged in having Pine removed. After a careful reading of Martin's letters, the parties proceeded to the room of Mr. Chandler, a particular friend of Senator Douglas, and there overhauled his private correspondence. To day a warrant was procured and sent to New York for the arrest of Little on a charge of perjury, he having left in the afternoon train for that city. A requisition will be sent for him to-morrow. Several distinguished gentlemen are interesting themselves in the matter, and there is no telling where it will end. An attempt is making to break the force of the complaint against Pine by impeaching the witness Martin, late book-keeper to the Marshal.

The select committee in relation to corruptions connected with the navy department and navy yards is not able to agree on a report. Messrs. Sherman and Ritchie will submit a statement and Messrs. Bocock and Groesbeck will write another, while Mr. Ready, of Tennessee, will have something to say in a third report.

It is said that a portion of the troops in Utah will be ordered to the Southern boundary of New Mexico.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.

The Times' Washington correspondent says: "I have just learned upon excellent authority that two commissioners are on their way to St. Thomas, sent by Miramon to invite Santa Anna back to Mexico to take charge of the Government. This is considered a European move."

The statement that H. S. Fitch participated in the search of Martin and Chandler's rooms here on Saturday was erroneous. He was present but refused to participate.

The Herald's correspondent says the Post-Office Committee of the Senate met this morning, and authorized their chairman to report a bill for the California service. The bill provides for a semi-monthly service with New York to San Francisco by way of Panama, and a semi-monthly service from New Orleans, by way of Tehuantepec. The service is to be let to the lowest bidder, at a sum not to exceed $450,000 for the service by way of Panama, including the transit of the Isthmus, and $175,000 for the Tehuantepec route. The steamers from Panama are to stop at Ventosa and take the Tehuantepec mails on the Pacific.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

Information has been received from an official source that, during the late war against China, the Russian Admiral discovered a new harbor in the Amoor country, on the 45th parallel of north latitude, and named it Vladimir. This port is to be connected by a railroad, eighty miles long, with the river Ousuri, which is closed by ice only one or two months in the year. It is only twenty-four hours sail from Japan.

The returns show that our commerce with the Amoor country last year, when trade was first opened, amounted to $1,000,000. The Amoor is rich in furs, agricultural products, and minerals.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to a resolution of the House, says that to the failure of bills consolidating revenues which he had the honor to submit, containing certain provisions, is to be attributed to the absence of statistics of the coasting trade in the reports of the department on commerce and navigation.

The House had inquired why the statistics had not been furnished. It appears that there are no facilities to supply them.

A recent letter from La Rochelle, France, says that the yield of the grape has been more abundant than drinkable water. Coopers were employed night and day, but being unable to supply the demand for casks, the wine had to be converted into brandy.

About twelve Democrats from Northern and Western States together with those from Pennsylvania voted with the majority on Mr. Phillips's motion to suspend the rule, in order to enable him to receive a two thirds vote. The negative vote was composed of Democrats, in company with four Republicans and two Americans.

Rumors have been circulated and believed that the President would transmit to Congress, in case that no action be taken on the tariff question, a message reminding them that an extra session would be necessary, but there is no truth in the report.

Gen. Henand(?), of Cuban notoriety, has returned to Washington.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 21.

The Overland California Mail with dates to the 28th ult., arrived here to-night. A fight between a party of volunteers under Capt. Mesick, and a large party of Indians had occurred in Humboldt co. Twenty Indians were killed and a number taken prisoners.

The Los Angeles Vineyard says that there is good reason to believe that a party of fifteen men belonging to the Stockton and Albuquerque Mail Co. had been massacred on the Colorado by the Mojave Indians.

The fight between the Mojaves and Col. Hoffman's escort is confirmed.

Victoria dates to the 22d ult. have been received. A bill to legalize the decimal currency had been introduced in the Vancouver's Island Assembly.

Large amounts of merchandise were smuggled into British Columbia from the adjacent American towns.

Frazer river had risen several feet, but was free of ice, and the miners were generally at work.

A card published in the San Francisco Herald, endorsing the course and address of John Nugent, caused considerable excitement at Victoria. Several counter cards had appeared.

Passengers state that heavy rains had fallen throughout California.

There had been considerable emigration from Texas to the Gila gold mines.

Captain Johnson, a passenger from Fort Belknap, en route to Washington, was robbed as he stepped from the train at the Pacific railroad depot, of $1000, and several hundred dollars worth of Treasury drafts.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

The steamship Black Warrior from Havana, which went ashore at Rockaway, still remains aground. The specie on board has been saved, and lighters and tug boats are alongside receiving the cargo preparatory to the attempt to get her afloat. She remains tight.

Eight o'clock P. M.—The Black Warrior lies in about the same position. Three lighters are alongside of her. The wind is blowing a gale from the northwest. Probably the steamer will not come off. She is steadily bedding in the sand. Her passengers, specie, and most of the crew were brought up this afternoon by the steam tug Screamer. The Black Warrior is valued at $150,000 and is insured in this city.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.

The steamship Africa with dates from Liverpool to the 5th inst., the same as those received by the Prince Albert at St. Johns, arrived here this morning.

Baron Von Gerolt is a passenger by the Africa. The Africa spoke on the 6th inst. the steamship Niagara bound for Liverpool off Bally Cotton. Also the steamship Iowa off Cork on the 11th. She passed the Europa for Liverpool in lat. 50 long. 25, and on the 10 inst. the Arabia, for Liverpool in lat. 46 long. [illegible].

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

An effort will be made in the Senate this week to take up the Arizona territorial bill. In the event of its passage in that body, it is considered that its chances in the House will be better than heretofore.

The select committee appointed to investigate the alleged corruption, in conjunction with the House committee, consists of Messrs. Nichols of Ohio, Winslow of N. C., Davis of La., Whitley of Del., and F. B. Cochrane of N. Y.

NORFOLK, Feb. 21.

The bark Julia Dean, of Charleston, Capt. Hood, [illegible] with a cargo of [illegible] dry goods, and rum, has been brought here in charge of Lieut. [illegible] of the U. S. sloop of war Vincennes, having been taken as a slaver off Cape Castle.

NEW YORK, February 21.

Advices from Barbadoes, to [illegible] by an arrival here, state that the United States steamer Metacomet, of the Paraguay expedition sailed from Barbadoes on the 8th inst. for Pernambuco. A Danish war steamer touched at St. Thomas on the 1st inst. on her way to Dominica, to demand from the Dominican government reparation for the seizure of three Danish vessels during the administration of President Baez.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

The bank statement for the week ending on Saturday shows a decrease in loans of $1,000,000; increase in specie, $420,000; decrease in circulation, $105,000; and a decrease in net deposits of $410,000.

BOSTON, Feb. 21, A. M.

Arrivals at this port report that the sloop-of-war Dale sailed from Loango on the 25th November on a cruising voyage.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 21, M.

River 21 feet 3 inches by pier mark and about stationary. Weather clear; mercury 40.

Arrived: Arizona and Henry Graff. No departures.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 21, P. M.

River 20 feet 6 inches by pier mark and falling. Weather clear and cool.

No arrivals or departures since noon.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 22, M.

River 17 feet 6 inches by pier mark and falling. Weather clear and mild.

Arrived: Conestoga and Melrose. No departures.

Ten or twelve pairs of drifting coal boats left to-day.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 21, M.

The river, after rising about 6 feet, began to recede this morning and has fallen 4 inches during the day. Weather clear and mild.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 22, M.

River rose 12 inches in the last 24 hours, about 6 inches last night and still swelling slowly. There are now 55 feet 3 inches water in the channel. The weather is clear and beautiful.

The attention of the business community turned to the anniversary, which is being celebrated.

Reported for the Louisville Journal.

XXXVTH CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION.

Tuesday's Proceedings Concluded.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.

Senate—Mr. King, N. Y., presented a memorial of John Reaves, Naval Architect, of Brooklyn, asking that the U. S. Minister at Constantinople be instructed to urge his claims upon the Turkish Government. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Fitch, of Indiana, from the Committee on Printing, moved the reconsideration of the resolution to print 5,000 extra copies of the Coast Survey for distribution along the seaboard.

This motion gave rise to considerable discussion pending which,

Mr. Hunter, of Va., moved to take up the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Appropriation bill, which was discussed. The bill appropriates as follows: For the compensation and mileage of Senators $319,618; Senate officers, clerks, messengers, and others, $78,900; contingent expenses, viz: binding $50,000, engraving $30,000, stationery $5,000, newspapers $3,000, Congressional Globe and binding $1,900; reporting proceedings for Congressional Globe $18,046(?); Committees, clerks, pages, police, horses, and carriages $32,000; miscellaneous items $20,000; compensation and mileage of members and delegates of House of Representatives $1,019,000. House officers, clerks, messengers, and others, $77,700; House contingent expenses, viz: binding $75,000, stationery $15,000, horses $35,000, newspapers $12,500, engraving $50,000, various items for labor, police, &c., $25,000, folding documents $30,000; miscellaneous $40,000; committees clerks, temporary and otherwise, $17,000; John C. Rives for extra per page over 3,000 pages of Congressional Globe $11,000; usual additional compensation to the Globe reporters $1,000; paper for printing for the 36th Congress $70,000; miscellaneous library and printing about $30,000; Court of Claims $31,000; Executive Department $39,000; Department of State about $87,000.

At this point the hour of half-past one arriving, a debate ensued as to the order of business, the Vice President submitting to the Senate whether the appropriation bill should be considered or the bill for the acquisition of Cuba be taken up.

Mr. Slidell, of Louisiana, said that if the Cuba bill was postponed he would consider it as an evasion of a direct vote on the bill. He had been informed by his opponents that they intended to prevent a vote upon it this session. He regretted that its friends were missing as the dinner hour approached, while the opposition seemed disciplined and were better setters. He trusted that the bill would be disposed of at this session. The vote being taken on the question of postponing the Cuban bill, it was agreed to—yeas 33, nays 22.

The Senate then resumed the appropriation bill. The appropriations for the Treasury Department were about $600,000, Indian Department $110,000, Surveyor General $163,000; War Department $130,000; Navy Department $102,000; Postoffice Department $180,000; Executive printing $48,000; Philadelphia mint $145,000; San Francisco mint $111,000; New York assay office $16,700; New Orleans mint $60,000; Charlotte mint $8,000; Dahlonega mint $8,000; government of Oregon $34,000; government of New Mexico $17,000; government of Utah $8,000; government of Washington $30,000; government of Nebraska $36,000; government of Kansas $32,000; Judiciary $197,000; Attorney General $31,000; Independent Treasury $126,000; expenses of collection of land revenue $145,000; debates [illegible] in paper for first session of the thirty fifth Congress $38,500, in paper for second session of thirty fifth Congress $62,000; Washington city items about $64,000; miscellaneous about $10,000. The total amount of appropriations is about $5,000,000.

The only amendments of importance introduced into the Senate were those from the Finance Committee—making an appropriation of $20,000 to take the census of the population of Kansas, with a view to the admission of that Territory into the Union as a State; also $6,000 to pay the Oregon Senators; also additional sections relating to the mint, extending the time for the issue of coins to two years, also that, when refined gold bullion shall be deposited at the mint or its branches, the Treasury shall make payment therefor as soon as coined, and that the charge for coining shall be ½ of 1 per cent.—all of which were adopted.

Mr. King, of N. Y., offered an amendment to the bill, that any surplus in the receipts over the expenditures of the Assay office in New York, shall be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in the alteration of the premises and the purchase of machinery for coining gold and silver as soon as possible.

Messrs. King and Seward advocated the resolution against Mr. Bigler, and the debate was entered into with considerable pertinacity.

Mr. Hale, of N. H., although he had no partiality for either city, thought that the New York office merely asked permission to expend the savings it had made by judicious management. It would be economical and wise to have the money coined at New York, where the gold is brought, instead of having it carted to Philadelphia and back.

Mr. Hunter raised a point of order.

Mr. Iverson, who occupied the chair, sustained Mr. Hunter, and decided that the surplus, if any, at the New York Assay office, belonged to the Treasury. Hence Mr. King's amendment was equivalent to an additional appropriation, and therefore out of order.

Mr. King said that he would not appeal from the decision of the chair, but would take another opportunity to put the subject before the Senate.

At a later period of the debate, Mr. Clingman, of N. C., moved to strike out all appropriation for the Assay office at New York.

Mr. Cameron, of Pa., said that they are careful and prudent people in Philadelphia, but he did not mean to impeach the integrity of the people of New York. They are a great people. They do things magnificently and expensively, and, in fact, a great deal of money is wasted in that great city, which aspires to be, not only the commercial, but political metropolis of the country.

Mr. Clingman said if his amendment prevailed, he would move to abolish the interior custom houses in New York State.

Mr. Seward said that this was the first time that he ever knew any member of this House who thought he could affect the State of New York by a deprival of the patronage of the Federal Government. He (Mr. Seward) was perfectly willing for any body to try it. Let them go ahead and see how they would come out of it. The New York assay office had been established for four years, in which time $38,000,000 of gold and $150,000 of silver had been stamped. The cost of transport to and from Philadelphia is one dollar per thousand dollars of gold, and three dollars per thousand pounds weight of silver. The transport of that amount equal to $77,000, was saved by the assay office.

Mr. Clingman's motion was lost.

Mr. Trumbull moved that the mints at Charlotte and Dahlonega be abolished, and that the President be authorized to sell the sites.

Mr. Bayard moved to include the assay office at New York.

Mr. Bayard's amendment was lost, and Mr. Trumbull's was adopted.

Mr. Wilson, of Mass., introduced as a new section that the mileage of Senators be reduced from 40 to 20 cents. He contended that that was as much as it ought to be. His own opinion was, however, in favor of a graduated scale from 15 to 20 cents, according to distance. As the House bill makes no appropriation for the mileage of members, he would accept it as an indication that the House condemns the present system, and he would meet them with this proposal.

Mr. Hunter said that this was a delicate and difficult matter and had better be incorporated in another bill. Mr. Hunter, himself, could not make the suggestion without prejudice, as he receives no mileage, or next to none.

Mr. Wilson's amendment was lost.

Mr. Hale moved as an additional section to repeal the restriction clause of the act to admit Kansas, and called on the Oregon Senators to do for her as they had been done by.

Messrs. Lane and Smith, of Oregon, said that when Kansas came before Congress, seeking admission, they would act by her with justice.

Mr. Smith made a speech at some length.

Mr. Douglas took the floor and proceeded to say that his sentiments were well known. They had undergone no change, and he did not expect they would change. He held that Kansas ought to come in, irrespective of a census, with such a constitution as she shall choose. Hence, he did not admit the necessity of an appropriation for taking the census. He wanted this appropriation stricken out or the restriction clause repealed.

Mr. Green, of Mo., entered his protest against the introduction of this exciting and inflammatory subject. He mentioned that he was to day authorized to report against a constitution framed at Leavenworth, and which had been offered by the Senator from New York, and he was delaying it at the instance of the delegates from Kansas, who say that the people do not wish to come in under that constitution. Mr. Green concluded by inculcating the duty of preserving a unity of feeling in all sections of the country.

After several attempts to adjourn, most of them being defeated by the vigilance of Mr. Hunter, who was anxious to get the bill passed. The Senate finally adjourned at a late hour.

House.—Mr. Davis, of Mass., moved to take up the bill granting bounty lands to privateersmen. Lost—yeas 77, nays 90. The bill consequently goes to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, and will probably not be reached this session.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Postoffice Appropriation bill.

Mr. Hatch, N. Y., offered an amendment providing that the supplies for the department should be given out by contract to the lowest bidder. He said there was a similar provision in the organic law of New York, which had saved millions from corruption and fraud. This was the only method of effecting a reform. The amendment was rejected.

Mr. Garnett, of Virginia, made a speech on constantly increasing expenses of the Postoffice Department. If they grow at the rate of a million dollars per year there is no knowing where they will stop. He offered an amendment restricting the Postmaster-General to the present appropriation for the next year's expenditures.

Mr. Barksdale, of Mississippi, said the [illegible] had been [illegible] on the application of Members [illegible] and he complimented the Postmaster-General on having extended the mail facilities to the hitherto neglected South and West.

Mr. Sickles, of New York, remarked that the amendment would be a positive relief to the Postmaster General, and he could not imagine how it could in any possible sense be offensive to him.

Mr. Seward, of Georgia, offered an amendment providing that the money shall be expended equally in all the States. He did so to show the utter folly and impracticability of Mr. Garnett's position that the Post Office Department could be made self-sustaining.

Mr. John Cochrane, of New York, was convinced that the Department should be in an [illegible] and political sense a self-sustaining machine. As to the State of New York the receipts were largely in excess of the expenditures.

Mr. [illegible] thought that [illegible] should [illegible]. It was [illegible] former years, [illegible] now existing.

Mr. Cochrane, resuming, spoke in favor of the abrogation of the franking privilege as the commencement of a wholesome reform.

Mr. Moore said that if the receipts in New York were largely in excess of the expenditures, it was because the ocean mail facilities were conferred on the city of New York.

Mr. Smith made similar remarks.

Mr. Sickles replied, drawing on official data, that the service in New York was self-sustaining, and that the State is a creditor to the amount of $1,000,000.

Mr. Florence, of Pa., thought that this rivalry between gentlemen in and out of New York, should be made to cease. He trusted that when the Ocean Mail Steamers bill should come up, gentlemen will exercise discretion, and distribute that kind of service all over the Union, and not confine it to New York, which has so many commercial and artificial advantages. The effect of Mr. Garnett's amendment, he said would be to curtail the service.

Mr. Branch, of North Carolina, favored Mr. Garnett's amendment, while he would make the most liberal postal arrangements. It was only of late that the Postmaster General has been allowed to call on the public treasury, and this placed a greater reason why Congress should limit and control his discretion in the expenditures.

Mr. Garnett said that his amendment did not apply to ocean or Overland mails. He only asked that the purse of the nation should remain under the control of, and not at the indiscriminate mercies of any Executive officer.

After further debate, Garnett's amendment was rejected—Yeas, 51, Nays not counted.

Messrs. Avery and Atkins, of Tenn., severally replied to remarks made yesterday by Mr. Blair, and with much earnestness defended the Postmaster General from the charge that in selecting the Overland route, he was influenced by personal considerations. They said it was true that the Postmaster General owned land in Arkansas, but not within eighty miles of the route, and that on the Mississippi.

Mr. Blair, of Missouri said that Craig, of Mo., and English, of Ind., informed him that the Postmaster General owned lands in Arkansas.

Mr. English denied that he ever communicated any such information. Mr. English explained. He did say, in electing the route, there was more of politics than advancing the value of the public lands, and that he thought it was the pioneer of the Pacific Railroad. He however had attributed no unworthy motives to the Postmaster General, to whom the administration was indebted for three-fourths of its popularity. [Laughter.]

Mr. Florence, of Pa., denied that the Postmaster General's land touched anywhere near the route.

Mr. Blair wished to know how the gentlemen knew that fact.

Mr. Florence replied that he asked the Postmaster General this morning. The route has been heretofore adopted by the late Gen. Rusk.

These explanations occurred not a little excitement.

Without concluding action on the bill, the committee rose, and, on motion of Mr. Burnett, the House took up and passed the Senate bill, incorporating the Washington National Monument Society. It contains the names of the gentlemen representing the various branches of the public service, as the managers, including Lieut. General Scott, together with civilians. The President of the United State is ex officio President of the Society.

Mr. English, rising to an explanation, remarked that he had never said, in conversation with Mr. Blair, of his own knowledge, that the Postmaster General owned lands in Arkansas, in the vicinity of the overland route, although he might have spoken of such a rumor in circulation but he had no recollection of even doing this.

Mr. Blair replied that he had never quoted Mr. English as asserting the facts of his own knowledge.

On motion of Mr. Covode, Harry Connelly, after whom the Sergeant-at-Arms had been sent to compel his attendance as a witness before the committee investigating the accounts of the late Superintendent of Printing, was discharged from custody, he having voluntarily returned to Washington.

Mr. Hughes asked leave to introduce a bill to revive the tariff of 1846.

Mr. Phelps had previously moved a resolution for general debate.

Several motions were made to adjourn, and the contest between the friends of an adjournment and those in favor of a recess was confusedly kept up for a long time.

Mr. Howard of Mich. said it was at his instance that a recess had been moved. He wished the bill to facilitate business, but the gentlemen on the other side had refused this arrangement.

Mr. Barrett of Ky. was opposed to seven or eight gentlemen coming here in the evening and publish their speeches, some of which were never delivered.

Wearied out with the contest, the House adjourned.

FURTHER BY THE AFRICA.

HALIFAX, Feb. 22.

London, Feb. 5.—The funds opened yesterday at a decline and closed ⅛ lower than Thursday's quotations. All other classes of securities show a decided decline.

The Daily News argues from the remarks of the Premier and the Chancellor of the Exchequer, that the position of foreign affairs is most critical.

Ministers are unable to furnish authoritative explanations respecting the intentions of the French Emperor, and it is more clearly felt than ever, that the preservation of peace depends on the will of that individual.

The Times' city article says that the conviction is, that war is intended to be provoked.

The discussions in Parliament have had a very discouraging effect, which was greatly encouraged by the announcement of an attempt by Sardinia to make a loan, and the issue of an imperial pamphlet on Italy.

All the London city journals are speculating on the war question. The London Times says, in a leading editorial, that the torch of war once lighted, no one can tell where it will be quenched. To England, there seems to be but one duty—that of saying energetically, that without war or any other disturbance of the general peace of Europe Italy shall be free.

In another part of the city article, the Times says that it is presumed that the Sardinian loan is to be raised in Turin; but that it shall be impracticable, then at Paris, under French guarantee. In London, it would be scarcely entertained for a moment.

The fall in the 3 per cent., since the 1st of January has already been nearly equal to 1½ per cent.

Advices received by telegraph, state that fighting has been commenced in Montenegro. The Russians have been repulsed in an attempt to take the town of Theindjik, on the Circassian coast.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.

Advices from Africa to Nov. 27, received at the Navy Department, say that the United States sloop of war Dale had arrived at Loanda after an interesting cruise in the Gulf of Guinea. At Elmina, the Governor and Dutch officers of the castle of St. George treated the officers of the Dale with the most distinguished hospitality. The Governor and his aid-de-camp were carried down to Accra as passengers. The Dale was to leave Dec. 1 for the Cape de Verdes. She had been at sea almost constantly.

HALIFAX, Feb. 22.

The steamship Bremen, from Bremen, with dates to the 5th inst., arrived here this morning, short of coal. She encountered strong gales during the entire passage.

The warlike rumors continued throughout Europe.

The Bremen will continue her voyage to New York to-night.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.

The select committee to examine the charge of corruption, in connection with the Committee on Accounts, having examined all their witnesses, will probably report the result on Thursday.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 22, P. M.

River 16 feet 8 inches by the pier mark and falling. Weather clear and pleasant. Mercury 41. Arrived—[illegible].

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 12.

Juarez is preparing to organize for defence. He has 5,000 men and 200 guns and has ordered 2,000 from the country. He is sanguine of defeating Miramon.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 22.

River falling slowly, with 18 feet to Cairo, all the upper streams are in good boating order, as far as open. The weather is cloudy with indications of rain.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 22, P. M.

The river is rising very slowly, not over ½ inch per.

RIVER NEWS.

MEMORANDUM.—The Pacific left New Orleans Monday, Feb. 14, at 4 P. M., with [illegible] freight [illegible]. [illegible] Red river [illegible] Cairo.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.
FEBRUARY 22.

ARRIVALS.

Telegraph No. [illegible], Cincinnati	[illegible] Dean, Carrollton.
[illegible], Cin.	[illegible], Pitts.
H. [illegible], Green river	S. [illegible], Nash.
South America, N. O.	[illegible], Cin.
Pacific, N. O.	[illegible], Henderson.
Lamar(?), N. O.	J. B. Ford, Wheeling.
J[illegible], Pitts.	[illegible] Wood, Pitts.
Alhambra(?), St. L.	[illegible], St. L.
Fort Wayne, N. O.	

DEPARTURES.

Telegraph No. [illegible], Cincinnati	[illegible] Dean, Carrollton.
[illegible], N. O.	[illegible], N. O.
S. [illegible]	[illegible], Pitts.
[illegible], N. O.	[illegible], Cin.
J[illegible], St. L.	J. Wood, St. L.
Altamont(?), [illegible]	[illegible], Pitts.
Fort Wayne, [illegible]	[illegible], Green river.

RECEIPTS.

Per steamer H. [illegible], from [illegible] Green—[illegible] hhds tobacco, [illegible] & Bros; 22 hhds tobacco, [illegible] Brown, [illegible]; [illegible] hhds tobacco, [illegible]; [illegible] bales and [illegible] sundries, [illegible]. Returns on Wednesday at 4 o'clock.

Per Telegraph from Henderson—[illegible] hhds tobacco, Ronald & B.; [illegible] wheat, [illegible]; 22 sacks corn, [illegible]; [illegible] do do, H. J. Kramer; [illegible] do do [illegible].

Per Pacific from New Orleans—[illegible] molasses, Newcomb; 50 bags coffee, 14 hhds sugar, [illegible]; [illegible] do do, Bustard; 4 do do, [illegible]; [illegible], [illegible] Murray, [illegible].

Louisville and New Orleans Lightning Line Packet.
For New Orleans.
The new and magnificent passenger steamer DIANA, E. T. [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on Saturday, the 5th of March, at [illegible] o'clock, P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
f23 P. S. BENEDICT & SON, or [illegible], Agents.

Louisville and New Orleans Lightning Line Packet.
For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans.
The new and magnificent passenger steamer [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on this day [illegible] inst., at 12 o'clock, M., from the city wharf.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
[illegible] & CO. or [illegible], Agents, Wall street.

REGULAR PACKET
For Eastport, Tuscumbia, and Florence.
The new and magnificent passenger steamer TIME, [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on [illegible], P. M. from city wharf.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
f21 [illegible], Agent.

[illegible] PACKET
For Owensboro, Evansville, Henderson
[illegible]
For freight or passage apply on board or to
[illegible] N. S. LONG & BRO., Agents.

[illegible] PACKET
For Owensboro Evansville, & Henderson
[illegible]
[illegible], Agent.

REGULAR PACKET
For Owensboro Evansville and Bowling Green.
[illegible]

Louisville and New Orleans Lightning Line Packet
For New Orleans.
The new and magnificent passenger steamer [illegible], master, [illegible], P. M., from [illegible].
[illegible], Agent.

Louisville and New Orleans Lightning Line Packet
For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans.
The new and magnificent passenger steamer [illegible], master, [illegible], P. M.
[illegible], Agent.

REGULAR U. S. MAIL PACKET
For Mound City, Cairo Columbus, Hickman, and Memphis.
[illegible]
[illegible], Agent.

REGULAR WEDNESDAY U. S. MAIL PACKET
For Mound City Cairo Columbus, Hickman, and Memphis.
The [illegible] passenger steamer [illegible], master, will leave for above [illegible] 23d inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
f23 N. S. LONG & BRO., Agents, No. 5 Wall street.

REGULAR PACKET
For Eastport, Tuscumbia, and Florence.
The new and magnificent passenger steamer TIME, [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on [illegible], the 24th inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M., positively from city wharf.
For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply on board or to
f N. S. LONG & BRO., Agents, No. 5 Wall street.

Louisville and New Orleans Lightning Line Packet.
For New Orleans.
The new and magnificent passenger steamer BALTIC, C. H. [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on Monday, the 28th inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
f23 FRANK CARTER, Ticket Agent, 22 Main street.

Louisville and New Orleans Lightning Line Packet.
For New Orleans.
The fine and magnificent passenger steamer REPUBLIC, [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on Wednesday, [illegible], at 4 o'clock, P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
f22 FRANK CARTER, Agent.

REGULAR PASSENGER PACKET
For Evansville and Bowling Green.
The fine and magnificent passenger steamer [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on Wednesday, [illegible], at 4 o'clock, P. M., positively from city wharf.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
f N. S. LONG & BRO., Agents, No. 5 Wall street.

REGULAR PACKET
For Clarksville and Nashville.
The new and magnificent light-draught passenger steamer TEMPEST(?), [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on Thursday, the [illegible], at 4 o'clock, P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
[illegible], Agents.

REGULAR PASSENGER PACKET
For Clarksville and Nashville.
The new and magnificent light-draught passenger steamer TEMPEST, Capt. D. [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on [illegible], at 4 o'clock, P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
f N. S. LONG & BRO., Agents, No. 5 Wall street.

REGULAR WEDNESDAY PASSENGER PACKET
For Evansville and Bowling Green.
The [illegible] passenger steamer HARLEQUIN(?), [illegible], master, will leave for above and intermediate ports every Wednesday at 4 o'clock, P. M., from city wharf. Passengers and shippers can rely upon this boat as advertised.
For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply on board or to
[illegible] N. S. LONG & [illegible], Agents, No. 5 Wall street.

THE ONLY REGULAR PACKET
For Westport, Bethlehem, Madison, Carrollton, and all intermediate landings.
The fine and [illegible] passenger packet steamer [illegible], master, will leave [illegible] every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at [illegible] o'clock. The boat will not be responsible after that hour.
For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply on board. [illegible]

For Clarksville and Nashville.
REGULAR THURSDAY PASSENGER PACKETS
[illegible]
N. B. Freight and passengers taken to all points on the Ohio river at the lowest rates.
For further particulars apply to
MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.,
Wall street.

REGULAR PACKET U. S. MAIL MORNING LINE
Connecting at Cincinnati with early Eastern trains.
For Cincinnati.
The new and magnificent passenger steamer TELEGRAPH No. [illegible], [illegible], master, [illegible] will leave for the above port daily at [illegible] M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent,
Office Mail Line wharfboat, Third.

SEED & AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE.
ARTHUR PETER. JAS. BUCHANAN.
PETER & BUCHANAN,
DEALERS IN
GARDEN AND GRASS SEEDS
AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
No. 484 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth sts.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES sent by mail gratis on application. [illegible]

ALEXANDER, ELLIS & CO., Lumber Dealers, and Sash, Door, Blind, and Box Manufacturers. Office at Warerooms, nearly opposite Galt House. ianl

ANDERSON T. & CO., Wholesale Auction and Commission Merchants, Main street.

ADAMS'S EXPRESS COMPANY, [illegible] Main street between Second and Third.

ATKINSON R & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Main st., between First and Second.

ARMSTRONG J. M., Wholesale and Retail Clothier, [illegible], corner Fourth and Main streets.

BUCHANAN AND'W & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants, corner Second and Washington sts.

BORIE A., Wholesale Dealer in Confectionaries, Fruits &c., 50 Third street, near Main.

BRANNIN & SUMMERS, Grocery and Commission Merchants, Galt House Block.

BRADY & DAVIES, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Main street.

BURKHARDT W. & H., Wholesale and Retail Grocery Market street, between Fourth and Fifth.

BLANCHARD & Son, Dealers in Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, [illegible] Main street.

BREEDEN & GARNETT, Lumber Merchants, First street, between Main and Water.

BRENT, H & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Main street, between First and Second.

BLANCAGNIEL, T., Wholesale Dealer in Groceries and Liquors, 21 Third street.

BARTLEY, WM. T. & CO., Commission Merchants Second street, between Main and Water.

CARY & TALBOT, Wholesale and Retail Druggists, south side Market street, above Fourth.

CRUMP, F. A., Bookseller, Stationer, &c., Fourth street, near Market.

CURD & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Sixth, between Main and Market streets.

CASSEDAY & HOPKINS, China, Glassware, &c., Main street, between Third and Fourth.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, F. B. Atwood, Secretary.

CLARKE, JOHN W., Bookseller and Stationer, Mozart Hall, 128 Fourth street.

CASTLEMAN & TORBITT, Wholesale Grocers, 532 Main street.

DAVIS & SPEED, General Agents, Commission and Grocery Merchants, Main street.

DICKSON & GILMORE, Dealers in Firearms, &c., Third street, between Main and Market.

DAWES, S. F., Druggists and Apothecaries, Mozart Building, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets.

DUPONT C. I. & A. V., Manufacturers of News, Book, and Colored Printing Paper, 477 Main street.

DAVIDSON A., Dealer in Books, Stationery, &c., Third street, near Market.

DUVALL, C & CO., Dealers in Carpets, &c., 537 Main street, opposite Bank of Kentucky.

DUMESNIL & CO., Produce and Commission Merchants, 43 Wall street.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, corner of Main and Bullitt street.

FLETCHER & BENNETT, Dealers in Jewelry and Silverware, 463 Main street.

GARDNER & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, [illegible] Main street.

GAY WM., Grocery and Commission Merchant, on Main street, between Second and Third.

GRIFFITH JOSEPH, Manufacturer and Dealer in Guns, Pistols, &c., Fifth st., bet. Main and Market.

GAETANO & CO., Wholesale Confectioners and Fruiterers, Main, between Seventh and Eighth streets.

HALBERT, MARSHALL & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Main, between Third and Fourth streets.

HARRIS THEODORE, Photographist, &c., 477 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

HIRSCHBUHL J. J., Dealer in Watches, Jewelry, &c. Main street, between Second and Third.

HITE & SMALL, Dealers in Household Furnishing Goods, [illegible] Main street.

HENRY S. G. & CO., Auctioneers, corner of Main and Fourth streets.

HOWARD JOHN F. & CO., Grocery and Commission Merchants, Main street, between Third and Fourth.

HIBBITT & SON, Family Grocers, [illegible] Market street between Second and Third.

HUNT THOS. H. & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 47 Wall street.

CRAIG, A. Dealer in Hats, Caps, &c. corner of Fourth and Main streets.

HERBERT & WRIGHT, No. [illegible] Third street, Manufacturers and Dealers in Bolting Cloths, Mill Stones, Mills, Smut Machines, and Mill articles. sep27 dtf

JENKINS, THOS. E. & CO., Druggists and Chemists Third and Walnut streets.

JACK & BROTHER, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, [illegible] Main street.

KENNEDY & MORRIS, Wholesale and Retail Clothiers, [illegible] Main street.

KITTS JOHN & CO., Dealers in Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, &c., Main street, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

KENDRICK WM., Dealer in Watches, Jewelry, &c., 71 Third street.

LOUISVILLE FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Main street, between Fourth and Bullitt.

LOUISVILLE INSURANCE COMPANY, north side of Main street, between Third and Fourth.

LOW JAMES & CO., Wholesale Dry Goods Dealers, 417 Main street.

LEMON JAS. I. & CO., Dealers in Watches, Jewelry, &c., [illegible] Main street, above Third.

LANHAM & CO., Dealers in Teas, Liquors, and Fancy Groceries, [illegible] Third street.

LINDENBERGER & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Main street, between Third and Fourth.

MORRIS, G. W., Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Liquors, Foreign Fruits, &c., Third st., below Main.

MUNN & CO., Manufacturers of Agricultural Implements, corner Green and Eighth streets.

MARTIN & PENTON, Dealers in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, 95 Fourth street.

MOORE, MURRAY & HADEN, Wholesale Grocers and Liquor Dealers, Main street, above Galt House.

MONKS J., Dealer in Wines, Liquors, &c., [illegible] Main street between Sixth and Seventh.

MADDEN F., Bookseller and Stationer, 101 Third street near the Post-Office.

McBRIDE A., Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, and Manufacturer of Plates, &c., Third st.

MORRIS J. S. & SON, Wholesale Druggists, 461 Main street, above Fifth.

MORTON & GRISWOLD, Dealers in Books, Stationery, &c., [illegible] Main street.

MARK & DOWNS, Dealers in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, [illegible] Main street.

MONARCH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Main street, between Third and Fourth.

NEWCOMB H. D. & BRO., Grocery and Commission Merchants, Wall street.

NOCK, WICKS, & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, [illegible] Main street.

OSBORN, Mrs. WM., Dealer in Millinery Goods, Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth.

PITKIN BRO., Dealer in Seeds, Agricultural Implements, &c., Main street, between Third and Fourth.

PEATHER & SMITH, Dealer in Hats, Caps, and Straw Goods, [illegible] Main street.

PETER & BUCHANAN, Dealers in Seeds, Agricultural Implements, &c., [illegible] Main street.

PETERS, CRAGG & CO., Publishers and Dealers in Music and Musical Instruments, &c., Fourth street.

ROBINSON R. A. & CO., Wholesale Druggists, &c., [illegible] Main street.

RAWSON, GOOD, & TODD, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 514 Main street.

RAMSEY M. C., Dealer in Watches, Jewelry, &c., [illegible] Main street.

STOKES, W. H., Dealer in Saddlery Hardware, &c. Main street, between Fifth and Sixth.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE, Wholesale and Retail Clothing Merchants, [illegible], corner Main and Fourth sts.

SPENCER C., Auctioneer, [illegible] Main street, between Third and Fourth.

SUES, J., No. 70 Fourth street, between Main and Market streets. Fancy and India Rubber Goods, Toys and Willow Ware. aug 31 dty

THOMPSON J. P., Dealer in Liquors, Wines, &c. Fourth street, between Main and Market.

TALBOTT W. W., Dealer in Fancy and Variety Goods 94 Fourth street.

VOGT & KLINK, Dealers in Watches, Jewelry, &c. Third street, near Market.

WALKER J. B., Merchant Tailor, 531 Main street, between Second and Third.

WEBSTER & BROTHER, Daguerreotypists, [illegible] Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

WILDER J. B. & BRO., Wholesale Druggists, &c. [illegible] Main street.

WIRGMAN HENRY, General Commission Merchant, [illegible] Main street.

WILSON, STARBIRD, & SMITH, Wholesale Druggists, &c., [illegible] Main street.

SUGAR.—80 hhds good fair received per Empress and Woodford and for sale by H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO., f19 Wall street.

PLANTATION MOLASSES.—100 bbls and 100 hf bbls received per steamers Fanny Bullitt and Empress and for sale by [f18] TYLER & MARTIN.

SPICES.—50 bags Pepper, Pimento, and Ginger for sale by f19 TYLER & MARTIN.

PHILADELPHIA CRUSHED AND POWDERED SUGAR.—25 bbls received per steamboat Eunice. f19 TYLER & MARTIN.

BAGGING.—Hand-made and Hunt's Extra Power-loom in store and for sale by f19 THOS. H. HUNT & CO.

ROPE.—Best brands Hand-made and Hunt's Extra Machine-make in store and for sale by f19 THOS. H. HUNT & CO.

COFFEE.—500 bags prime Rio; 75 do Old Java, in pockets; for sale by f19 RAWSON, GOOD, & TODD.

JEANS AND LINSEYS.—Various choice brands in store and for sale by f19 THOS. H. HUNT & CO.

HEMP WANTED.—We are constantly buying and paying the highest prices for hemp. THOS. H. HUNT & CO., f19 Wall street.

WOOL WANTED.—Will pay the highest cash market price for Wool. THOS. H. HUNT & CO., f19 Wall street.

J. MONKS, 506 Main st.,

HAS in store and in Customhouse for sale on reasonable terms, say—

100 bbls Bourbon County Whisky, 1 year old;
100 do do do 2 do;
250 do do do 3 do;
50 do Johnson, New Haven, 4 do;
50 do Washington County 4 do;
25 do Old [illegible] 5 do;
50 do Im. Bourbon;
200 do Im. Rye;
40 do Am. Brandy and Gin;
20 do superior pure Apple Brandy;
15 do Peach do;
100 do Sweet Malaga Wine;
20 do Wild Cherries in Strong Spirit;
10 puncheons Boston [illegible] proof;
20 pipes fine pure Holland Gin;
15 bbls White Sugar [illegible];
5 casks Sardinian Wine;
2 bbls Essence Peppermint;
2 casks Galt House Bitters;
50 qr casks Port Wine;
5 do Malmsey Wine;
10 do "Gold" Sherry Wine;
60 do Madeira and Sherry Wine;
2 puncheons fine old Ja. Rum;
1 do do do St. Croix Rum;
1 do do do Irish Whisky;
300 boxes Claret Wine;
100 do White do very fine;
200 bbls Rectified Whisky;
100 baskets Champagne, pints and quarts;
50 cases Holland's Schnapps;
20 do Curacoa;
20 do Cherries;
50 do Muscat;
20 do Mill's Stomach Bitters;
200 do Brandies, various prices;
[illegible] do Madeira and Port Wines, various prices;
20 qr casks A. Seignette Brandy;
20 qr and 8th casks United Proprietors' do;
20 do Otard, Dupuy, & Co. and Jules Robin.

To arrive, in Customhouse under seal, and will be sold subject to duties:
5 8th casks A. Seignette;
5 qr do do;
5 qr do Otard & Dupuy;
5 qr do Otard Dupuy.

The usual time given to prompt and reliable customers. A liberal discount made for cash. f19

PATENT THREAD.—[illegible] Patent Thread of various qualities, some of our own importation, which we can sell at small advance on prices to the trade on hand and for sale by f19 JAMES LOW & CO., 417 Main st.

10 HALF PIPES Rochelle Brandy; 20 qr pipes Otard, Dupuy, & Co. Brandy; 40 eighth pipes A. Seignette do; In store and for sale by f14 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

150 BBLS Extra Whisky; 75 bbls Double Extra Whisky; 100 do Copper-distilled do; 50 do 1 years old Bourbon; 50 do 3 do; 65 do old Rye Whisky; In store and for sale by f14 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

20 QR CASKS Port Wine; 15 do Madeira Wine; 15 do Sherry do; 20 bbls Malaga do; In store and for sale by f14 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

25 BASKETS Heidsick's Champagne in store and for sale by f14 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

WOOL.—10 bales Mexican Wool in store and for sale by [f21] BRANNIN & SUMMERS.

SUGAR.—9 hhds Louisiana Clarified Sugar in store and for sale by f21 BRANNIN & SUMMERS.

MACKEREL.—120 hf bbls large No. 3 Mackerel landing from the John Raine and for sale by f21 WM. GAY.

SURGEONS' SPONGE.—an extra fine article—for sale by S. F. DAWES, f21 Corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets.

SUGAR.—120 hhds strictly prime sugar landing from the John Raine and for sale by f21 WM. GAY.

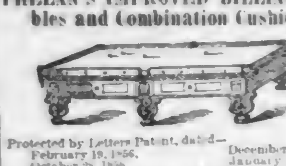
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.

A STOCK of the above for all ordinary operations received and for sale by S. F. DAWES, Druggist and Apothecary, f21 Mozart Hall, corner of Fourth and Jefferson.

NEW YORK.

From Fischer, Owen & Co's General Newspaper Advertising House 146 and [illegible] Broadway, New York.

PHELAN'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TAbles and Combination Cushions.



Protected by Letters Patent, dated—February 19, 1856. October 28, 1856. November 16, 1858. December [illegible], 1857. January 12, 1858.

☞ The recent improvements made in these Tables make them unsurpassed in the world. They are now offered to the scientific Billiard Player as combining speed with truth, never before obtained in any Billiard Table. Sales-rooms 786 and 788 Broadway, N. Y. Manufactory, 63 Ann street. O'CONNOR & COLLENDER, Sole Manufacturers. oct26 d6m

STEAM TO Glasgow, Liverpool, Belfast, Dublin, and Londonderry.

WITHOUT DELAY, FOR 30 DOLLARS.

RETURN TICKETS, good for six months, to either of the above places, by any Steamer of the Line, $60.

FROM NEW YORK.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Saturday, January 22, at 12, noon.
EDINBURGH, Cumming, Saturday, Feb. 19, at 12, noon.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Saturday, March 19, at 12 M.

FROM GLASGOW.
EDINBURG, Cumming ... Jan. 22.
GLASGOW, Thomson ... Feb. 18.
EDINBURG, Cumming ... Mar 19.

Rates of Passage.
FROM GLASGOW.
First Class ... 15 Guineas.
Steerage, found with Cooked Provisions ... 8 do
FROM NEW YORK.
First Class ... $75.
Steerage, found with Cooked Provisions ... $30.
Children under 12 years of age half fare. Infants in Steerage, free.
RETURN TICKETS, available within six months, by any steamer of the Line.
FIRST CLASS ... $140 ... STEERAGE ... $60.
An experienced Surgeon attached to each Steamer.
For passage, apply to ROBERT CRAIG, 17 Broadway, N. Y. dec10 dly

WHITE ZINC.—10 tons White Zinc, ground in bleached oil, in assorted packages, for sale by f17 d&w LINDENBERGER & CO.

SALAD OIL.—50 dozen Marseilles and Bordeaux for sale by [f15 d&w] LINDENBERGER & CO.

LEMON SIRUP.—30 dozen Lemon Sirup for sale by f17 d&w LINDENBERGER & CO.

COOPER'S ISINGLASS.—25 boxes Sheet and Thread for sale by LINDENBERGER & CO., f17 d&w Main street.

MORE NEW GOODS AT C. DUVALL & CO.'S, 537 Main street.

WE are in receipt this morning of several cases of new Spring Goods, embracing plain Black Silks, Foulard ditto,

CASSIMERS & TWEEDS for Boys' wear, Damask Napkins, Cotton Hosiery, Bleached Sheetings, and a variety of colored Domestics for servants' wear, at our usual prices. f17 C. DUVALL & CO.

GROCERIES.—100 hhds prime and fair N. O. Sugar; 350 bbls crushed, powdered, and granulated sugar; 100 bbls Plantation Molasses; 50 bbls Sugar-house do; 100 hf bbls Plantation do; 50 hf bbls Sugar-house do; 50 bbls, hf bbls, and kegs Golden Sirup; 300 bags Rio Coffee; 100 bags Laguayra do; 50 bags Java do; 100 pockets Java do; [illegible] boxes Star Candles; 100 boxes Mould Tallow Candles; In store and for sale by f17 GARDNER & CO.

OHORSE SHOES.—Just received per steamer Fanny Bullitt a further consignment of this much approved article. f17 W. B. BELKNAP & CO.

COOPER'S ISINGLASS.—5 cases for sale by f17 CARY & TALBOT.

TURKEY RHUBARB.—A prime article for sale by f17 CARY & TALBOT.

NAILS.—1,500 kegs Shoenberger's Nails for sale at manufacturers' prices by f17 GARDNER & CO.

TARTARIC ACID.—600 pounds Tartaric Acid for sale by [f17 d&w] LINDENBERGER & CO.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.—150 boxes Fives and Quarters; 150 do medium and good Pounds; 50 do fine Virginia; for sale by f17 d&w LINDENBERGER & CO.

LINSEED OIL.—5,000 gallons in casks and barrels, for sale by LINDENBERGER & CO., f17 d&w Main st., between Third and Fourth.

WM. T. BARTLEY & CO., Commission Merchants, MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIRST & SECOND, LOUISVILLE, KY.

SUGAR.—40 hhds prime Sugar just received and for sale by f17 WM. T. BARTLEY & CO.

BAGGING.—Best brands in store and for sale by f17 WM. T. BARTLEY & CO.

JEANS AND LINSEYS.—Brands of best quality received and for sale by f17 WM. T. BARTLEY & CO.

ALMONDS.—30 bags Soft Shell [illegible] f17 WM. T. BARTLEY & CO.

RECEIVED.—Great Republic Monthly for February. Price 25 cents. Godey's Lady's Book for February. Price 25 cents. Also, the New York Weekly for Feb. 26, commencing a new story by Francis S. Smith, entitled [illegible]. F. MADDEN'S Book Store, 101 Third street. f14 jab

FRESH HOPS.—Crop 1858—Received and for sale by f17 CARY & TALBOT.

CASTILE SOAP.—5 boxes for sale by f17 CARY & TALBOT.

COOKING EXTRACTS.—5 gross assorted, for sale by f17 CARY & TALBOT.

CODFISH.—15 drums and 10 drums prime medium size Codfish received per Jefferson via Railroad and for sale by f17 ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.

LAKE FISH.—100 hf bbls; 25 kegs Mess, manufactured; for sale by f17 GARDNER & CO.

FRESH TEAS.—A fresh supply just received from the latest importations of choice Black and Green Teas for sale wholesale and retail by J. T. LANHAM & CO., f18 Importers of Teas, &c., Third st.

SPIRITS, WINES, &c.—French Brandies, Wines, and Cordials for sale by J. T. LANHAM & CO., f18 Importers of Teas, &c., Third st.

SUNDRIES.—[illegible] qr casks Pinet & Co. Cognac Brandy; [illegible] qr do P. H. Godard do; [illegible] qr do Clair Bernard do; [illegible] casks Old London Particular Madeira; [illegible] do Southside do; [illegible] do Sandeman's Port; [illegible] do Amontillado Sherry; 75 bbls genuine old Bourbon. In store at the Old Blue House and for sale by f18 J. P. THOMPSON.

CARPET AND COVERLET WARP.—125 bags, very superior article, on consignment and for sale low by J. S. ORTH, f18 Third st., between Main and River.

VINEGAR.—200 bbls Pennsylvania Cider Vinegar on consignment and for sale at reduced prices to dealers by J. S. ORTH, f18 Third st., between Main and River.

BELTING AND HOSE (Gutta Percha) of all sizes for sale at factory prices by J. S. ORTH, Sole Agent for Manufacturers, f18 Third street, between Main and Water.

MOLASSES.—573 barrels [illegible] 202 hf do [illegible] prime; Received per Magnolia and for sale by f18 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

MACKLIN HAMS AND SHOULDERS.—4 casks Sugar-cured Canvased and Uncanvased Hams, something extra, just received and for sale by f18 HIBBITT & SON.

FEW DAYS.

IN a few days the subscriber will introduce a new Brand of DRY CHAMPAGNE WINE never before brought to this country, of which due notice will be given. J. P. THOMPSON, f18 Old Blue House, Fourth street.

SUNDRIES.—A large supply of the following articles of the best quality: Pickles, Table Sauces and Catsups, Olive Oils; Spanish and French Olives, Chocolates, Broma; American, English, and French Mustards, Cocoa; Cocoa Shells, Italian Maccaroni, Tapioca, Farina; Corn Starch, Laundry Starch, Ground and Whole Rice; Sago, Barley, Shred and Sheet Isinglass, Gelatine; Essences, Spices whole and ground, fresh Green Peas, Tomatoes, Green Corn, Asparagus, Mushrooms; Fresh Peaches, Egg Plums, Damsons; And other fresh Fruits in cans and glass jars. Fresh Figs in large and small drums; Plums in boxes and jars. Also, fresh salmon, Lobsters, Mackerel. For sale by J. T. LANHAM & CO., f18 Importers of Teas, &c., Third st.

ST. JAMES SUGARHOUSE MOLASSES.—50 bbls in store and for sale by f19 TYLER & MARTIN.

PREMIUM GUM BELTING, to which a gold medal was awarded at the United States Agricultural Fair, will be sold lower than any other Belting in this State. A large stock always on hand at the old established Gutta Percha stand of GEORGE BLANCHARD & SON, Sign of the Golden Hand, f1 Southwest corner of Main and Second street.

200 BUSHELS super White County Meal in store and for sale by f13 PENTON & GLORE.

RICE.—50 tierces in store and for sale by f19 RAWSON, GOOD & TODD.

DIARIES for 1859.

WE ARE CLOSING OUT OUR STOCK OF THOSE exceedingly useful

LITTLE BOOKS

at the price of plain Memorandum. Call early and secure one. MAXWELL & CO., BOOKSELLERS, f19 Main street.

PRINTS.—500 cases American, [illegible] Prints, of Sprague's, Cocheco, Merrimack, [illegible] and other brands, for sale for Cash Only by f19 JAMES LOW & CO., 417 Main st.

HOSIERY.—3,500 doz. Ladies' White Cotton Hose, English circular and regular [illegible]; 5,000 doz. Ladies' Mixed Cotton Hose, assorted qualities; 2,000 " " Brown "; 1,000 " " Black "; 5,000 " Misses' mixed, white, and fancy cotton Hose; 3,000 " white cotton Hose, assorted qualities; 1,000 " Boys' Socks, white, brown, and mixed; 5,000 " Men's half Hose, assorted qualities and colors. On hand and for sale by f19 JAMES LOW & CO., 417 Main st.

PRIME AND CHOICE SUGAR.—114 hhds. landing from steamer John Raine and for sale by f19 RAWSON, GOOD, & TODD.

CANDY SUGAR.—15 tierces extra received per Fanny Bullitt by [f19] TYLER & MARTIN.

GUM GOODS.—Just received per Express a superior lot of Horse Covers. Also, Gum and Gutta Percha Clothing in all its varieties. For sale low by GEORGE BLANCHARD & SON, Sign of the Golden Hand, corner of Main and Second streets, f17 opposite the Galt House.

S. S. MARK ... C. DOWNS.

THROUGH with spring painting and cleaning up and are now opening a large and splendid stock of fresh SPRING GOODS, embracing in all the new varieties silks in Robes and Plain; Organdies, Lawns, and Muslins; Bareges in Robes, Bayadere, and Plain; Chintz, Calicoes, Percale, and Cambric; [illegible] assorted colors; New Style Embroideries; Laces and Trimmings; Laces in Setts, Collars, and Sleeves; and a general stock of staple and Domestic Goods, to all of which we call attention as worthy the examination of our friends and the public generally. f19 MARK & DOWNS, 471 Main st.

50 BBLS Green Apples for sale by PENTON & GLORE, f19 78 Wall street.

SUGAR.—60 hhds fair to choice sugar landed per steamboat Empress and for sale by ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO., f19 Corner Washington and Second sts.

SUGAR.—125 hhds strictly prime received per Empress and for sale by f19 WAGGENER & LONG.

SUGARHOUSE MOLASSES.—475 bbls prime landed per steamboat Empress and for sale by f19 ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TERRA COTTA!

CHEAPEST, NEATEST, AND MOST DURABLE CHIMNEY TOPS ever manufactured in the West for sale wholesale and retail at P. BANNON'S Falls City Terra Cotta Works, Louisville, Ky.

P. S. All kinds of Building Ornaments and Garden Vases always on hand. feb14 dtf

IRISH MALT WHISKY AND OAT MEAL.

Direct Importation by E. McDermott!

2 PUNCHEONS Irish Malt Whisky; [illegible] do do Oat Meal; For sale in Bond in quantities to suit purchasers by JAS. McDERMOTT, GROCER, f14 Corner of Fifth and Market streets.

Texas Beeves for Sale.

1,500 BEEVES, four years old and upwards, suitable for driving to Kansas, Illinois, &c., will be delivered at any time to suit purchasers from the 20th March to the 15th of May next. Apply to CLARK L. OWEN, f11 d1m Texana, Jackson county, Texas.

WANTED! To Sell $150,000

WORTH, including every description, from the commonest to the finest quality of Cases and Frames with Pictures, that I will warrant not to be excelled anywhere, and at prices compared with other Galleries in the city as follows: That I sell at 25 cents you will find equal or superior to others at 50 cents to $1, and so on throughout the whole catalogue. Names—Types, Graphs, and similar Yankee clock peddler schemes of trickery are here being understood by the public, hence the daily increased crowds at the Star Gallery, No. 72 Fourth street, where they can get the cheapest, best, and most durable Pictures now made. d31 tf V. OSTER.

PIANOS TUNED.

We are now prepared to attend promptly to all orders for *Tuning* and *Repairing*, having secured the services of Mr. R. M. BEST, a first-rate tuner and practical Piano maker, direct from Nunns & Clark, New York. Send in your orders. TRIPP & CRAGG, s24 dtf 109 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson.

To the Voters of Kentucky.

I am a candidate for re-election as Auditor of Public Accounts. My past official conduct is the only guaranty that I can offer for the future. sep15-dte THO. S. PAGE.

THE CELEBRATED OSWEGO STARCH,

MANUFACTURED BY T. KINGSFORD & SON,

CAN BE OBTAINED OF—James Fonda, W. & H. Burkhardt, J. T. Lanham & Co., T. L. Jefferson, V. D. Gaetano & Co., T. & J. F. Jefferson & Co. And also their CORN STARCH or Prepared Corn for Puddings and Blanc Mange, a very great delicacy. J. REAMER, n12 Agent for the Manufacturers, No. 65 Third st.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

WM. L. MURPHY keeps constantly on hand a large supply of the best Pittsburg and Youghiogheny Coal, also the "Hartford City," none better for steam or cooking purposes; used by many families in the city, who pronounce it nearly equal to Pittsburg and superior to any other now in use for steam and family purposes. All I ask is a fair trial of it, and I warrant it will give satisfaction. Wholesale and retail at the lowest cash prices. Office east side Fourth street, below Main. may 8 dly

Grand Trunk Railroad of Canada.

A DELIGHTFUL AND ROMANTIC ROUTE FROM the West to Boston, New York, and the Eastern States, via the Michigan Central, Great Western, Ogdensburg, and Vermont Central and Grand Trunk Railroad of Canada.

Passengers by this route have an opportunity of visiting some of the grandest and most wonderful scenery in the world, including Toronto, Niagara Falls Suspension Bridge, the Thousand Islands, Rapids of the St. Lawrence, Quebec, Montreal, White Mountains, the Tubular Bridge (nearly two miles in length), Lake Champlain, Falls of Montmorenci, Hudson River, &c.

On and after May 1, 1858, baggage will be checked through from Chicago.

TO EMIGRANTS.

Passages may be secured at the office of the company in Chicago by sailing ships from London, Liverpool, Plymouth, Glasgow, Bristol, Hull, Aberdeen, and Montrose. An agent of the Grand Trunk Railroad superintends the removal of emigrants and baggage to Quebec free of charge.

Fare from $30 to $35 to Chicago, including cooked provisions.

The Mammoth Steamship

LEVIATHAN!

Of 22,000 tons and 500 feet long is under contract to this company for one or more trips to Portland. Tourists' return tickets from Chicago to the chief towns in Europe will shortly be issued. Tickets from Chicago for all points East, also for the Leviathan, or for the M. O. S. S. Co.'s ships, can be obtained at the office of the Grand Trunk Railroad, No. 36 Dearborn street, Chicago. J. WARRACK, Agent Grand Trunk R. R. Co. of Canada.

EXCHANGE ON EUROPE.

Sight Drafts on London [illegible] dollars per £ sterling can be obtained at the office of the *Grand Trunk Railroad of Canada* in Chicago.

Buffalo and Lake Huron Railroad.

CHICAGO TO BUFFALO VIA DETROIT. At the above office tickets for New York, Boston, and all stations on the New York and Erie and New York Central Railroads can be obtained. J. WARRACK, Agent of B. & L. H. Railroad, apr26 dly No. 36 Dearborn st., Chicago.

CARPETING.—As large a stock of carpeting as any in the West, and at later purchase than any other house in Louisville to select from and for sale as low as the same goods can be bought in any American market by j26 J. G. MATHERS.

OIL CLOTH, from 1 to 8 yards wide, on hand and cut to suit purchasers by j26 J. G. MATHERS.

FURNISHING GOODS.—Curtain Goods, Table Covers, Rugs, Mats, &c., for sale at 501 Main street by j26 J. G. MATHERS.

COPARTNERSHIPS!

Copartnership.

MR. T. J. GEOGHAN, late of Philadelphia, becomes a partner in our house from this date. Jan 1 1859. THOS. ANDERSON & CO.

Dissolution.

THE firm of Curd & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be closed up by either of the partners. R. T. CURD, R. C. HORD, J. L. WELLER. Jan. 1, 1859. f3

Copartnership.

THE undersigned will continue the Wholesale Grocery and Commission business under the name and style of CURD & HORD at the old stand on Sixth street, near Main. R. T. CURD, R. C. HORD. Jan. 7, 1859.

Notice of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Noar & Burrill was dissolved on the 25th of December by mutual consent. Geo. Noar, the successor of the firm, is alone authorized to receive all debts due the concern and settle all liabilities. GEORGE NOAR, H. D. BURRILL. Dec. 31, 1858.

Copartnership.

I HAVE this day associated with me my son, John B. Blanchard, and will continue the Clothing and Furnishing business under the name and style of Geo. Blanchard & Son.

I take this opportunity of returning thanks to the public generally for their liberal patronage for the last thirty years, hoping a continuance of the same for the new firm. I am very respectfully yours, j1 GEORGE BLANCHARD.

Copartnership.

HAVING this day associated with me in the Wine and Liquor business my son, J. Louis Schroeder, the firm is changed to J. H. Schroeder & Son. Jan. 1, 1859. J. H. SCHROEDER.

Copartnership Notice.

JUNIUS B. ALEXANDER, Esq., is admitted as a partner in our House from this date. Jan. 1, 1859. H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

NOTICE.

A. G. BRANNIN is admitted a partner in the houses of Brannin & Summers, Louisville, and Hilliard, Summers, & Co., New Orleans, from the first inst. The style of both houses will be continued as heretofore. Nov. 8, 1858. no dtf BRANNIN & SUMMERS.

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership (dating from October) for the transaction of a Wholesale Grocery and Commission Business under the name and style of Tyler & Martin. WM. P. TYLER, E. J. MARTIN. Nov. 8, 1858. dtf

Copartnership.

WE have this day associated with us our book-keeper, William L. P. Wiard, and will continue the Seed and Agricultural business under the same name and style as heretofore. PITKIN BROTHERS. Oct. 26, 1858. o28 w3&d

Copartnership.

I HAVE associated with me in business Mr. John S. Long, formerly of Russellville, Ky., and will continue the Wholesale Grocery and Commission Business under the firm and style of Waggener & Long at the store recently occupied by Mr. John R. Allen north side of Main st., four doors above the Bank of Kentucky. Nov 18, 1858. dtf R. H. WAGGENER.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the styles of Brannon, Patterson, & Co. and Patterson, Brannon, & Holladay were dissolved on the 17th instant, by mutual consent. S. H. PATTERSON, JAS. W. BRANNON, L. P. HOLLADAY. Louisville, Sept 20, 1858.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned will continue the business of Hull Hunt & Co., under the firm of WATKINS, HUNT, & CO. BEN J. ADAMS, Louisville, WM. WATKINS, (Late of Watkins & Wesley), WILSON S. HUNT, Fayette co., Ky. JNO. H. [illegible]. Louisville, Sept 1 1858—tf

Dissolution.

THE firm of DAWES & SEATON was dissolved on the 1st inst. by mutual consent, J. W. Seaton retiring from the concern. The business will be settled by S. F. Dawes, who will continue business at the old stand. J. WALKER SEATON, S. F. DAWES. Louisville, Jan 1, 1859.

JOHN R. ALLEN, Commisson Merchant AND Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

HAS taken the Store House No. [illegible] Main street, north side, between Second and Third, four doors above Bank of Kentucky for the transaction of a WHOLESALE GROCERY AND COMMISSION business. He solicits a call from his friends and the public. j3 JOHN R. ALLEN.

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO., is this day dissolved by limitation. Either party is authorized to sign the name of the firm in liquidation. ANDREW BUCHANAN, MYRON N. PARMELE. Dec. 31, 1857.

Copartnership.

I HAVE this day associated with me my son GEO. C. BUCHANAN, and will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY and COMMISSION business under the name of ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO. as heretofore. Dec. 31, 1857. ANDREW BUCHANAN.

ANDREW BUCHANAN ... GEO. C. BUCHANAN.

ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS corner of Second and Washington streets, Louisville, Ky. j1

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of FONDA & MORRIS, is this day dissolved in consequence of the continued ill health of the senior member of the firm. Geo. W. Morris is charged with the settlement of the business. Louisville, Dec. 21, 1857. JOHN FONDA, GEO. W. MORRIS.

THE undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY business for his own account at the old stand, No. 40 Third street, where he will be pleased to see his friends and patrons. j1 GEO. W. MORRIS.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day purchased the interest of John C. and T. V. Brent, Jr., in the late firm of Hugh Brent & Co., and will continue the business under the same name and style, hoping by prompt attention to merit the continuance of your patronage. I am very respectfully yours, February, 1858. d25 HUGH BRENT.

Copartnership.

WE have this day associated with us Mr. M. J. Haden, and will continue, under the firm of MOORE, MURRAY, & HADEN, the Wholesale Grocery and Commission business. MOORE & MURRAY. Louisville, Nov. 3, 1857. d25

HANDSOME COATS.—Business Coats; Business Coats; Business Coats; Business Coats; are offered at very low prices to close out winter stock, at J. M. ARMSTRONG'S, Corner Fourth and Main sts., f17 Opposite the National Hotel.

WHISKY.—60 bbls old Bourbon in store and for sale by f17 WM. T. BARTLEY & CO.

MEDICAL.

"THE CAUSE AND CURE," a complete [illegible] treatise on Spermatorrhoea or Seminal Weakness and Premature Exhaustion, with Local Debility induced by indiscretion, excess, or other causes. To which is added a Treatise on Syphilis or Venereal Diseases—illustrated by numerous anatomical plates and drawings: Organs of Generation in the Male; Organs of Generation in the Female; Hermaphrodism; Masturbation; Symptoms and Effects of Spermatorrhoea; Treatment of Impotence, Physical Exhaustion, and Depression of Mind. VENEREAL DISEASES—Symptoms of Gonorrhoea; Chronic Gonorrhoea; External Gonorrhoea; Gleet; Stricture; Treatment of Gonorrhoea and Stricture; Syphilis, primary and secondary; Bubo; Treatment of Chancres, Bubo, and Secondary Syphilis. Price $1 post-paid.

"Dr. Watson's work has evidently been written by a person of great practical experience, and we cordially recommend it."—*Medical Journal.*

Sold by CHARLES MILLER, 636 Broadway, N. York. To be had also of the author, Dr. W. WATSON, at his residence, [illegible] Broome st., second block west of Broadway, New York, where he may be consulted on the above subjects from 9 in the morning to 9 at night. Dr. WATSON is also consulted by letter, and will forward every additional instruction and medicine required. W. WATSON, M. D., Formerly Surgeon to the Lock Hospital, London. eng12d6m

MADAME BLANCHE, BOTANICAL AND FEMALE PHYSICIAN, OFFICE On Fourth st., bet. Walnut and Chestnut, west side.

THE following are among a few of the Diseases which Madame Blanche cures without fail: Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Croup, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all other diseases of the Throat and Lungs; also all the diseases of the Skin, Lumbago, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Acute and Chronic Neuralgia, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Dyspepsia, Piles, and all derangements of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels; and also all Chronic Female Diseases, and Pains of the Head and Side or Back, Palpitation of the Heart and Sick Headache cured in from one to three hours. The Madame uses no mineral medicine. Curvature of the Spine cured and straightened. "What is one person's cure is another's poison" is an old and true saying. Science provides a remedy for all persons and all diseases; but to find them nature herself must be searched and studied. Such has been the Madame's study and practice for years. Successfully. mar31 dly

NEW YORK. Established 1760!

PETER LORILLARD, Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer, 16 and 18 CHAMBERS STREET, (Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York),

WOULD call the especial attention of Grocers and Druggists to his removal, and also to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF. Macaboy, Demigros, Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia, Coarse Rappee, Natchitoches, American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF. Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch.

TOBACCO. Smoking: No. 1, No. 2, Nos. 1 & 2 mix'd, [illegible]. Fine Cut Chewing: P. A. L., or plain, Cavendish, or sweet, Sweet Scented Oronoco, Tin Foil Cavendish. Smoking: St. Jago, Spanish, Canister, Turkish.

A Circular of Prices will be sent on application. N. B. Note the new article of [illegible] Scotch Snuff. febt d3m

To Druggists and Country Merchants.

CAUTION!

ONE GEORGE W. COMSTOCK, of the firm of Comstock & Brother, is pretending that he has bought out Receipts and accounts of Morse's Indian Root Pills. SUCH IS NOT THE CASE.

We have never sold him a Receipt or account, nor never shall. We give this notice that parties owing us may not be induced to pay him. A. J. WHITE & CO.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

In future all letters relating to Morse's Indian Root Pills will be addressed to the undersigned. A. J. WHITE, No. 16 Courtlandt st., Jan17 d3m Box 48 P. O., New York.

NEW YORK.

BUTT, BLACK, & GUILD, 72 Reade and 114 Duane Street, IMPORTERS OF **Linens and British Goods.**

Irish Linens, Sheetings, Damasks, Towels, Canvas Padding, Handkerchiefs, Long Lawns, Shirt Bosoms, Table Cloths, Burlaps,

Blay, Blouse, and Spanish Linens; Farmers' Drillings and Brown Ducks; Side-Stripe Goods, Piques, and Quiltings; Blankets, Pilots, and Beavers.

GINGHAMS, Turkey Red, Madder, and Madras Hdkfs. jan20 d6m

HILL'S AIR LIGHT GAS.

THE UNDERSIGNED COMPANY, the sole owners of this invention in the city and county of New York and Kings county, and agents for the Hill's Air Light Gas Company in all the at present unsold territory in the United States and foreign countries, have opened their office at 444 BROOME STREET, one door west of Broadway, New York, at which place they will manage and conduct the business connected with this great enterprise. This company hold a power of attorney from L. H. Hill and others, the original company, to sell and transfer all their rights and interests in the Hill's Air Light Patents, and are prepared to contract with purchasers for territories to furnish the gas and apparatus. All communications will be addressed to MAPES, SNEDEN, & CO., 444 Broome street, New York, or L. H. Hill, Esq., at the same, and all business will be transacted on the same terms as already adopted by Mr. Hill. The light and apparatus will be at all times on exhibition at our office. MAPES, SNEDEN, & CO., f1 d6m 444 Broome street, New York.

THE COLEMAN FARM MILL.

The Wonder and Admiration of the Age. Every Farmer his own Miller!

Great Saving of Time and Expense. The only Successful Metallic Mill ever Invented for Making Corn Meal, Wheat and Family Flour.

IT can be run by Horse, Steam, Wind, or Water Power. Price, with Sieve attached, for making Corn Meal for family use, [illegible] $50. Price, with Bolting Machine attached, for making Family Flour [illegible] $75.

Descriptive Circulars can be had, or the Mill can be seen in operation, at the Office of the "Coleman Farm Mill Company," Tribune Buildings, No. 1 Spruce street, N. Y., where all orders will receive prompt attention. MARTIN THATCHER, Sec. ☞ H. B. HOWARD, Agent, Main st., Louisville, Ky.

ESTABLISHED IN 1849.

90 Ann Street, New York, BILLIARD TABLES, L. DECKER'S PURE ELASTIC COMBINATION CUSHIONS, ADAPTED TO WOOD, SLATE OR MARBLE BEDS. Patented November 9th, 1858.

THESE Cushions are so constructed as to combine all the principles required for a *perfect* Billiard Cushion. The material used in their manufacture strengthens the face and at the same time renders it more elastic than the plain Rubber Cushion. All the so called improvements in Bill and Cushions were made with a view to this result—The Cork and Leather, Steel Plate, Whalebone, Pasteboard, and Gutta Percha have been tried and have failed to give satisfaction. They have succeeded in point of Strength, but failed in Elasticity and Durability. In endeavoring to Strengthen the face of the Cushion they destroyed the Elasticity of the Rubber—a property so essential in a Cushion, and without which a true angle cannot be obtained.

Read the following Testimonials.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 25th, 1858.

MR. LEVI DECKER, Sir:—Enclosed please find check for $6—the amount of Insurance on our Tables. We have got them up but a short time, and they are doing very well—Your Tables are "Star Players" here, who say that they are the best Tables they ever played upon, and that they are the best in Georgia. Yours, truly, SILVEY & DOUGHERTY.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Oct. 31st, 1858.

MR. LEVI DECKER, Dear Sir:—The Tables have been received, and are now in running order. They give entire satisfaction, and are much superior to any here. Five new Tables of O'Connor's make have been put up here, and judges say that yours are much the best. One of the owners of the new O'Connor's Tables, after seeing yours, has offered his for sale at a sacrifice. Yours, respectfully, EUGENE BEEBE.

I can apply my IMPROVED CUSHIONS to old [illegible] Tables, and will warrant them to give satisfaction—Public Rooms fitted with *Rosewood, Satinwood, Oak,* or *Mahogany* of the finest quality, without extra charge for choice of wood.

For private use I have six different sizes to suit any sized room—prices vary from $175 to $400, according to size. COMMISSION MERCHANTS, or gentlemen having orders from their [illegible] can be supplied at one day's notice. The material used in my Tables is warranted to be of the finest quality, and the lumber properly seasoned. I will engage them to stand for years without repairing. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention, and I will warrant the Tables to be the same as if purchased in person. L. DECKER, BILLIARD TABLE MAKER, d14 d3m 90 Ann Street, New York.

CHOCOLATE AND CONFECTIONERY MANUFACTORY.

THE largest and most extensive in the United States. CHOCOLATE of the purest and most reliable quality for FAMILY use at the lowest current price. FRENCH CONFECTIONERY in every variety, for sale wholesale at the lowest possible price. HENRY MAILLARD, 619 and 621 Broadway; Factory, [illegible] and 160 Mercer street, New York. o19 d6m

HAVANA CIGARS, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

65,000 GENUINE imported, of the celebrated brands El Sol and Servants, to be received by steamboat John Raine. Also, a large assortment of the most celebrated brands such as Ocean Bell, [illegible] Partagas, Intimidad, &c. For sale by EDW. PLANADO, d23 No. 3 Main st., under the Louisville Hotel.

The Office of the Louisville and Nashville RAILROAD COMPANY

IS now in Newcomb's Building on the northeast corner of Bullitt and Main streets. Entrance on Bullitt street. [illegible] dtf

SHEETING.—[illegible] bales Anchor Sheetings received per steamboat [illegible] and for sale by JNO. F. HOWARD, f16 Agent for Manufacturers.

CORN SHELLERS.—The most approved pattern of Corn Shellers for sale by G. W. BASHAW, [illegible] Main between Third and Fourth.

CLOVER SEED.—75 bbls prime Clover Seed in store and for sale by JNO. F. HOWARD. f16 Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

PLOWS.—The unrivalled Brinley Plow, 1, 2, and 3 horse, right and left hand. Also, the Rover, Avery, and other popular makes for sale at factory prices by G. W. BASHAW, f16 [illegible] Main, between Third and Fourth.

SUGAR.—75 hhds prime received per Eclipse and for sale by CASTLEMAN & TORBITT, f16 532 Main street.

RIO COFFEE.—750 bags strictly prime just landing and for sale by MOORE, MURRAY & HADEN, f16 Main street, above the Galt House.

100 BBLS extra superfine Family Flour in store and for sale by PENTON & GLORE, f16 36 Fourth street.

RIO COFFEE.—114 bags prime Eastern Rio Coffee just received and for sale by f16 GARDNER & CO.

LOVERING'S SUGAR.—50 bbls Crushed and Powdered received per mail-boat and for sale by f16 CASTLEMAN & TORBITT, 532 Main st.

MOLASSES.—100 bbls Plantation; 50 hf bbls do; Received per Eclipse and for sale by f16 CASTLEMAN & TORBITT, 532 Main st.

REFINED SUGAR.—350 bbls Crushed, Powdered, and Granulated received and for sale by MOORE, MURRAY, & HADEN, f16 Main street, above the Galt House.

READ THIS!

JUST received, another large assortment of STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS, the greatest novelty of the age, consisting of Family Groups, Statuary, Landscapes, Farm Scenes, Transparencies, Niagara and European Views, richly colored and plain. Also a large assortment of fine strong lens Stereoscopes. They are decidedly the most entertaining and amusing parlor novelty ever invented. Call and select a Stereoscope and set of Views at 525, corner of Main and Third streets. tebl7 A. D. MANSFIELD.

NEW STOCK CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.—J. M. ARMSTRONG, opposite the National Hotel, has just opened a handsome assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS, which he is prepared to make up to order for his customers in elegant style, at short notice, and at low prices. f17

OPERA GLASSES.—Pearl, Ebony, Ivory, and Lacker Opera Glasses, strong and superior lens, for sale at febl7 A. D. MANSFIELD'S.

COGNAC BRANDY.—25 eighth casks pure Cognac Brandy, a fine article, imported expressly for Druggists and Physicians, for sale by f17 d&w LINDENBERGER & CO.

BUSINESS CARDS.

BURTON & HALL, WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND Commisson Merchants, No. [illegible] Main st., between Seventh and Eighth, north side, LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAVE on hand and are receiving a large and well selected stock of GROCERIES, which they offer very low to dealers. jan24 dtf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having purchased the interest of F. C. Snoddy in the firm of Chenoweth & Snoddy, will continue the WHOLESALE LIQUOR BUSINESS as heretofore under the style of CHENOWETH & CO., at the old stand, No. 562 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth. j1 JAS. M. CHENOWETH.

JOHN M. ROBINSON & CO., Late Robinson & Brothers, IMPORTERS & JOBBERS OF FRENCH, ITALIAN, & INDIA SILKS, German, British, and American FANCY DRY GOODS, 446 Main street.

OUR stock for the approaching Spring trade will be found to embrace in extent and variety the most complete of any stock of FANCY DRY GOODS ever offered to the trade of Louisville, to which we particularly invite the attention of Merchants visiting the market. f7 d&t

BOOTS & SHOES. SAMUEL L. LEE,

Successor to John Snyder, No. 129 South side of Market street, second door above Fourth.

HAVING bought out the entire stock of John Snyder, I am now prepared to fill orders for Boots and Shoes of every description. My stock is fresh and of the best assortment of King's Philadelphia and other noted brands, which I warrant. I have also on hand and intend to keep the best custom-made work. I [illegible] to be excelled by any house in the city either in quality or price. The public are requested to call and examine for themselves. Mr. THOMAS M. FLETCHER, who has been for the last seven or eight year in the house, will be with me. I have secured the services of Mr. John W. Owen. SAMUEL L. LEE.

REMOVAL. JOHN R. ALLEN, WHOLESALE GROCER AND Commission Merchant,

HAS removed to the Upper Building in New Block, north side of Main street, between First and Second, three doors above the Galt House, where he will continue his former business. d20

GEO. R. PATTON. W. H. C. DRYDEN.

PATTON & DRYDEN, Commission Merchants AND FEED AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 33 Third street, between Main and the River, LOUISVILLE, KY.

PERSONAL attention given to the Sale of Hay, Grain, Dried Fruit, Butter, Eggs, Onions, Apples, Potatoes, Flour, Bacon, Lard, &c. ☞ Orders for Groceries, Liquors, and Manufactured Articles solicited and filled on the most favorable terms. ☞ Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments. nov19 dly

R. H. WAGGENER, Late of Armstrong, Waggener & Co. JOHN S. LONG, Formerly of Russellville, Ky.

WAGGENER & LONG, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND Commission Merchants, North side of Main street, FOUR DOORS ABOVE THE BANK OF KENTUCKY, Louisville, Ky. n1

NEW AND USEFUL PATENT CANE DOUBLE SEAT CHAIR. JOHN R. CANNON & CO., Manufacturers, LOUISVILLE, KY. AND NEW ALBANY, IND.

THE undersigned are now prepared to take orders for this superior Patent Cane-seat Chair, for which they have secured letters patent. They invite the examination and inspection of dealers to this superior Chair, which for durability and cheapness is not equalled by any. Samples are to be found at the well-known marts of—J. M. Monahan, J. M. Stokes & Son, Wharton [illegible], [illegible].

We also have on hand the FLAT SPLIT CHAIR and TIN and WIRE SAFES. sep 25 dly JNO. R. CANNON & CO.

Mill Furnishing.

FRENCH BURRS, Mill-stones and [illegible] Bolting Cloths, all numbers; IMPROVED PORTABLE MILLS—With solid French Burrs; SMUT MACHINES—Several different kinds; Mill Irons, Screws, [illegible], Belting, Plaster Paris, and Mill articles generally. We have on hand a large stock of above named articles for sale low and quality warranted. HERBERT & WRIGHT, sep27 dtf No. [illegible] Third st., between Main and River.

Wm. F. Kennedy. Wm. W. Morris.

KENNEDY & MORRIS, CLOTHING, Shirts, Underwear, Shawls, Fancy Goods, and Toilet Articles. [illegible] Main street, third door below Fourth. o27 dtf

GEORGE NOAR, (successor to Noar & Burrill,)

IMPORTER and Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, [illegible] Preserves, Fruits, Pickles, Sauces, &c. Third street, between Main and Market, LOUISVILLE, KY. A continuance of public patronage is respectfully solicited. d3

WM. SKENE & CO., Oil Manufacturers, Bullitt street, Louisville, Ky.,

KEEP constantly on hand pure medium, and No. 2 Lard Oil, Machine and Head Light Oils, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin Oil of different grades, and Wheel Grease for Wagons, Drays, and Carriages, also Skene's superior Paint Drier, which is warranted to dry sooner than any other drier. j14 d3

R. C. WINTERSMITH (Late of Kentucky), GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, Bank Avenue, bet. Madison and Monroe sts., MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE. Consignments respectfully solicited. july23 dly

C. I. & A. V. DU PONT, MANUFACTURERS OF NEWS, BOOK, & COLORED PAPER, ALSO, WHOLESALE DEALERS IN *Paper of all Kinds.*

CASH PAID FOR RAGS at the Office of the LOUISVILLE PAPER MILL, No. 477 Main st. d2

DANIEL McMULLEN. H. D. MALONEY.

McMULLEN & MALONEY, MANUFACTURERS OF **Candies, Cordials, Sirups,** AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Nuts, Oysters, Pickles, Marbles, Perfumery, Sardines, Matches, Fire-Works, Glass Jars, Playing Cards, Cigars, Tobacco, Assorted Soaps, Candles, Toys, Tropical Fruits, Wines and Liquors, White Sugar, Catsups & Sauces, and Extracts for Cooking. No. 503 Main st., adjoining Bank of Louisville, LOUISVILLE, KY.

All Orders promptly attended

WHOLESALE COMMISSION Shoe House, No. 441 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth.

HENRY F. BAKER

WOULD inform his friends and the public generally that he will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of BOOTS and SHOES of the very best quality, which he will sell at the manufacturers' prices FOR CASH. mar21

THOS. SHANKS ... W. T. HORDE.

T. SHANKS & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, Northeast corner of Third and Jefferson sts, Old Postoffice Building.

HAVE now opened and on hand a [illegible] f13

L. S. GORDON, Commission Merchant, No. [illegible] SPEAR'S WHARF, BALTIMORE.

RESPECTFULLY solicits consignments of Flour, Wheat, Corn, Cloverseed, Bacon, Pork, Butter, Lard, [illegible] and all other things [illegible] General Commission Business. febl9 dtm

JAMES FORD, JR., & CO., Agents, COTTON FACTORS, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OFFICE with Hopkins, Shaver, & Co., No. 16 Front Row, Memphis, Tenn. Dealers in Bagging and Rope [illegible] and general country produce. [illegible]

GEO. S. MOORE. JNO. C. MASON.

GEO. S. MOORE & CO. (successors to [illegible], Moore, & Co.) **Manufacturers and Dealers IN COLD AND HOT BLAST PIG IRON,** Office No. 1 Wall street, between Main and River, LOUISVILLE, KY.

WILL supply Founderies and Rolling Mills from the following Furnaces: Cottage Furnace, Buena Vista Furnace, Caroline Furnace, Steam Furnace, Penn Furnace, Greenup Furnace, Limestone Furnace, Star Furnace, Clinton Furnace, Laurel Furnace, Mt. Savage Furnace, Hurricane Furnace, Hockley Furnace. ☞ We also keep constantly on hand all sizes of Nails and Fire Bricks. f13 d3m GEO. S. MOORE & Co.

Copartnership.

I HAVE this day associated with me Mr. Jacob Dolfinger for the purpose of Manufacturing, Wholesaling, and Retailing JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, WATCHES, AND CLOCKS, In all their various branches, at my old stand, No. 521 South side of Main street, one door above Third, under the name and style of

HIRSCHBUHL & DOLFINGER.

Thankful for the liberal patronage of my friends and customers which I have enjoyed during the last ten years, I beg leave to inform the public in general that we are now prepared to fill all orders in the way of manufacturing Jewelry and Silver Ware, Plating and Repairing, and particularly in setting diamonds and other precious stones. We respectfully solicit a continuance of patronage for the new firm. The repairing of fine watches will at all times be executed by myself. J. J. HIRSCHBUHL.

I HEREBY respectfully inform my friends and customers that I have removed from No. 113 Fourth street and entered into a copartnership with J. J. Hirschbuhl at No. 521 Main street, between Second and Third, under the firm as named in the above card. Thankful for the liberal patronage which I have enjoyed for the last ten years, I hope to solicit my friends to transfer the same to the new firm. feb8 dim JACOB DOLFINGER.

HIRSCHBUHL & DOLFINGER, Manufacturers of and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in **Jewelry, Watches, Silver Ware, Plated Ware, and Clocks,** NO. 521 MAIN STREET, ONE DOOR ABOVE THIRD. feb8 dim

RAILROADS.

1859. 1859.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

The Capacity of this Road is now equal to any in the Country.

THREE THROUGH *Passenger Trains*

BETWEEN PITTSBURG AND PHILADELPHIA, connecting direct in the Union Depot, at Pittsburg, with Through Trains from all Western cities for Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore and Washington City, thus furnishing facilities for the transportation of passengers unsurpassed for speed and comfort by any other route. Express and Fast Lines run through to Philadelphia without change of cars or conductors. Smoking cars are attached to each train; Woodruff's Sleeping Cars to Express and Fast Trains. THE EXPRESS RUNS DAILY; Mail and Fast Line Sundays excepted. [illegible]

TRAINS Connect at Pittsburg with the 2 A. M. Express. Arrive in Philadelphia or Baltimore at 5 P. M., And in New York at [illegible] P. M.

TRAINS Connect at Pittsburg with 5 P. M. Fast Line. Arrive in Philadelphia or Baltimore at [illegible] A. M., And in New York at [illegible] P. M.

Mail train leaves Pittsburg [illegible] A. M., Arriving at Philadelphia 11 P. M., New York [illegible] A. M.

Six Daily Trains between Philadelphia and New York. Two Daily Trains between New York and Boston. Through Tickets to Baltimore good on either of the above trains.

BOAT TICKETS to Boston can be had at [illegible] Norwich, Fall River, or Stonington Lines.

TICKETS EASTWARD can be obtained at any of the important Railroad Offices in the West, also, on board any of the regular Line of Steamers on the Mississippi and Ohio Rivers; and TICKETS WESTWARD at the offices of the Company in Boston, New York, Baltimore, or Philadelphia.

Fare as low as by any other Route.

ASK FOR TICKETS BY PITTSBURG.

The completion of the Western connection of the Pennsylvania Railroad to Chicago makes this the

DIRECT LINE BETWEEN THE EAST AND THE GREAT NORTHWEST.

The connecting of tracks by the Railroad Bridge at Pittsburg, avoiding all drayage or ferriage of Freight, together with the saving of time, are advantages readily appreciated by Shippers of Freight and the Traveling Public.

PARTIES SHIPPING EASTWARD will find it to their advantage to Ship by this Route.

For Freight Contracts or Shipping Directions apply to or address either of the following Agents of the Company: D. A. STEWART, Pittsburg; H. S. Pierce & Co., Zanesville, O.; J. J. Johnston, Ripley, O.; R. McNeely, Maysville, Ky.; Ormsby & Cropper, Portsmouth, O.; Paddock & Co., Jeffersonville, Ind.; H. W. Brown & Co., Cincinnati, O.; Athern & Hibbert, Cincinnati, O.; R. C. Meldrum, Madison, Ind.; Wm. Bingham, Louisville, Ky.; P. G. O'Riley & Co., Evansville, Ind.; N. W. Graham & Co., Cairo, Ill.; R. F. Sass, St. Louis, Mo.; John H. Harris, Nashville, Tenn.; Harris & Hunt, Memphis, Tenn.; Clarke & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. H. Koontz, Alton, Ill.; Moorhead & Wolfe, Dubuque, Iowa; or to Freight Agents of Railroads at different points in the West.

The Greatest Facilities offered for the Protection and Speedy Transportation of LIVE STOCK.

And Great Accommodations with usual privileges for persons traveling in charge thereof.

FREIGHTS WESTWARD.

By this route freights of all descriptions can be forwarded from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or Baltimore to any point on the Railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri by railroad direct.

The Pennsylvania Railroad also connects at Pittsburg with steamers by which goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, and Red rivers; and at Cleveland, Sandusky, and Chicago with steamers to all ports on the Northwestern Lakes.

Merchants and shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to this Company can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

THE RATES OF FREIGHT to any point in the West by the Pennsylvania Railroad are at all times as favorable as are charged by any other Railroad Company.

☞ Be particular to mark packages "via PENNA. R. R."

Merchants in the West ordering goods from the East will do well to direct them to be shipped by this route.

Parties attending to their own shipments from the East will find it to their interest to call on the agents of this Company at the following places before shipping or letters addressed to either of them on the subject of freights will meet with prompt attention:

E. J. SNEEDER, Philadelphia.
MAGRAW & KOONS, 80 North street, Baltimore.
LEECH & CO., No. 2 Astor House or No. 1 S. William st., N. Y.
LEECH & CO., No. 54 Kilby street, Boston.
H. H. HOUSTON, General Freight Agent, Philadelphia.
L. L. HOUPT, General Ticket Agent, Philadelphia.
THOS. A. SCOTT, Gen'l. Sup't., Altoona, Pa. j5 dtf

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE AND LEBANON BRANCH RAILROADS.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after Thursday, the [illegible] inst., Trains will run as follows:

Nashville Express leaves the Depot daily at Louisville at 4 A. M.—stopping at Shepherdsville, Junction, Elizabethtown, and all other regular Stations [illegible] arriving at Bacon Creek at [illegible] A. M. Returning leave Bacon Creek at 12.50 P. M. [illegible]

[illegible]

Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort RAILROADS.

ON and after Monday, October 18, 1858, Trains will leave Louisville daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

FIRST TRAIN—5.50 A. M., stopping 15 minutes for breakfast at Lagrange, and at all stations when flagged, except Fair Grounds, Wards, and Bellview, connecting at Eminence with stages for New Castle; at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, and Danville; at Midway for Versailles; at Payne's Depot for Georgetown; and at Lexington with stages for Nicholasville, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, [illegible]

SECOND TRAIN—2.30 P. M., stopping at all stations when flagged, except Fair Grounds, Point, [illegible] at Eminence [illegible] at Payne's Depot for Georgetown.

THIRD TRAIN—ACCOMMODATION—Leaves at 4 P. M., stopping at all stations and returning will leave Lagrange at [illegible] A. M., stopping at all stations, and arrive at Louisville at [illegible] A. M.

☞ Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburg, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Versailles, Georgetown, and Shelbyville and further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets. SAMUEL GILL, c13 Sup't Lou. & Frank. and Frank. & Lex. R. R.

Winter Arrangements.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and after Thursday, Dec. 2, 1858, Trains will leave Jeffersonville (opposite Louisville) as follows:

1st. Indianapolis and Cincinnati Express at 6.30, A. M.
2d. St. Louis and Indianapolis Express at 11, A. M.
3d. St. Louis and Cincinnati Express at 11.45, P. M.

☞ This is the only direct and reliable Route forming close connections with other roads to all the principal cities in the East, West, North, and South.

☞ Only one change of cars between Louisville and Cincinnati, St. Louis, or Chicago.

St. Louis, Kansas, and Nebraska—Two Trains, at 6.30 A. M. and 11 A. M., via Indianapolis and Terre Haute; and two Trains, at 11 A. M. and 11.45 P. M., via Seymour and the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad.

Chicago, Springfield, and Decatur—Two Trains at 6.30 A. M. and 11 A. M., via Indianapolis and Terre Haute or via Indianapolis and Lafayette.

Cincinnati—Three Trains, at 6.30 A. M., 11 A. M., and 11.45 P. M., via Seymour and the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad.

Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans—Two Trains, at 6.30 A. M. and 11 A. M., via Indianapolis and Terre Haute; and two Trains, at 11 A. M. and 11.45 P. M., via Seymour and the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad.

Indianapolis, Detroit, Terre Haute, and Lafayette—Two Trains, at 6.30 A. M. and 11 A. M.

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore—Three Trains, at 6.30 A. M. and 11 A. M. and 11.45 P. M., via Cincinnati or Indianapolis, and Wheeling, Pittsburg, Dunkirk, or Buffalo.

☞ This is the only Route running Trains from Louisville to the East, West, and North.

☞ 28 Miles shorter than any other Route to Chicago and the Northwest.

☞ Less changes of cars than by other routes.

Connections made with other Roads by cars running into same Depot.

Time as quick and Fare as low as any other Route.

☞ Through Tickets and further information can be had [illegible] Louisville, Ky., or at the Depot in Jeffersonville. J. J. LITTLE, Agent. E. L. FORSYTH, General Freight Agent. d4

LITTLE MIAMI AND Columbus and Xenia RAILROAD.

ON and after Monday, November 29, 1858, Trains leave Cincinnati as follows:

9 A. M. DAY EXPRESS, stopping at way stations.

4.15 P. M. COLUMBUS ACCOMMODATION. For Xenia and Springfield, stopping at all intermediate stations.

11.30 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS, stopping at Loveland, Morrow, Corwin, Xenia, and London.

Connections are made by the 9 A. M. and 11:30 P. M. Trains for ALL THE EASTERN CITIES.

The NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, leaving Cincinnati 11.30 P. M., runs daily, except SATURDAYS. The other Trains run daily, except Sundays.

For Through Tickets and all information apply at the offices, Walnut Street House, No. 1 Burnet House, southeast corner of Broadway and Front streets, and at the Eastern Depot.

Trains run by Columbus time, which is 7 minutes faster than Cincinnati time. J. DURAND, Superintendent.

☞ Omnibuses call for passengers. jan11 dly

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD, GREAT NATIONAL ROUTE.

TERMINATES AT WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE on the East and Wheeling, Benwood, and Parkersburg on the West, at which places it unites with Railroads, Steamboats, &c., for and from all points in the

WEST, SOUTHWEST, AND NORTHWEST.

Two Trains leave Wheeling daily, at 12.30 P. M., and 10.20 P. M.

Direct connections are made by these trains

FOR ALL THE EASTERN CITIES.

This is the only route to Washington City.

Passengers by this route can visit Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and Boston at the cost of a ticket to Boston alone by other routes.

Time as quick and fare as low as by any other route.

☞ Inquire for Tickets via BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD at any of the principal Railroad Offices in the West. E. P. FULLER, General Western Agent. L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent. W. P. SMITH, Master of Transportation. dly

OFFICE LITTLE MIAMI AND COLUMBUS AND XENIA RAILROAD COMPANY, SUPERINTENDENT'S DEPARTMENT, Cincinnati, June 2, 1856.

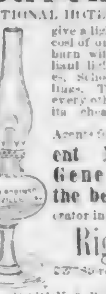
MESSRS. CASTLEMAN & [illegible], of Louisville, Ky., are hereby appointed Freight Agents for the Little Miami and Columbus and Xenia and Cleveland, Columbus, and Cincinnati Railroad Companies at Louisville until further notice. W. H. CLEMENT, Superintendent. June 4 dtf

MILLS.—Straub's French Buhr Corn and Wheat Mill from 1 to 36 inch. a Kentucky Corn and Cob Crusher, Little Giant do do do; Star do do do; and Meal Mill; For sale by G. W. BASHAW, f16 516 Main street.

MOLASSES.—50 bbls choice Plantation Molasses landing from the Antelope and for sale by f16 WM. GAY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL OIL LAMPS! Exclusive Wholesale Agency for Louisville, No. 529 Fourth st., UNDER THE NATIONAL HOTEL.



THESE LAMPS give a light equal to four Candles at a cost per hour. They [illegible] without smoke or smell, given brilliant light, and are adapted for Churches, Stores, or Dwellings. The Coal Oil is fast superseding every other portable light on account of its cheapness and brilliancy. We are also sole Agents for Peters' Patent Non-Explosive Self-Generating Gas Lamp—the best portable Fluid Gas Generator in existence. County Rights FOR SALE. ☞ Store open till 8 o'clock P. M. jan21 d6m HARDY & ROBINSON.

Copper Distilled Whisky.

10 BBLS 5 years old, warranted pure. 20 bbls 2 years old; 75 do 1 year old; In store and for sale by f14 d1m CRITTENDEN & CO., Wall street.

JEWELRY AND WATCHES

We have received by EXPRESS a large assortment of all sorts of JEWELRY AND WATCHES, which makes our stock complete. We intend to sell cheap, and therefore invite our friends and customers to call and examine our stock, which is complete. HIRSCHBUHL & DOLFINGER, No. 521 Main street, Between Second and Third streets.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

NOTICE is hereby given that I mailed from Savannah, Tenn., to New Orleans, La., in the month of January, 1858, a certificate of stock in the Southern Pacific Railroad Company; No. of certificate 160, issued on the 8th of April, 1856, to W. & H. Burkhardt, of Louisville, Ky., for twenty shares, signed by Horatio Allen, President, and [illegible], Secretary, transferred to me by said W. & H. Burkhardt on the 16th of June, 1857. Said certificate was mailed to Messrs. Henderson, Terry, & Co., of New Orleans, for the purpose of presenting to the office of said Company in New Orleans and having the same transferred to me on the books of Company, but was lost or destroyed before reaching New Orleans. I will apply to the office of said company in Marshall, Texas, for reissue of said certificate. W. H. CHERRY. Savannah, Tenn., Dec. [illegible], 1858.

CANNEL COAL From Coal River, Va.

WE are now in receipt of a lot of this truly celebrated article of Cannel Coal [illegible] fresh from the mines of the Western Mining and Manufacturing Company on Coal River, a branch of the Kanawha, which we are desirous to dispose of at reasonable rates. To those who have used it, it needs no commendation from us. To those who have not, we say try it and convince yourselves that for parlor and cooking purposes it has no equal. We also keep constantly on hand a supply of Pittsburg and Pomeroy Coal for sale at the lowest market prices. OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR, Coal Dealers. Office southeast corner Brook and Market streets, and yard southwest corner of Fulton and Clay streets.

Wadding, Batting, Cotton Yarns, Carpet Chain, and Fly Nets sold to Jobbers and Dealers at manufacturers' prices by A. H. FRANCISCUS, j11 d6m No. [illegible] Market street, Philadelphia, Pa.

AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON,

IS the largest and best arranged Hotel in the New England States; is centrally located and easy of access from all the routes of travel. It contains all the modern improvements and every convenience for the comfort and accommodation of the traveling public. The sleeping rooms are large and well ventilated; the suites of rooms are well arranged and completely furnished for families and large traveling parties, and the house will continue to be kept as a first class Hotel in every respect. LEWIS RICE, Proprietor. Boston, Jan. 7, 1858. au14 dly

ICELAND MOSS PASTE. GUM DROPS of Every Description, FOR COUGHS, COLDS, Etc. **Fancy Goods and Perfumery.** For sale by THOS. E. JENKINS & CO., corner Third and Walnut streets.

BRICK MAKING.

CARNELL'S PATENT BRICK MAKING MACHINE. Patented Feb. 2, 1858, is the only truly reliable one. It tempers the clay and makes from [illegible] bricks per day, according to the power applied. [illegible] For full particulars and for Machinery or Rights, address C. Carnell, Philadelphia, Pa. d11 d6m

TAXES! TAXES! TAXES! LAST CALL.

ON the 15th day of December, I have to make my settlement with the State Auditor. If your tax bills are not paid by that time [illegible] will be put in cost [illegible]. I can be found at my office on Fifth street, near Jefferson east side, every morning until 10 o'clock [illegible]. W. S. D. MEGOWAN, S. L. C.

STEAMER OPELOUSAS FOR SALE.

THE HULL AND CABIN of the Steamer OPELOUSAS [illegible] are offered for sale at New Albany. She will make an excellent Wharf Boat, having been thoroughly overhauled. For terms apply to FRANK CARTER, [illegible] Main street.

Peoria Insurance Office.

HAVING been appointed the Agent for the Peoria Insurance Company, which has now been in operation over one year in this city, I am prepared to issue Fire Policies and also Fire and Marine Policies for those who will favor me with their patronage. The Company has a high character and credit, and one that can safely be trusted in with a certainty of payment in case of loss. J. H. McILVAIN, Agent. [illegible]

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS

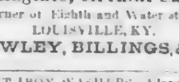
We are now in receipt of our fall supply of goods, consisting of all the articles in our line, comprising—500 crates assorted Queensware; 200 boxes do Glassware; [illegible] casks English China; 25 do French do; Also 150 Tea Sets, gold band, very low. And a large assortment of Fancy articles suitable for the country trade. We invite country merchants and others visiting our market to call and examine our stock before purchasing, as we feel assured we can please all wanting goods in our line. CASSEDAY & HOPKINS, [illegible] Main st., between Third and Fourth.

NEW AND CHEAP LIGHT.

KENTUCKY COAL OIL COMPANY OF ASHLAND, Ky., are now making an ILLUMINATING OIL which burns with a clear white light equal to a fish-tail gas burner at a cost of a *half cent per hour*, gives off no odor while burning, is not explosive, can be burned in a small, cheap portable lamp, and is sold at very low prices, making it altogether the cheapest and best light ever offered to the public. All orders addressed to JOHN CAIRNS, President, at Ashland, Ky., or CORNWALL & BRO., Louisville, Ky., will have prompt attention. aug6 dtf

CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!! CHEAPER! CHEAPER!! CHEAPER!!! CHEAPEST! CHEAPEST!! CHEAPEST!!! A-M—A-M-B-R-O—A-M-B-R-O-T-Y-P-E-S AMBROTYPES in the city at the National Gallery, just below Fourth, on Main street. m7

Novelty Works. IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERY.



Steam Engines, Circular Saw Mills, Corner of Eighth and Water streets, LOUISVILLE, KY. HAWLEY, BILLINGS, & Co. a30

WROUGHT IRON WASHERS—A large assortment of our own make for sale by a30 HAWLEY, BILLINGS, & CO.

STEAM PIPE—STEAM FITTINGS—Our stock of Steam Pipe and Fittings is large and complete. We are prepared to put the same up at the shortest notice and in a workmanlike manner. a30 HAWLEY, BILLINGS, & CO.

STEAM AND WATER GAUGES of the best make for sale by [a30] HAWLEY, BILLINGS, & CO.

MACHINE-MADE HORSE SHOES.

THE TROY IRON AND NAIL FACTORY, at Troy, New York, have HENRY BURDEN'S IMPROVED HORSE-SHOE MACHINERY now in successful operation, and are prepared to execute orders for HORSE and MULE SHOES of any weight and pattern, at a price but little above the price of horse-shoe iron.

The quality of the iron used in these shoes is warranted in every respect. These shoes have been approved of and are now used by the United States Government exclusively, as also by many of the principal Stage and Omnibus Companies and Horse-shoers throughout the country. These shoes can be purchased through the principal hardware and iron stores in the United States.

Orders addressed to the subscriber, at Troy, will receive prompt attention. WM. F. BURDEN, Agent, Troy, N. Y. apr5 dly

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

We have on hand and for sale at low prices—400 crates Earthenware; 30 casks China; 500 boxes Glassware; Also a full assortment of Japanned Ware, Plated Goods, Feather Dusters, Cutlery, and Britannia Goods, &c. [illegible] m17 CASSEDAY & HOPKINS, [illegible] Main st.

Dissolution.

THE firm of C. Duvall & Co. is dissolved by mutual consent [illegible]. C. Duvall is charged with the settlement of the business, and is alone authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of the same. CLAUDIUS DUVALL, W. TURNER, C. T. MERRIMAN, R. E. TURNER. f13

THE undersigned will continue the business as heretofore and on his own account and under the style of **C. DUVALL & CO.,** and will continue to keep constantly on hand a full and general assortment of **CARPETS AND CURTAIN GOODS,** with **Fine Fancy Staple and Domestic DRY GOODS,** and solicits a continuance of the same patronage so liberally extended to him for the last sixteen years. f26 CLAUDIUS DUVALL.

BALTIMORE SIRUP.—25 bbls Extra Golden Sirup landing from steamer [illegible] and for sale by f15 JNO. R. ALLEN.

SUGAR.—111 hhds strictly prime received per Fanny Bullitt and for sale by f15 WAGGENER & LONG.

300 BUSHELS Dried Peaches ½ and ¼ mixed; 50 bbls prime Green Apples. Just received and for sale by PENTON & GLORE, f15 36 Fourth st., between Main and River.

GOLDEN SIRUP.—[illegible] very superior; Received per Henry Graff and for sale by f15 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO., Wall st.

SUGAR.—213 hhds good and prime received per Diana and for sale by f15 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

Beautiful Home Books.

THE Laird of Norlaw, by the Author of Margaret Maitland, at CLARKE'S.

Episodes of French History, by Miss Pardoe, at CLARKE'S.

Arago's Biographies of Distinguished Men, at CLARKE'S.

Tom Brown's School Days at Rugby, at CLARKE'S.

Scouring of the White Horse, by the same author, at CLARKE'S.

La Plata, The Argentine Confederation, by Page, at CLARKE'S.

The Pope or President, a startling book, at CLARKE'S.

Sylvan Holt's Daughter, by the author of Kathie Brande, at CLARKE'S, f16 128 Mozart Hall.

MOLASSES.—[illegible] bbls prime Plantation Molasses, in good cooperage, landed per steamboat Antelope and for sale by ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO., f16 Corner Washington and Second sts.

SUGAR.—232 hhds strictly prime Sugar landing from the Antelope and for sale by f16 WM. GAY.

Episcopal Sunday School Books.

QUESTIONS ON GENESIS, Part 1st, 2d, and 3d; Do. Matthew, do. " "; Do. Acts, do. " "; Jackson's Questions, Part 1st, 2d, and 3d; Liturgy and Psalms and Hymns; [illegible] Help to Catechising; Burgess's Catechism of the Church Catechism; Sword's Pocket Almanac, 1859; Clergy and Parish List of all the Churches in the United States, at CLARKE'S, f16 128 Mozart Hall.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ROBERT CARMICHAEL, Commission and Forwarding Merchant, NO. 26 WEST FRONT STREET, CINCINNATI.

PERSONAL attention given to the purchase and sale of Produce, Merchandise, and Manufactured Articles. ☞ Liberal advances made on consignments.

REFERENCES: Chas. R. Foote, Cashier, Worthington & Co., Hugh McIlvaney & Co., Nettleton, Lowe, & Co., Day & Matlack, Dare & West, Wynne, Haines, & Co., Cincinnati; Archer, Whiteside, & Co., Wm. [illegible], St. Louis; Samuel Orr, Evansville; Robert Dalzell & Co., Alexander Laughlin, Pittsburg; Mendenhall & Collins, Philadelphia; [illegible], New York; John A. Caldwell, Keokuk; Alfred Gatchell, Quincy, Ill.; Baker & Boyle, Rock Island.

VENITIAN BLIND FACTORY.

JOHN F. HARVEY, No. 498, north side Market, bet. Second and Third, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he may be found at the above place, over WATSON & STOLFFER'S FURNITURE WAREROOMS, where he is prepared to make to order and always keep on hand Venitian Blinds of every style, color and quality equal to the trade; also, to repair, repaint, and trim old Blinds at short notice. From a practical knowledge of the business, and by strict attention to it, he hopes to give satisfaction to all who may deal with him and merit a liberal patronage. Prices reasonable and terms Cash. dly

W. C. TYLER. E. J. MARTIN.

TYLER & MARTIN, WHOLESALE GROCERS, Commission Merchants, AND DEALERS IN BOURBON WHISKY, No. 566 Main st., LOUISVILLE, KY.

G. W. ROBERTSON, Publisher, Bookseller, and Stationer, IS NOW PREPARED TO OFFER EXTRA INDUCEMENTS TO CASH AND SHORT TIME BUYERS OF **BOOKS & STATIONERY,** AT MASONIC TEMPLE.

I have in store a very complete assortment of all the SCHOOL BOOKS in the West and South, [illegible] SCHOOL STATIONERY, Cap, Letter, [illegible] Writing Paper of all grades, from the celebrated York Mills, unsurpassed in quality and price. G. W. ROBERTSON, Masonic Temple.

Louisville Bleaching Establishment. MRS. WM. OSBORN, No. 466 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth,

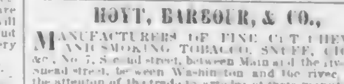
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies that she has returned from the East with a well selected stock of Straw Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Wreaths, and Head Dresses. Also a good assortment of children's Hats and Flats, Lace and Buckram Frames, and Frames of the latest styles. Bleaching and Pressing carried on as usual at MRS. WM. OSBORN'S.

R. A. SHRADER & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in Whisky, Brandy, Wines, &c., [illegible] Market street, above Brook, north side, Louisville, Ky.

R. A. SHRADER & CO. [illegible] 50 bbls Bourbon Whisky; 25 bbls old do; 25 bbls Cherry Brandy; 22 bbls Apple do; 16 bbls Blackberry Brandy; 75 bbls common Whisky; [illegible] distilled Whisky for sale by R. A. SHRADER & CO., No. [illegible] Market street, above Brook.

Carriage Trimmings, COACH & SADDLERY HARDWARE.

THOS. MACKENZIE & SONS, No. 222 Baltimore street Baltimore, Md., Importers and Manufacturers of [illegible], Buckles, Webs, Tacks, Hames, Heads and Rings, [illegible] and Hooks, Spokes, Hubs, Fellies, Shafts, Seats, Lamps, Springs, Axles, Patent and Enameled Leather, &c.



PIANOS. PETERS, CRAGG, & CO.'S *Ware Rooms,* Corner of Main and Sixth sts.

HOYT, BARBOUR, & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS, &c., No. 7, Second street, between Main and the river, and Second street, between Washington and the river, invite the attention of the trade to articles of their manufacture. Having made large additions to their former premises, and greatly increased their manufacturing facilities, they are now prepared to fill all orders on short notice. Orders by mail will receive careful attention, and satisfaction warranted.

THOMAS HOYT & CO., Nos. 258 and 260 Front Street, NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS of Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Cuba Seed and Havana Cheroots, and Dealers in Cuba, Havana, Florida, and Seed Leaf Tobacco, Pipes, and all articles pertaining to the Tobacco Business. Samples of their goods, and prices and terms may be obtained at HOYT, BARBOUR & CO., Louisville, Ky.

WHITE & SMITH, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL **Furniture Dealers and Upholsterers,** on Jefferson street, north side, between Third and Fourth.

THE subscribers have constantly on hand every variety of Cabinet Furniture embracing all articles necessary for household purposes. Cane Seat, Parlor, Nurse, and Rocking Chairs, together with every variety of Windsor Chairs, which will be sold at wholesale prices. Upholstery work in all its branches attended to either at the store or at private houses. Comforts and Mattresses of every size and grade always on hand or made to order without delay. s1

Dr. J. A. McCLELLAND'S NEW DENTAL ROOMS, Corner Fifth and Walnut streets, Louisville, Ky. aug28 dtf

THOS. J. MARTIN, Wholesale Dealer in Grain and Produce AND GENERAL FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 12 Second st., west side, between Main and river, LOUISVILLE, KY.

I will pay the highest market price for Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Barley, Potatoes and loose Hemp. Particular attention paid to filling Southern orders. ☞ Cash advances made on consignments. mar25 dly

1858. FALL TRADE. 1858.

J. H. Wright. **WRIGHT & KETCHUM,** C. Ketchum.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN French, German, English, and American FANCY AND VARIETY GOODS, Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, Notions, etc., 446½ Main street, over Robinson & Bro., aug13 d6m LOUISVILLE, KY.

THOS. H. HUNT ... R. A. COBB.

THOS. H. HUNT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS OF Power-loom Bagging and Machine Rope, 47 WALL ST., LOUISVILLE, KY. Particular attention paid to filling orders for plantation supplies. jy15

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY. HULL, BROTHERS, & CARLL, No. 497 Main street, 5 doors above Fourth.

WE have associated with us in the Binding department of our business Messrs. E. J. Carll and Charles W. Parsons, and enlarged our facilities for the manufacture of BLANK BOOKS and every description of BINDING. The well-known abilities of Mr. Carll, who for ten years had charge of the large establishment of Messrs. A. Decamp & Co. of New York, and for the last sixteen years the entire charge of the Binding establishment of Messrs. Morton & Griswold, render sufficient assurance that our work will be executed in a style equal to any house in the West, and surpassed by none. We shall always have on hand a well-selected stock of Blank Book and other Papers from the best manufacturers. HULL & BROTHER, n11 dtf Printers and Stereotypers.

WM. T. BARTLEY & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Second street, between Main and Water. s1

FRANK CARTER, Steamboat Agent, WHOLESALE GROCER, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, AND DEALER IN All Descriptions of Boat Stores, [illegible] MAIN STREET.

SOUTHWESTERN Seed and Agricultural Warehouse, 515 MAIN STREET.

REAPING AND MOWING MACHINES, THRESHING MACHINES, all sorts, WHEAT FANS, IMPROVED CULTIVATORS, GRAIN CRADLES, PATENT MOWING SCYTHES; Also 50 BUSHELS PRIME BUCKWHEAT FOR SEED. For sale by [f24] PITKIN BROTHERS.

JOHN T. MOORE ... O. S. MURRAY ... M. J. HADEN.

MOORE, MURRAY, & HADEN, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND General Commission Merchants, No. 548 Main street, between Second and Third, n5 LOUISVILLE, KY.

BREEDEN & GARNETT Lumber Merchants AND MANUFACTURERS OF SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, AND ALL KINDS OF WOOD WORK NECESSARY TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS.

HAVE now on hand the largest stock of SEASONED LUMBER in the city. ☞ Their PLANING MILL is at No. [illegible] Main street, Louisville, Ky. ☞ Printed bills of prices will be furnished upon application through the mail or otherwise.

J. S. MORRIS & SONS, WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 461 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets.

WE earnestly invite the attention of all prompt buyers to our stock, which is very heavy. Our facilities being unsurpassed East or West, we are determined to supply pure Drugs at less price than the same articles can be purchased from Eastern jobbers and brought out. Satisfaction in both quality and price guaranteed. f15 d&w

100 BAGS Black Pepper for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

50 BAGS Pimento for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

2,000 POUNDS Cinnamon Bark in mats for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

800 POUNDS prime Nutmegs for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

10,000 POUNDS prime Dutch Madder for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

4,000 POUNDS Indigo, soft and beautiful, for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

3,500 POUNDS pure Cream Tartar for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

400 POUNDS Honduras Cochineal for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

2,000 POUNDS Refined Camphor for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

3,000 POUNDS Extract Logwood for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

150 CANS Concentrated Lye for sale by f15 d&w J. S. MORRIS & SONS.

TRANSPORTATION.

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM R. R.

FOR ST. LOUIS, DETROIT, CHICAGO, And all Points West and Northwest.

The Great Western and Northwest Short Line Route VIA NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD.

FARE TO CHICAGO REDUCED TO $8. [illegible]

1859. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1859. CHANGE OF TIME.

Two Daily Trains to St. Louis and Cincinnati, and One Daily Train to Chicago.

On and after January 3d, 1859,

Passenger Trains will leave New Albany [illegible] as follows: [illegible]

Close connections are made at Mitchell with all the Passenger Trains on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad to and from St. Louis and Cincinnati. [illegible]

Baggage Checked Through.

BEING THIRTY MILES SHORTER than any other Route to St. Louis [illegible]

REMEMBER THE ROUTE.

New Albany and Salem Railroad.

[illegible] E. F. RICKER, Sup't. [illegible]

TO SHIPPERS

I AM prepared to give through contracts to [illegible] FRANK CARTER. [illegible]

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM PITTSBURG to PHILADELPHIA.

Trains Leave PITTSBURG as follows: Mail 7 A. M.; Fast Line [illegible] P. M.; Express Mail [illegible] P. M.

The Express Mail runs DAILY, the other two Sundays excepted, making DIRECT CONNECTIONS with all Trains from St. Louis, Mo.; Dubuque, Keokuk, and Iowa City, Iowa; Cairo, Rock Island and [illegible], Illinois; Lexington and Louisville, Ky.; Terre Haute, Indianapolis, and Lafayette, Indiana; Cincinnati, Columbus, Dayton, Toledo, Cleveland, Zanesville, Crestline, Massillon, and Wooster, Ohio; also Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota.

AND ALL POINTS IN THE WEST.

FARE AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE.

[illegible] PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, NEW YORK, AND ALL EASTERN CITIES. THOS. MOORE, Agent, Passenger Lines, Penn. a Railroad, Phila.

State of Kentucky, Jefferson county.

A STATEMENT

Respecting the Affairs of the American Express Company, made pursuant to an Act of the Legislature of the State of Kentucky, entitled "An Act concerning Express Companies," [illegible]

THE business of said company is managed and its property and effects are owned by seven Trustees, whose full names and proper places of residence are as follows: Henry Wells, of Aurora; John Butterfield, of Utica; William G. Fargo, of Buffalo; Johnston Livingston, of New York city; Alexander Holland, of New York city; [illegible] Livingston, of Livingston, [illegible] of New York; and Hamilton Spencer, of Bloomington, in the State of Illinois. The persons interested as *cestui que trust* are the stockholders of said Company who change from day to day and of whom it is impossible to make an accurate statement, owing to the frequency of such changes. The amount of capital stock of said Company is $750,000, of which there is employed in the business of said Company in the State of Kentucky, as nearly as the same can be ascertained, three thousand dollars.

And we, the subscribers, the Trustees above named, do hereby agree that legal process served upon any agent, manager, or officer of said Company in said State, shall be deemed and taken as good service upon said Company.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands this 18th day of November [illegible]. HENRY WELLS, JOHN BUTTERFIELD, WM. G. FARGO, [illegible], JOHNSTON LIVINGSTON, ALEX. HOLLAND.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of November [illegible]. [illegible] GIBBS, Commissioner for Kentucky, No. 5 Wall st.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, Jefferson County. } ss.

A STATEMENT respecting the affairs of the Adams Express Company, made pursuant to an act of the Legislature of Kentucky, entitled "An Act concerning Express Companies," [illegible]

The business of said Company is conducted by nine managers, whose full names and places of residence are as follows: Wm. B. Dinsmore, New York, N. Y.; Edwards S. Sanford, Philadelphia, Pa.; Samuel M. Shoemaker, Baltimore, Md.; George W. Cass, Pittsburg, Pa.; James M. Thompson, Springfield, Mass.; Clapp Spooner, Bridgeport, Conn.; Johnston Livingston, New York, N. Y.; John Bingham, Philadelphia, Pa.; Rufus B. Kinsley, Newport, R. I.

The persons interested as *cestui que trust* are the stockholders of said Company, who change from day to day and of whom it is impossible to make an accurate statement, owing to the frequency of such changes.

The amount of capital employed in the business of said Company in the State of Kentucky is as nearly as the same can be ascertained, ten thousand dollars.

And we, the subscribers, the Managers above named, do hereby agree that legal process served upon any authorized agent of said Company in said county shall be deemed and taken as good service upon said Company and ourselves.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands this 11th day of April, A. D. 1856.

Wm. B. Dinsmore, L. S. Rufus B. Kinsley, L. S.
E. S. Sanford " Jas. M. Thompson, "
S. M. Shoemaker, " Clapp Spooner, "
Geo. W. Cass, " John Bingham, "
Johnston Livingston, "

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA:

Be it remembered, that on this eleventh day of April, 1856, before me came George W. Cass, President of the Adams Express Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement is correct and true to the best of his knowledge and belief. G. W. CASS, Pres't.

CITY OF PITTSBURG, County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania. } ss.

Be it remembered that on the eleventh day of April, A. D. 1856, before me, Ch. McClure Hays, a Commissioner for the State of Kentucky in the State of Pennsylvania, duly authorized and appointed by the Governor of Kentucky, to take acknowledgments of deeds, &c., to be used or recorded therein, personally came Geo. W. Cass, who, being duly sworn according to law, saith that the facts set forth in the foregoing statement are true to the best of his knowledge and belief [illegible]. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year above written. CH. McCLURE HAYS, Com. for Kentucky in Pennsylvania.

The above and foregoing statement of the affairs of the "Adams Express Co." was produced to me in my office and filed. Witness my hand, this 24th day of April, 1856. apr25dtf CHAS. M. THRUSTON, Cl'k Jeff. Co., Ky.

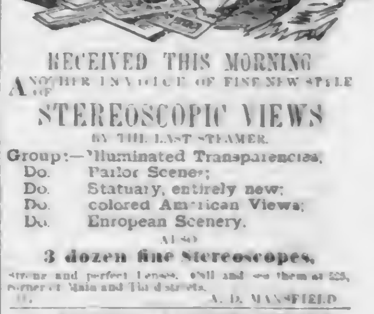
MERCHANT TAILORS.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

I. Z. STE[illegible] ... W. D. ARMSTRONG

STEVENS & ARMSTRONG, Main, bet. Fourth st., south side, over C. McCraw LOUISVILLE, KY.

EXPRESS!



RECEIVED THIS MORNING ANOTHER INVOICE OF FINE NEW STYLE **STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS** BY THE LAST STEAMER.

Group:—Illuminated Transparencies.
Do. Parlor Scenes;
Do. Statuary, entirely new;
Do. colored American Views;
Do. European Scenery.

ALSO **3 dozen fine Stereoscopes,** strong and perfect Lenses, [illegible] at 525, corner of Main and Third streets. A. D. MANSFIELD.

LADIES, ATTENTION! 2,000 YARDS RICHLY EMBROIDERED **JACONET BANDS**

At from 25 to 75 cents a yard;
Real Thread Lace Sets, $3 and upward;
" Guipure " " $1 "
" Valence " " $5 "
" Point " " $11 "

These are the cheapest Goods ever offered in this city, at CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS', [illegible] Fourth street.

SUGARHOUSE MOLASSES.—[illegible] bbls prime Sugarhouse Molasses received per steamer Eclipse and for sale by [f14] JNO. R. ALLEN.

MOLASSES.—[illegible] bbls prime Plantation Molasses received per steamer Eclipse and for sale by f16 JNO. R. ALLEN.

RICE.—[illegible] tierces prime Rice received per mail boat and for sale by JNO. R. ALLEN, f14 Main street.

BALTIMORE SIRUP.—25 hf bbls extra Baltimore Sirup; 40 (10-gallon) kegs do do; Received per mail-boat and for sale by f14 JNO. R. ALLEN.

GOLDEN SIRUP.—21 bbls Baltimore Golden Sirup in store and for sale by f15 JNO. R. ALLEN.

MOLASSES.—[illegible] bbls in cypress cooperage received per Diana and for sale by f15 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO., Wall st.

REFINED SUGAR.—100 bbls Crushed and Candy Sugar received per Henry Graff and for sale by f15 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

SUNDRIES.—[illegible] bales Banner Mill Sheetings; 8 cases Madras [illegible]; 25 hf chests Black Tea; 25 bbls Tar, large size; 25 kegs 10d Nails, &c.; 150 packages M. R. Raisins, whole, hf, and qr. boxes; 8 bbls prime Clover Seed; In store and for sale by CURD & HORD, f15 Sixth street, near Main.

RECEIVED.—[illegible] Line of Battle-Ship for February 18th, commencing the new story entitled the Maid of the Golden Mask, by Mrs. C. F. Gerry. Price, retail 5 cents per copy, wholesale 3 cents. Call early if you want a copy at F. MADDEN'S BOOKSTORE, f17 [illegible] Third street.

SUGAR.—123 hhds prime New Orleans Sugar landing from steamer Fanny Bullitt and for sale by f16 JNO. R. ALLEN.

300 BUSHELS prime Seed Oats; 200 bales do old do, for stock; In store and for sale low by PENTON & GLORE, f15 Fourth street, between Main and River.